
ADVANTEST®
ADVANTEST CORPORATION

*INSTRUCTION
MANUAL*
R3261/3361
*OPTION02
OPTION72*

MANUAL NUMBER OEA00 9110

Before reselling to other corporations or re-exporting to other countries, you are required to obtain permission from both the Japanese Government under its Export Control Act and the U.S. Government under its Export Control Law.

PREFACE

This manual consists of the following two parts:

Part 1: Description on the option 02 RS-232C Interface

Part 2: Description on the option 72 Printer Output

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part 1

1. GENERAL	1-1
2. SPECIFICATIONS	2-1
3. CONNECTION	3-1
3.1 Connection with the Controller	3-1
4. COMMUNICATION PORT SETTING	4-1
4.1 Communication Port Setting Menu	4-1
4.2 Explanation on the Communication Port Setting Menu	4-2
4.3 Screen Display Examples	4-3
5. MESSAGE FORMAT	5-1
6. DIFFERENCE FROM THE GPIB REMOTE PROGRAMMING ..	6-1
7. SAMPLE PROGRAMS	7-1
7.1 Option 02 Usage	7-1
7.2 Trace Data I/O	7-5
7.3 Status Byte Read-out Function	7-8
7.4 Panel Key Lock Function	7-10
8. DATA COMMUNICATION ERROR	8-1
APPENDIX 1	A1-1
A1.1 Control Character Code List	A1-1
A1.2 HP-BASIC Sample Programs	A1-2
A1.3 Exception Processing	A1-4

Part 2

1. GENERAL	1-1
2. CONNECTION WITH THE PRINTER	2-1
3. PRINTER ADDRESS SETTING	3-1
4. PRINTER OUTPUT SETTING	4-1
4.1 Printer Output Setting Menu	4-1
4.2 Explanation on the Printer Output Setting Menu	4-2
4.3 Printer Output Example	4-3

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

No.	Title	Page
Part 1		
3-1	Personal Computer Connection	3-1
3-2	R3261/3361 RS-232C Communication Port	3-2
3-3	Cable Connection	3-2
4-1	Option Select Menu	4-3
4-2	Baud Rate Setting Menu	4-3
4-3	Data Length Setting Menu	4-4
4-4	Stop Bit Setting Screen	4-4
4-5	Parity Setting Menu	4-5
4-6	Flow Control Setting Menu	4-5
4-7	Interval Setting Menu	4-6
4-8	Screen of the Communication Port in Open state	4-6
4-9	Screen of the Communication Port in Closed state	4-7
Part 2		
2-1	Connection between the R3261/3361 and the Printer	2-1
3-1	Dip Switch for Address Setting	3-1
4-1	Print in Normal Size	4-3
4-2	Print in Half Size	4-3

LIST OF TABLES

<u>No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
Part 1		
7-1	Status Byte Control Codes	7-8
7-2	Status Byte Information	7-8
7-3	Panel Lock Code	7-10
Part 2		
1-1	Printer which can be connected	1-1

Part 1

**Option 02
RS-232C Interface**

1. GENERAL

A controller such as a personal computer having no GPIB interface can also offer a simple measurement system, using the option 02 (RS-232C interface).

Remote control which is normally carried out, using the GPIB interface, can also be obtained, using the option 02 (RS-232C interface).

(1) Compatibility with the GPIB remote control codes:

The control codes which can be used by the option 02 are identical to the GPIB codes of the R3261/3361, excluding some of the codes/functions inherent to the GPIB.

Note1: See the R3261/3361 Instruction Manual (Section 7.3 GPIB Code List).

- Talker/Listner codes can be used as they are.
- Header information related to the Talker request is compatible.
- The output format is also compatible.

Note2: See Chapter 6 of this manual "Difference from the GPIB Remote Programming".

- Different from the R3261/3361 GPIB codes in some points.

(2) Functions which can externally be controlled

The following functions can be controlled with the option 02:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| ① Measurement condition setting: | Conditions entry through panel key operation |
| ② Set states output: | Set states and data call |
| ③ I/O of measurement data: | Screen trace data write-in and read-out |
| ④ Status output: | Data on the current instrument status can be read output in the same way as the GPIB status byte. |

MEMO



A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a dashed border, intended for writing the memo content.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Transfer speed (baud rate)

The following six speed modes can be selected.

- ① 19200 bps
- ② **9600(Default)**
- ③ 4800
- ④ 2400
- ⑤ 1200
- ⑥ 600

(2) Data length

The following two modes can be selected.

- ① **7-bit(Default)**
- ② 8-bit

(3) Stop bit

The following three modes can be selected.

- ① **1 bit (Default)**
- ② 1.5 bit
- ③ 2 bit

(4) Parity bit

The following three modes can be selected.

- ① **None(Default)**
- ② Odd parity
- ③ Even parity

(5) Communication

Semi-double type

(6) Data flow control

The handshake type of the communication with the controller is specified. The following two modes can be selected according to the controller communication port function.

- ① **Hard Y-art handshake(Default)**
The RS-232C transmits no data while the transmitter DSR line is kept low. While the R3261/3361 DTR line is kept low, no transmission data is accepted.
- ② **Xon/Xoff handshake**
Once the Xoff character is received through the data line, the transmitter transmits no data until the Xon character is received. In case the R3261/3361 cannot receive a data, the Xoff character is transmitted to indicate that no data can be accepted. When the R3261/3361 has become capable of receiving data, the Xon character is promptly transmitted.

- (7) Characters between transmitting interval
When transmitting data from the R3261/3361, a time interval can be set between characters so as to reduce the load at the controller. The following five modes can be selected.
- ① **0(Default)**
 - ② 1.0 milli sec.
 - ③ 2.5 milli sec.
 - ④ 4.0 milli sec.
 - ⑤ 5.5 milli sec.
- (8) Communication procedure
The communication is of non-protocol type, using carriage return (CR) and line feed (LF) as the message delimiters.
Note: A special method is used for binary output of waveform data. (See Chapter 5 "Extended Format").
- (9) Transfer error control
No transfer error control is executed in the R3261/3361. If necessary, carry out the control with the controller.
- (10) Communication port opening
The R3261/3361 RS-232C port are opened when power is turned ON. The parameters required for communication are held in memory. The port is opened with the values which have been set through the panel/soft key operation. When shipped from the factory, the values are set to the default.
The communication port can forcibly be closed through the panel/soft key operation.

3. CONNECTION

3.1 Connection with the Controller

Use the RS-232C cable for connecting the R3261/3361 with the controller.

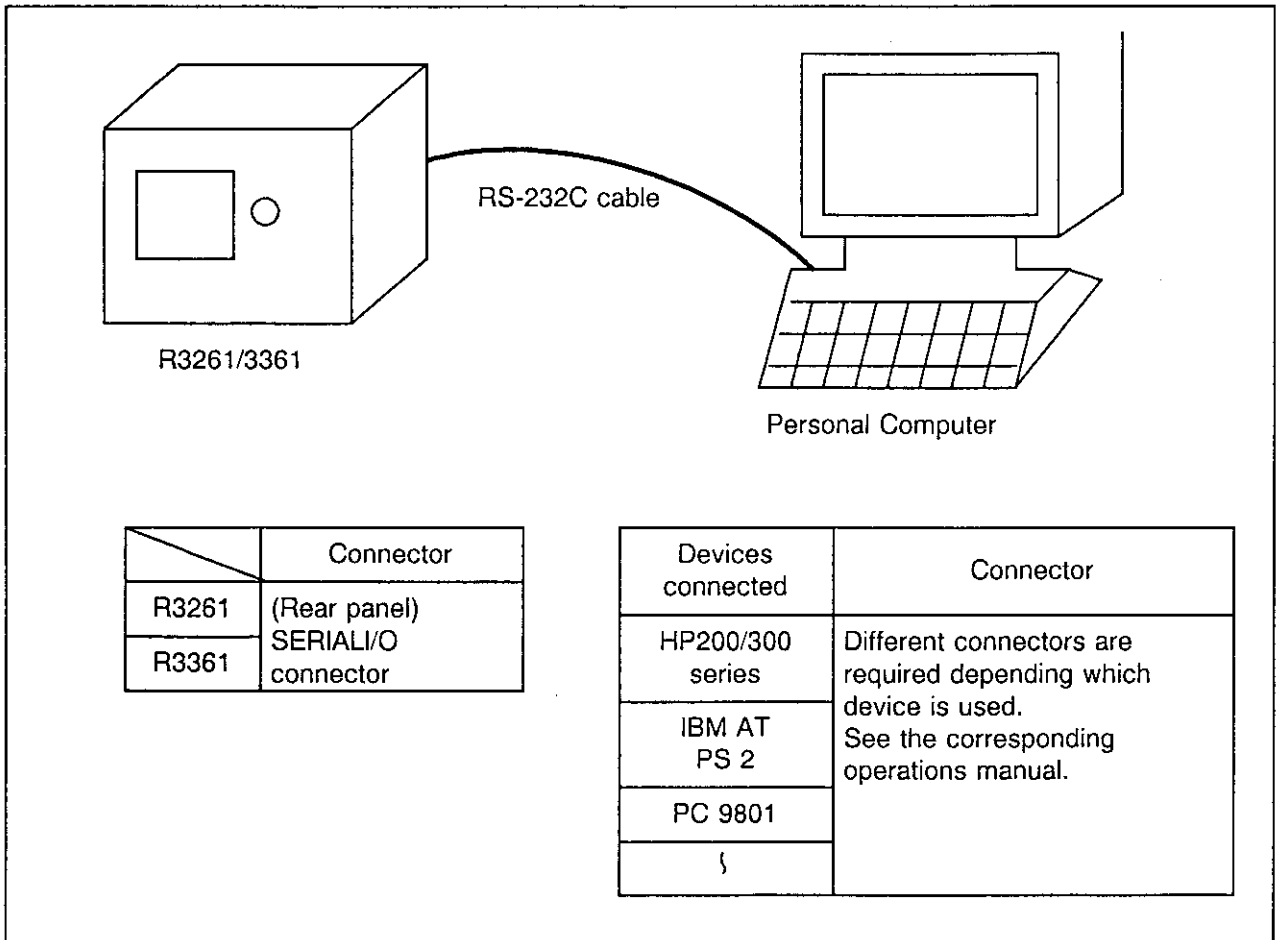


Figure 3-1 Personal Computer Connection

**R3261/3361
OPTION 02/72
INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

3.1 Connection with the Controller

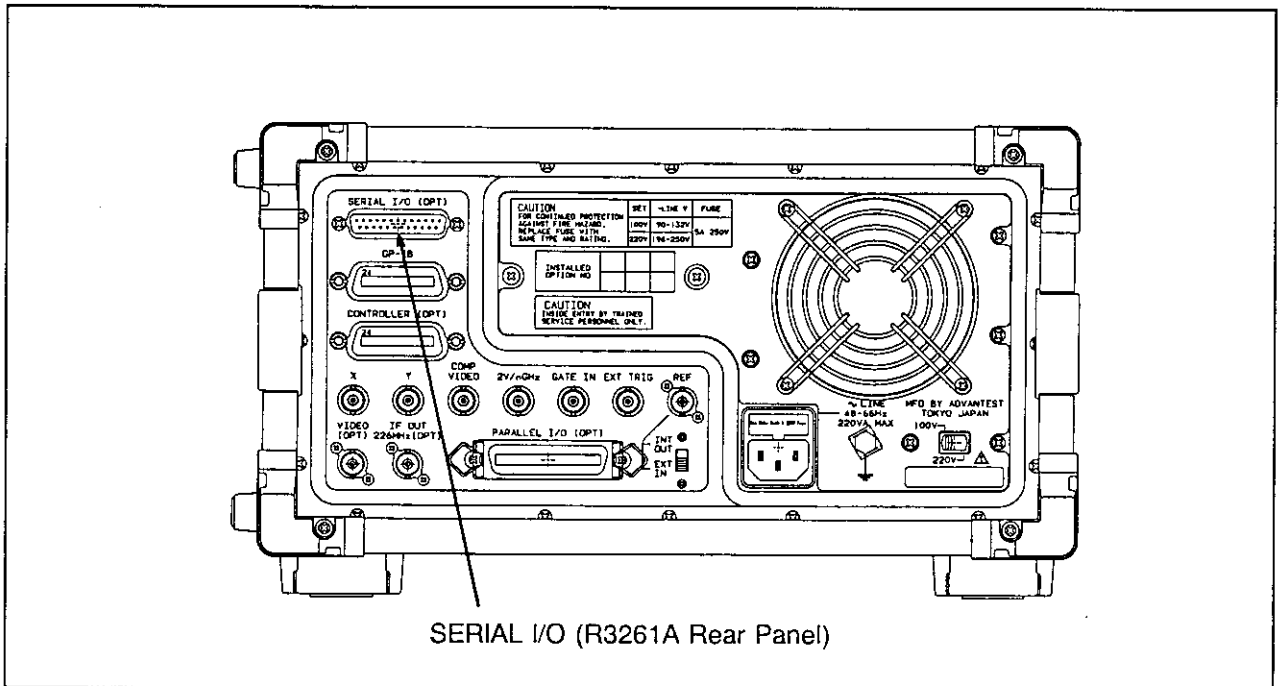


Figure 3-2 R3261/3361 RS-232C Communication Port

This section describes the connection with the controller (such as a personal computer) for using the option 02. The signal lines here are named according to the EIA (Electric Industries Association).

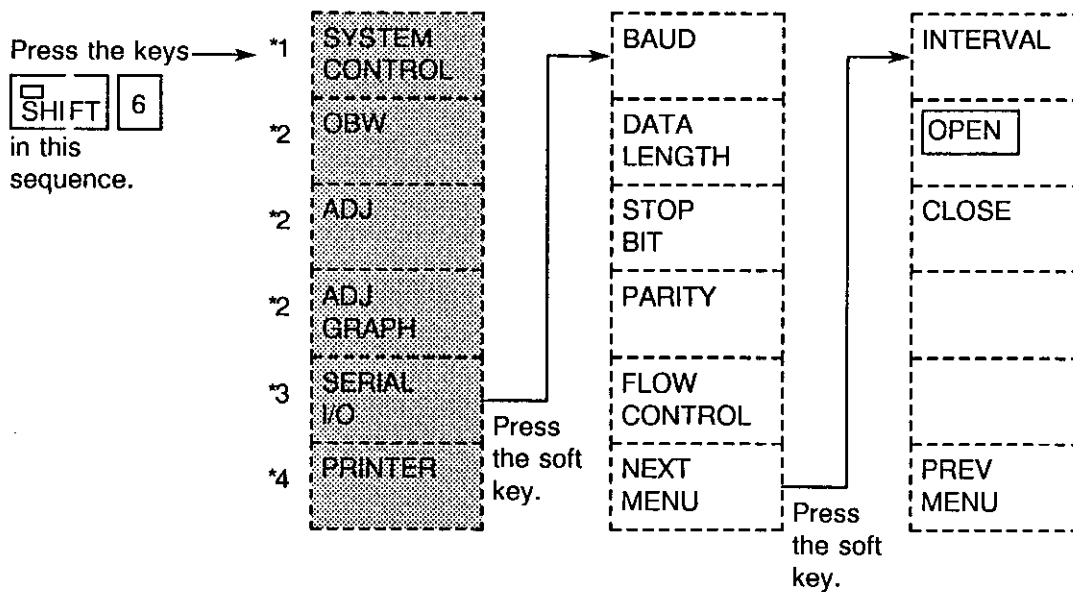
<u>R3261/3361 (25-pin D-SUB)</u>		<u>Host (25-pin D-SUB)</u>	
Pin No.	Signal name	Signal name	Pin No.
2	BA (TXD)	(RXD) BB	3
3	BB (RXD)	(TXD) BA	2
4	CA (RTS)	(DCD) CF	8
8	CF (DCD)	(RTS) CA	4
5	CB (CTS)	(DTR) CD	20
6	CC (DSR)	(CTS) CB	5
20	CD (DTR)	(DSR) CC	6
7	AB (GND)	(GND) AB	7

Figure 3-3 Cable Connection

4. COMMUNICATION PORT SETTING

4.1 Communication Port Setting Menu

Set the communication parameters required for the option 02 as follows.



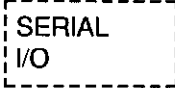


For the above menu, see the explanation given in Section 4.2.

- *1: Indicated if option 15 is mounted.
- *2: Indicated if option 04 is mounted.
- *3: Indicated if option 02 is mounted.
- *4: Indicated if option 72 is mounted.


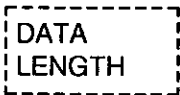

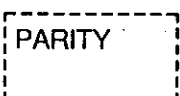
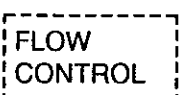
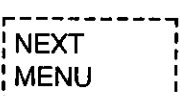
4.2 Explanation on the Communication Port Setting Menu

Specify the RS-232C communication parameters through the window screen.

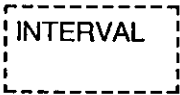

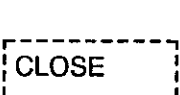
Press the    in this sequence.

Menu 1 appears for communication port setting with various parameters.

Menu 1

	Specifies the transfer speed (baud rate). See Figure 4-2
	Specifies the data length. See Figure 4-3 .
	Specifies the stop bit length. See Figure 4-4 .
	Specifies the parity bit type. See Figure 4-5 .
	Specifies the data flow control. See Figure 4-6 .
	Menu 2 appears. See Figure 4-7

Menu 2

	Specifies the transmission time interval between characters transmitted from the R3261/3361. See Figure 4-7
	Indicates that the communication port is Open when the frame is on the screen. The Closed stage can be switched to the Open state. See Figure 4-8 .
	Indicates that the communication port is in the Closed state when the frame is on the screen. The Open state can be switched to the Closed state. See Figure 4-9 .

4.3 Screen Display Examples

(1) Option select menu

Press the **SHIFT** **6** in this sequence.

Then the option select menu illustrated in Figure 4-1 will appear

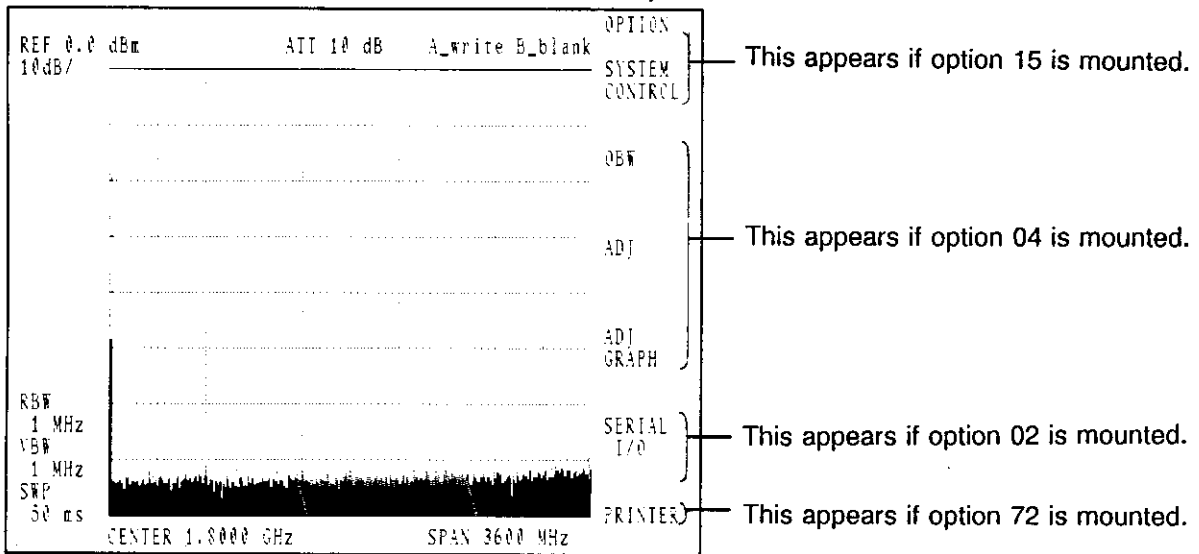


Figure 4-1 Option Select Menu

(2) Baud rate setting screen

Press the **SHIFT** **6** **SERIAL I/O** **BAUD** in this sequence.

Then the menu illustrated in Figure 4-2 will appear.

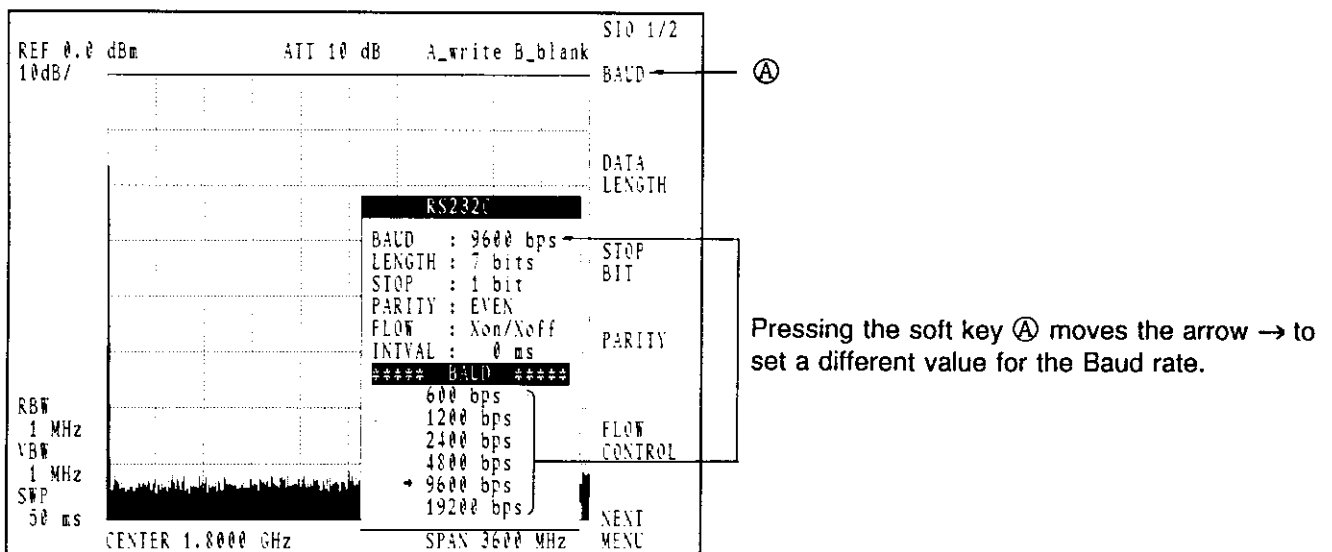


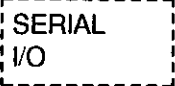
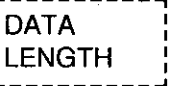
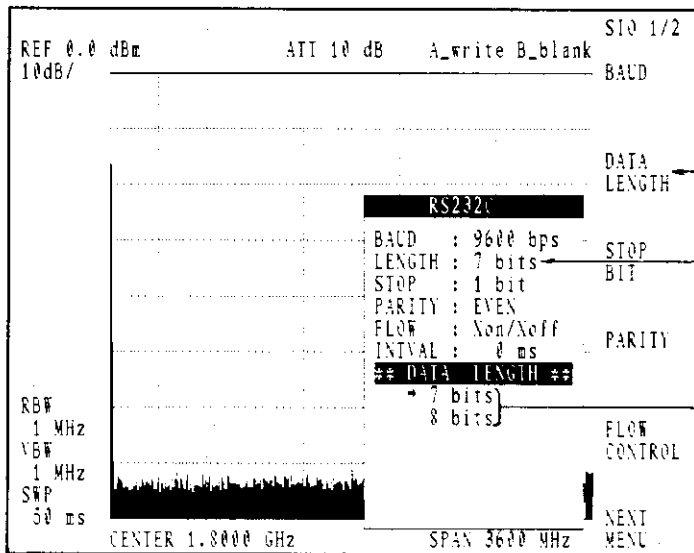


Figure 4-2 Baud Rate Setting Menu

(3) Data Length Setting Screen

Press the     in this sequence.

Then the menu illustrated in Figure 4-3 will appear.



Ⓑ

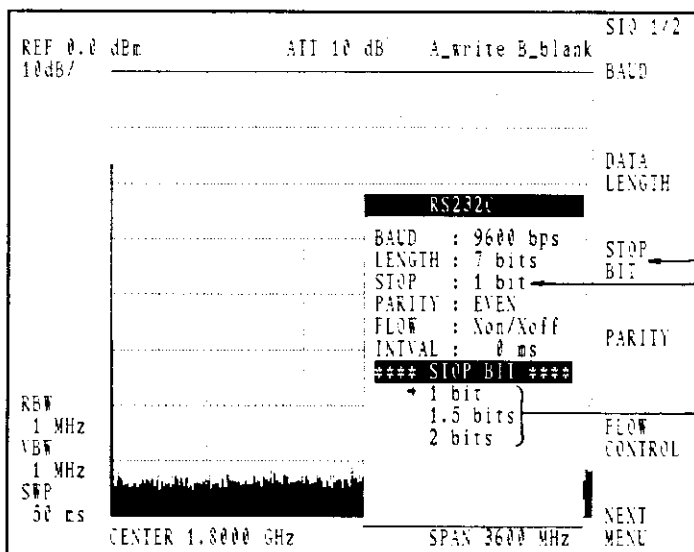
Pressing the soft key Ⓑ moves the arrow → to set a different value for the Data length.

Figure 4-3 Data Length Setting Menu

(4) Stop Bit Setting Screen

Press the     in this sequence.

Then the menu illustrated in Figure 4-4 will appear.



Ⓒ

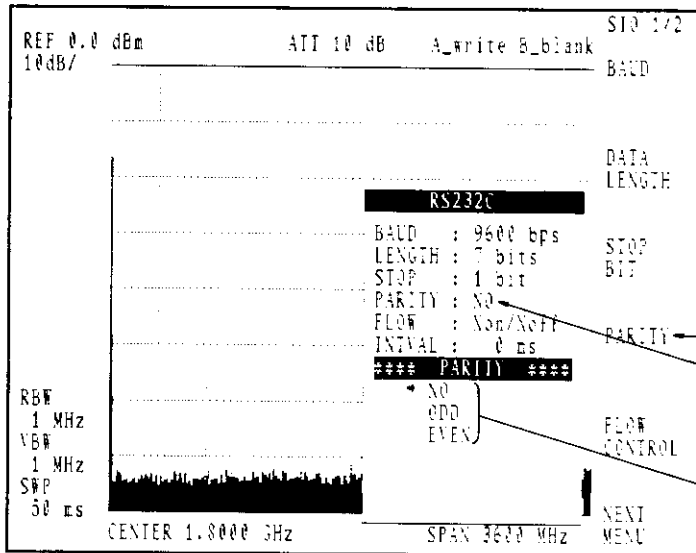
Pressing the soft key Ⓒ moves the arrow → to set a different value for the Stop bit.

Figure 4-4 Stop Bit Setting Screen

(5) Parity Setting Screen

Press the **SHIFT** **6** **SERIAL I/O** **PARITY** in this sequence.

Then the menu illustrated in Figure 4-5 will appear.



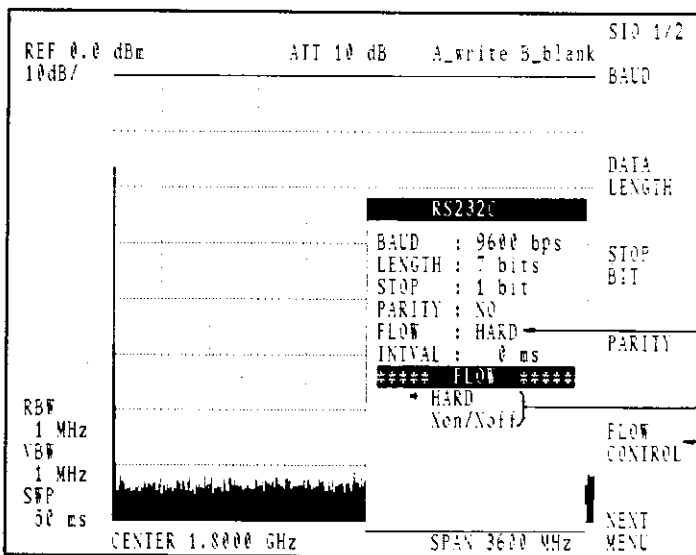
Pressing the soft key **D** moves the arrow → to set a different value for the Parity.

Figure 4-5 Parity Setting Menu

(6) Flow Control Setting Screen

Press the **SHIFT** **6** **SERIAL I/O** **FLOW CONTROL** in this sequence.

Then the menu illustrated in Figure 4-6 will appear.



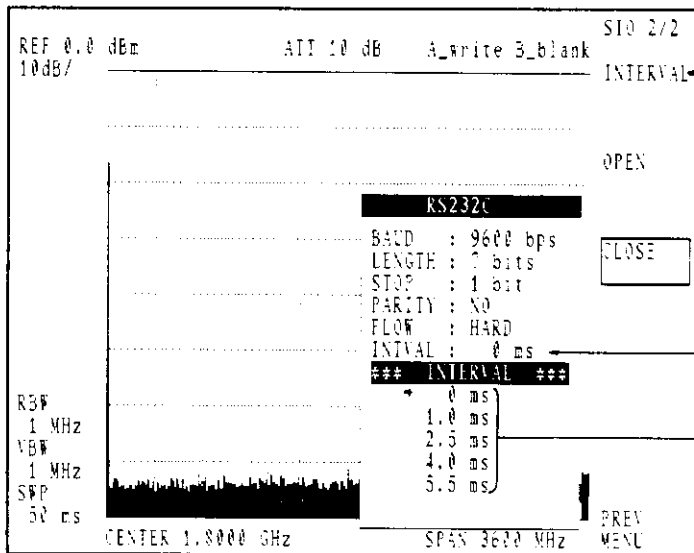
Pressing the soft key **E** moves the arrow → to set a different value for the Flow control.

Figure 4-6 Flow Control Setting Menu

(7) Interval Setting Screen

Press the **SHIFT** **6** **SERIAL I/O** **NEXT MENU** **INTERVAL** in this sequence.

Then the menu illustrated in Figure 4-7 will appear.



Pressing the soft key **F** moves the arrow \rightarrow to set a different value for the Interval.

Figure 4-7 Interval Setting Menu

(8) Communication Port Open/Close Setting Screen

Press the **SHIFT** **6** **SERIAL I/O** **NEXT MENU** in this sequence.

Then press the **OPEN** to open or press the **CLOSE** to close the communication port. When the setting is ready, the frame will appear.

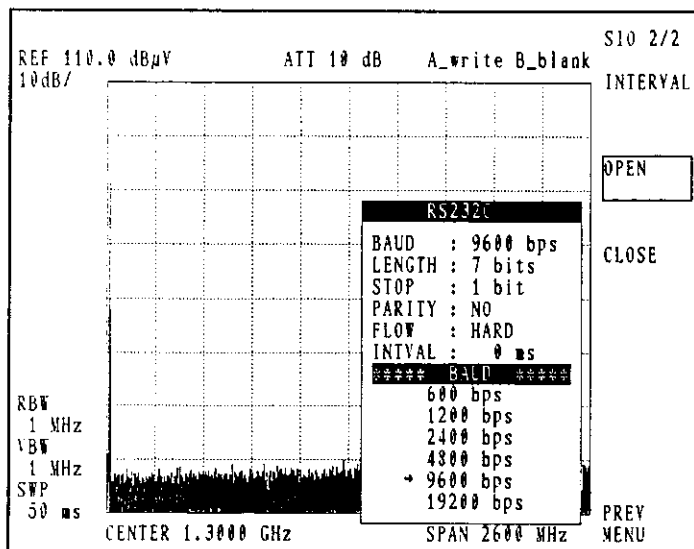


Figure 4-8 Screen of the Communication Port in Open state

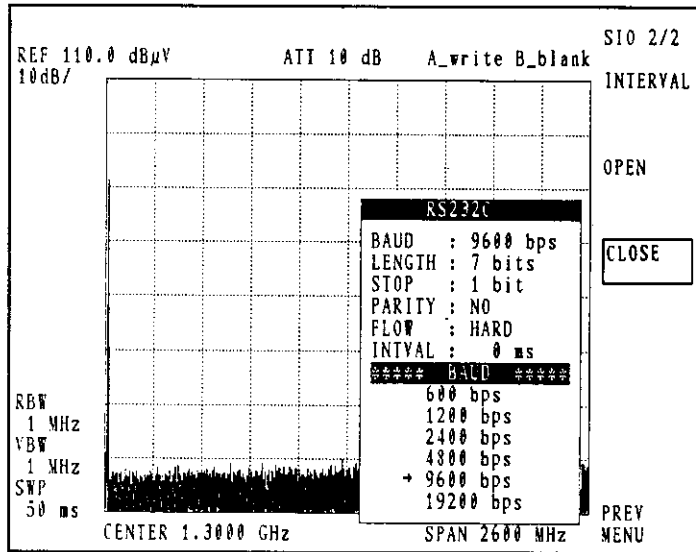


Figure 4-9 Screen of the Communication Port in Closed state

MEMO

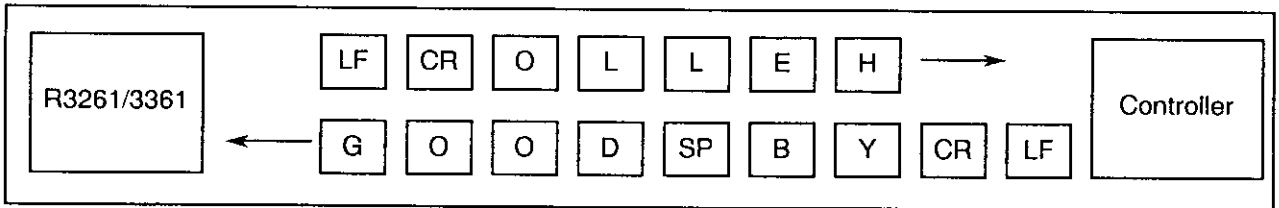


A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a dashed border, intended for writing the memo's content.

5. MESSAGE FORMAT

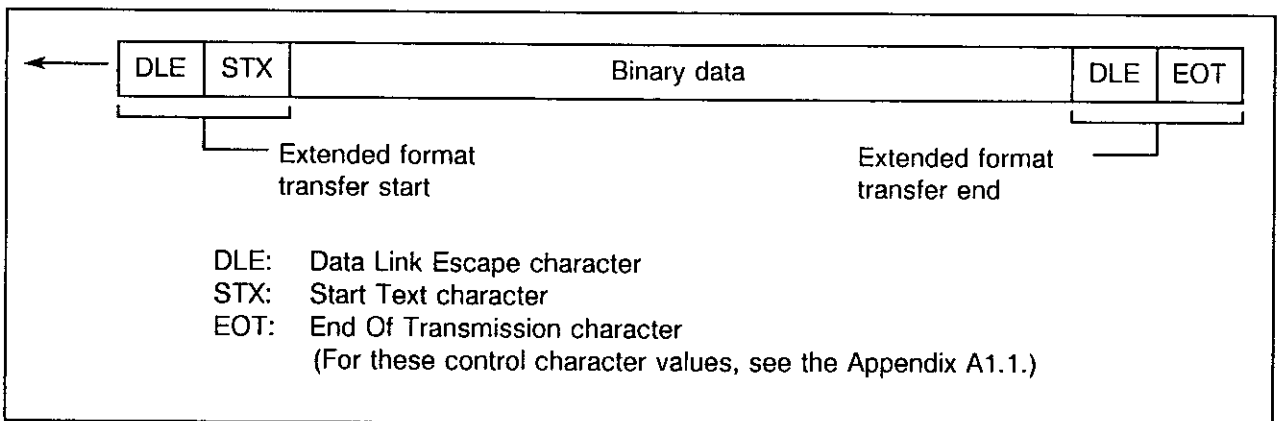
A message transferred between the controller and the R3261/3361 is basically an ASCII code characters string terminated by the carriage return (CR) and the line feed (LF) codes.

Basic Format



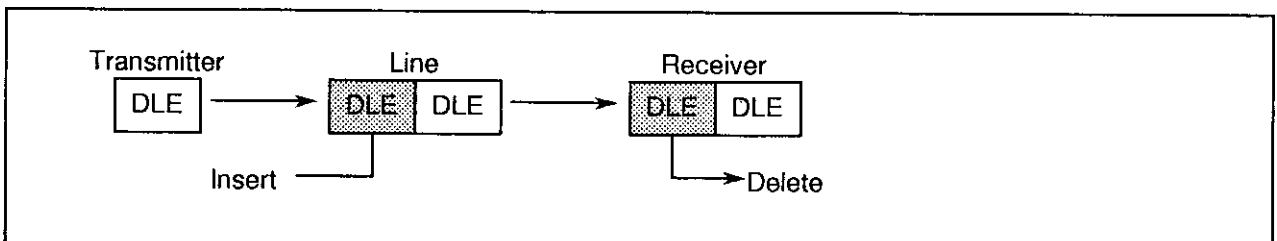
The waveform data binary format is transferred in the extended transfer format which can transparently transfer the 8-bit data.

Extended Format



If the binary data exist a data with an identical code as the DLE character, a message end may be detected. To cope with this, an additional DLE character is inserted when transmitting the data and the additional DLE character is ignored when the data is received. With this operation, the data transparency is kept.

(Source data handling is explained in the examples 14 and 15 given in the Section 6.1 .)



MEMO



A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a thin black border. This area is intended for writing the memo's content.

6. DIFFERENCE FROM THE GPIB REMOTE PROGRAMMING

Note that the Option 02 is in some points different from the GPIB remote programming.

(1) Command code

- ① GPIB commands which are not supported
 - ① Delimiter control: DL0, DL1, DL2, DL3, DL4
 - ② SRQ interrupt: S0, S1
- ② Additional commands for the RS-232C remote programming
 - ① Panel key lock control: KLK, KUK
 - ② Status byte read out: PLL?

(2) Panel control

When executing the RS-232C remote programming, the following specifications are set. (When executing the GPIB remote programming, the remote lamp on the panel is kept ON and the local operation is automatically inhibited.)

- ① The remote lamp will not light.
- ② The local operation will not be inhibited unless the KLK command is transmitted.
- ③ When the local operation is inhibited with the KLK command, it will not automatically released unless the KLK command is issued.
- ④ In case the KLK command has been issued to inhibit local operation and the processing is completed without releasing, the release can be executed with the LCL key or the IP key.

MEMO



A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a dashed border, intended for writing the memo content.

7. SAMPLE PROGRAMS

This chapter explains how to use the the option 02 through several examples. The programs shown below all use the "Microsoft Quick BASIC" produced by the Micro Soft Co., Ltd.

The sample program using the "HP-BASIC" of Heulette Packard are given in the Appendix A1.2. The programs explained in the R3261/3361 instruction Manual Section 7.4 have been rewritten for this function in this chapter. For the program functions, see the R3261/3361 instruction Manual.

7.1 Option 02 Usage

- Sample Program - 1

Example 1: Execute R3261/3361 master reset and turn CAL signal (30MHz) ON.

The RS-232C port is opened with specifications of 9600 baud; No parity; Data length 8-bit; Stop bit 1; Binary mode (Xon/Xoff control excluded); Line feed character insert mode; and DSR line monitor time out in 6 seconds.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1
PRINT #1, "IP"
PRINT #1, "CLN"
END
```

Example 2: Set the start frequency to 300kHz and the stop frequency to 800kHz, and add 50kHz of the frequency offset.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1
PRINT #1, "FA300KZ"
PRINT #1, "FB800KZ"
PRINT #1, "FON50KZ"
END
```

Example 3: Set the reference level to -20dBm (5dB/div), the resolution bandwidth to 100kHz, and the detector mode to posi.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1
PRINT #1, "RE-20DB"           'Reference level -20dBm
PRINT #1, "DD5DB"           '5dB/div
PRINT #1, "RR100KZ"         'Resolution bandwidth 100kHz
PRINT #1, "DTP"             'Detector mode is set to posi.
END
```

Example 4: Set the trigger mode to Single and the sweep time to 2 seconds; and set the marker at the maximum level at each sweep.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "SI"
PRINT #1, "SW2SC"

SWLOOP:
  PRINT #1, "S2"           'Status byte clear
  PRINT #1, "SR"         'Sweep start
  DO                     'Waiting for the Sweep end
    PRINT #1, "PLL?"
    INPUT #1, A$
    SB = VAL(A$)
  LOOP UNTIL SB AND &H4
  PRINT #1, "PS"         'The marker peak search
GOTO SWLOOP
END
```

Example 5: Set MAX HOLD (A).

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "AM"           'Direct setting
' Or
'PRINT #1, "TA SF4"     'Set through soft key operation
END
```

Example 6: Recall. (for channel 5)

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "RN"           'Switch to the Normal mode.
PRINT #1, "RC 5 SF1"     'Recall channel 5.
' Or
'PRINT #1, "RF"         'Switch to Fast mode
'PRINT #1, "RC 5"       'Recall channel 5.
END
```

Example 7: Output the marker frequency (integer).

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "HDO"         'Header output suppress
PRINT #1, "MF?"
INPUT #1, A$
B = VAL(A$)             'Result example B = 1700000
END
```


Example 8: Output the center frequency (character string).

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "HD1"           'Header output start
PRINT #1, "CF?"
INPUT #1, A$              'Result example A$ = CF 0000001.8000E + 9

END
```

Example 9: Output the unit status.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "UN?"
INPUT #1, A               'Result example A = 2 (dBuv)

END
```

Example 10: Output the marker frequency and the level at once.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "HD0"           'Header output suppress
PRINT #1, "MFL?"
INPUT #1, Mf$, M1$
Mff = VAL(Mf$)            'Result example Mff = 1.8E + 0.9 M11 = -73.02
M11 = VAL(M1$)
END
```

Example 11: Output the frequency offset.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "HD0"           'Header output suppress
PRINT #1, "FO?"
INPUT #1, On$, Frq$
Frqq = VAL(frqq$)        'Result example On$ = 1 Frqq = 1200000
END
```

Example 12: Using the NEXT PEAK, read 10 peak levels from the signal second peak level.

```
DIM M1$(9), M11(9)
PEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

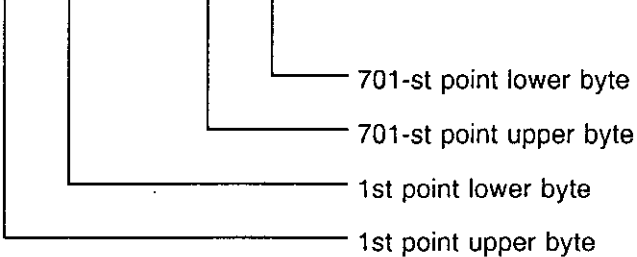
PRINT #1, "PS"
FOR I = 0 TO 9
  PRINT #1, "NXP"
  PRINT #1, "ML?"
  INPUT #1, M1$(I)
  M11(I) = VAL(M1$(I))
NEXT I
      'Result example M11(1) = -55.01 M11(2) = -58.22...M11(9) = -70.26
END
```

7.2 Trace Data I/O

The trace data I/O is basically identical in the GPIB. The ASCII formats including the data value contents, message format, delimiter (fixed), and transfer count are all of equivalent specifications.

The binary formats for the data value, data transfer priority, and the data byte count are all the same, excluding that a control character is inserted at the beginning and the end of each data. (See Chapter 5 Extended Format .) If a data item identical to the DLE character is found among the data items, it should be noted that an additional DLE character has been inserted.

Note: The data length should be set to 8 bits. If a 7-bit data is transferred, the uppermost bit of the waveform data will be missing and a correct waveform may not be created.

I/O	Description									
ASCII format	<p>DDDD CR LF</p> <p>1-point data</p> <p>4-byte data without a header</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="655 992 1353 1155"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Input code</th> <th>Output code</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Memory A</td> <td>TAA</td> <td>TAA?</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Memory B</td> <td>TAB</td> <td>TAB?</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Input code	Output code	Memory A	TAA	TAA?	Memory B	TAB	TAB?
	Input code	Output code								
Memory A	TAA	TAA?								
Memory B	TAB	TAB?								
Binary format	<p>DLE STX DD DD DD DD DLE EOT</p>  <p>701-st point lower byte 701-st point upper byte 1st point lower byte 1st point upper byte</p> <p>A 1-point data is divided into two bytes: the upper and lower of a binary value when transferred.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="655 1659 1353 1823"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Input code</th> <th>Output code</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Memory A</td> <td>TBA</td> <td>TBA?</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Memory B</td> <td>TBB</td> <td>TBB?</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Input code	Output code	Memory A	TBA	TBA?	Memory B	TBB	TBB?
	Input code	Output code								
Memory A	TBA	TBA?								
Memory B	TBB	TBB?								

- Sample Program - 2

Example 13: Output data from Memory A in ASCII.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,n,8,1,DS2000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1
DIM TR$(700)                                '701 variables are fetched.

PRINT #1, "TAA?"                            'Memory A is set to ASCII.
FOR I = 0 TO 700                            'Data fetch is repeated 701 times.
    INPUT #1, TR$(I)
NEXT I
END
'Result example TR$(0)=0208 TR$(1)=0210 .... TR$(699)=0311 TR$(700)=0298
```

Example 14: Output data from Memory B in Binary.

The RS-232C port is opened in Binary mode; and in mode without Line feed character insert.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,n,8,1,DS6000" FOR RANDOM AS #1

DIM TR$(1500)
CONST DLE = 16, STX = 2, EOT = 4
CONST CR = 13, LF = 10                    'Control character definition

DLEflag = 0                              'Flag for DLE character delete control
i = 3
PRINT #1, "TBB?; CHR$(CR); CHR$(LF);
TR$(1) = INPUT$(1, #1)                   'DLE character received
TR$(2) = INPUT$(1, #1)                   'STX character received
TR$(3) = INPUT$(1, #1)                   '1st byte of Waveform data received
DO
    IF (DLEflag = 0) THEN                'DLE character inserted in the
        IF (TR$(i) = CHR$(DLE)) THEN DLEflag = 1 'waveform data is detected.
    ELSE
        IF (TR$(i) = CHR$(DLE)) THEN
            DLEflag = 0                    'The additional DLE character is deleted.
            i = i - 1
        ELSE
            IF (TR$(i) <> CHR$(EOT)) THEN DLEflag = 0
        END IF
    END IF
    i = i + 1
    TR$(i) = INPUT$(1, #1)                'Waveform data fetch
LOOP WHILE (NOT ((DLEflag = 1) AND (TR$(i) = CHR$(EOT)))) 'Data end detected
                                           'DLE character + EOT character

STOP
END
```

Example 15: Input data from Memory A in ASCII.

```
DIM TR$(700)
OPEN "COM1:9600,n,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "TAB"
FOR I = 0 TO 700
    PRINT #1, TR$(I)
    FOR J = 0 TO 10
        NEXT J
    NEXT I

STOP
END
```

'It is assumed that a waveform data is set in
'TR\$().

'Processing time is required in SPA.

Note: Set the VIEW mode before executing the program. After execution press the VIEW key again to check the results of entry

Example 16: Input data from memory B in Binary.

The RS-232C port is opened in Binary mode and in mode without Line feed character insert.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,n,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

DIM TR$(1500)
CONST DLE = 16, STX = 2, EOT = 4
CONST CR = 13, LF = 10

PRINT #1, "TBB; CHR$(CR); CHR$(LF);"
PRINT #1, CHR$(DLE); CHR$(STX);
FOR J = 0 TO 1401
    IF (TR$(J) = CHR$(DLE)) THEN
        PRINT #1, CHR$(DLE);
        FOR K = 0 TO 1
            NEXT K
        END IF
    PRINT #1, TR$(J);
    FOR K = 0 TO 1
        NEXT K
NEXT J
PRINT #1, CHR$(DLE); CHR$(EOT);

STOP
END
```

'Control character definition

'It is assumed that a data has been set in the
'TR\$() by "TBA?" or "TBB?".

'Wait time is required to assure the
'processing time in SPA.

'Wait time is required to assure the
'processing time in SPA.

Note: Set the VIEW mode before executing the program. After execution, press the VIEW key again to check the results of entry.

7.3 Status Byte Read-out Function

The remote programming functions "Service Request (SRQ)" and "Status Byte" are inherent to the GPIB and not supported by any options. However, for normal message exchange, the status byte data read-out function has been added.

The status byte data is transmitted from the R3261/3361 as a 2-byte ASCII data with the Status byte read-out code (PLL?).

Table 7-1 Status Byte Control Codes

Message code	Description
PLL?	Request for read the status byte information from the R3261/3361.
S2	The R3261/3361 status byte is cleared. (Same as the GPIB code)

Table 7-2 Status Byte Information

Bit	Decimal	Description
0	1	Turns ON when UNCAL has occurred.
1	2	Turns ON when a calibration is complete.
2	4	Turns ON when a sweep is complete.
3	8	Turns ON when the average count is reached.
4	16	Undefined
5	32	Turns ON when an error is detected in the message code of this function.
6	64	Undefined
7	128	Undefined

An example of Status byte

Sweep complete and the Average count reached. (4 + 8 = 12)

31	32	CR	LF
----	----	----	----

- Sample Program - 3

Example 17: Read-out the average count end.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "S2"                'The status byte is cleared.
PRINT #1, "AG 30GZ"          'Average A start (30 times)
SW:
  PRINT #1, "PLL?"           'The Status byte is read out.
  INPUT #1, StatusByte$
  SB = VAL(StatusByte$)
  IF (SB AND &H8) = 0 THEN GOTO SW 'The loop completion is indicated until bit 3
PRINT #1, "AVG. END"         'turns ON.
END
```

Example 18: Read out the single sweep end with an interval.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "SI"                'Set to Single
PRINT #1, "S2"                'The status byte is cleared.
PRINT #1, "SR"                'Sweep start
SW:
  PRINT #1, "PLL?"           'The status byte is read out.
  INPUT #1, StatusByte$
  SB = VAL(StatusByte$)
  IF (SB AND &H4) = 0 THEN GOTO SW 'The loop completion is indicated until bit 2
PRINT #1, "SWEEP END"        turns ON.
END
```

Example 19 shows data flow control set to "Xon/Xoff" control.
This is a modification of Example 10.

Example 19: Output the marker frequency and the level at once. (Xon/Xoff CONTROL)

The RS-232C port is opened with specifications of 9600 baud; No parity; Data length 8-bit; Stop bit 1; ASCII mode (Xon/Xoff control); Line feed character insert mode; and DSR line monitor time out in 6 seconds.

```
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,ASC,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1

PRINT #1, "HD0"                'Header output suppress
PRINT #1, "MFL?"
INPUT #1, Mf$, M1$
Mff = VAL(Mf$)                 'Result example  Mff = 1.8E+09  M11 = -73.02
M11 = VAL(M1$)
END
```

7.4 Panel Key Lock Function

The GPIB remote control is equipped with the Remote/Local Enable as a function to inhibit local operation. The option 02 can also execute the equivalent function through message transmission.

This function is called Panel Lock. Once Panel Lock of the R3261/3361 is requested from the controller, the panel key operation or knob operation are ignored until a Panel Unlock message or a Local message (LC) is transmitted. Note that the panel lock state can also be released by one of the following operations:

- Press the LCL key.
- Press the IP key.
- Turn OFF the R3261/3361 power.

In the Panel Lock state, soft menu on the screen cannot be modified with commands from the controller.

Table 7-3 Panel Lock Code

Message code	Description
KLK	The R3261/3361 panel key operation is inhibited. (Panel Lock)
KUK	The R3261/3361 panel key operation is enabled. (Panel Unlock)

8. DATA COMMUNICATION ERROR

While executing the RS-232C remote programming, a communication error such as Time Out may be caused in the controller due to some reason. In such a case, the remote operation can be issued by re-transmitting the last message (command) which has been transmitted from the controller.

This section describes a simple recovery program using the "Quick BASIC" of Micro Soft Co., Ltd.

- Sample program - 4

Example 20: Using the NEXT PEAK, read 10 peak levels from the signal second peak level. (This is a combination of Example 12 and a communication error processing.)

```
CONST CommTimeOut = 24           'Time Out error No.
CONST CommBuffOver = 69         'Buffer over flow error No.

DIM M1$(9), M11(9)
OPEN "COM1:9600,N,8,1,DS6000,LF" FOR RANDOM AS #1
ON ERROR GOTO Commerror

PRINT #1, "PS"
FOR I = 0 TO 9
  PRINT #1, "NXP"
  PRINT #1, "ML?"
  INPUT #1, M1$(I))
NEXT I                             'Result example: M11 (1) = -55.01 M11(2) = -58.22...
STOP                                'Communication error processing routine

Commerror:
  IF ERR = CommTimeOut THEN
    IF RetryCount = 5 THEN
      ON ERROR GOTO 0
    END IF
    RetryCount = RetryCount + 1
    PRINT "Communication TIME OUT !!!"
    FOR J = 0 TO 5000
      NEXT J
    PRINT "Retry communication !?"
    RESUME
  ELSE
    IF ERR = CommBuffOver THEN
      PRINT "Communication buff. overflow !!!"
      RESUME
    END IF
    PRINT "Something Error has been occured."
    PRINT "Error no. :"; ERR
    ON ERROR GOTO 0
  END IF
END
```

MEMO



A large rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a dashed border, intended for writing the memo's content.

APPENDIX 1

A1.1 Control Character Code List

Symbol	Hex. code	Description
STX	02h	Used as a header in Binary data transfer.
EOT	04h	Used as a delimiter in Binary data transfer.
LF	0Ah	Used as a delimiter in ASCII data transfer.
CR	0Dh	Used as a delimiter in ASCII data transfer.
DLE	10h	Used as a control character in Binary data transfer.
Xon	11h	X parameter transfer start character
Xoff	13h	X parameter transfer suppress character

A1.2 HP-BASIC Sample Programs

Some of the sample programs given in Chapter 7 are described in HP-BASIC (Example 17).

HP-BASIC

```
20      !
30      !*****
40      !      DO AVERAGING OPERATION THRU. SIO
50      !*****
60      !
70      DIM Message(1)[130]
80      Sc=20
90      ON ERROR GOTO Error      ! Set up error trap routine
100     GOSUB Sio_init
110     OUTPUT Sc;"S2"
120     OUTPUT Sc;"AG 30GZ"
130 L1: !
140     OUTPUT Sc;"PLL?"
150     ENTER Sc;S
160     IF BIT (S,3)<>1 THEN L1
170     PRINT "AVG. END"
180     STOP
190 !*****
200 !      ERROR HANDLING ROUTINE
210 !*****
220 Error:      ! Error trap
230     IF ERRN<>167 THEN Other_error
240     STATUS Sc,10;Uart_error      ! Get UART error information
250     IF BIT (Uart_error,2) THEN Overrun      ! Overrun error
260     IF BIT (Uart_error,2) THEN Parity      ! Parity error
270     IF BIT (Uart_error,2) THEN Framing      ! Framing error
280     IF BIT (Uart_error,7) THEN Break      ! Break detected
290 Other:      ! Other error
300     PRINT "Other error !"
310     STOP
320 Overrun:      ! Overrun error
330     PRINT "Overrun error !"
340     STOP
350 Framing:      ! Framing error
360     PRINT "Framing error !"
370     STOP
380 Break:      ! Break
390     PRINT "Break detected !"
400     STOP
410 Other_error:      ! NO ERROR
420     PRINT "Error trapped ?"
430     STOP
440 !*****
450 !      SERIAL COMMUNICATION I/F INITIALIZE
460 !*****
470 Sio_init:      ! Initialize SIO Control reg.
480     CONTROL Sc,0;1      ! Reset I/F board
490     CONTROL Sc,3;1      ! Set PROTOCOL TO Async.
```

R3261/3361
OPTION 02/72
INSTRUCTION MANUAL

A1.2 HP-BASIC Sample Programs

(cont'd)

```
500 Wait:      STATUS Sc, 38; All_sent
510            IF NOT All_sent THEN Wait
520            CONTROL Sc, 0; 1          ! Reset I/F Card
530            CONTROL Sc, 14; 1+2+4     ! Set Control Block Mask
540      !     CONTROL Sc, 39; 4         ! Set Break signal time
550      !     CONTROL Sc, 6; 1         ! Break signal send
560            CONTROL Sc, 8; 3         ! Set DTR/RTS line
570            CONTROL Sc, 13; 128+1     ! Set INT mask
580            CONTROL Sc, 15; 0        ! No modem lime-change notifi-
                                     cation
590            CONTROL Sc, 16; 0        ! Disable connection time out
600            CONTROL Sc, 17; 0        ! Disable nonactivity time out
610            CONTROL Sc, 18; 40       ! Lost Carrier 400 ms
620            CONTROL Sc, 19; 10      ! Transmit time out 10S
630            CONTROL Sc, 20; 15      ! Set Transmit speed : 19200
640            CONTROL Sc, 21; 15      ! Set Receive Speed : 19200
650            CONTROL Sc, 22; 0       ! Set protocol handshake to non
660            CONTROL Sc, 23; 3       ! Set H/W handshake type
670            CONTROL Sc, 24; 2
680            CONTROL Sc, 28; 2       ! Set EOL chra. NO.
690            CONTROL Sc, 29; 13     ! Set CR code
700            CONTROL Sc, 30; 10     ! Set LF code
710            CONTROL Sc, 34; 3      ! Set DATA LENGTH 8 BIT
720            CONTROL Sc, 35; 0      ! Set STOP BIT TO 1 BIT
730            CONTROL Sc, 36; 0      ! Set PARITY TO NON
740            CONTROL Sc, 37; 0      ! Set CHAR. INTERVAL
750            RETURN
760      !!!!!
770      END
```

A1.3 Exception Processing

The R3261/3361 interrupts the current communication processing and executes the corresponding exception processing when the following states are caused.

- ① State: In receiving a message from the controller (before the delimiter character string is received), more than 5 seconds have passed without receiving the next character.

Processing: The message is canceled and the break signal is generated. The next character received is handled as a start of another message.

- ② State: In transmitting a message to the controller, the transmit suppress from the controller has not been released in 5 seconds after the last character was transmitted.

Processing: The message transmission is interrupted and preparation is made for the next transmission/reception.

- ③ State: During a trace data input, no transmission can be detected from the controller for more than 25 seconds under the condition that the specified number of times (ASCII format) or the specified number of bytes (Binary format) has not been reached.

Processing: The trace data input mode is released and preparation is made for the next transmission/reception.

- ④ State: In receiving a message, a framing error, parity error or overrun error occurs.

Processing: The message is canceled and the break signal is generated. The next character received is handled as a start of another message.

Part 2

**Option 72
Printer Output**

1. GENERAL

The information on the R3261/3361 screen can be output to the printer, using the option 72 (Printer output).

Table 1-1 Printer which can be connected

Maker	Printer
Hewlett Packard	HP2225AJ

MEMO



A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a thin black border, intended for writing the memo's content.

2. CONNECTION WITH THE PRINTER

Connect the printer with the R3261/3361, using the GPIB cable between the GPIB connectors.

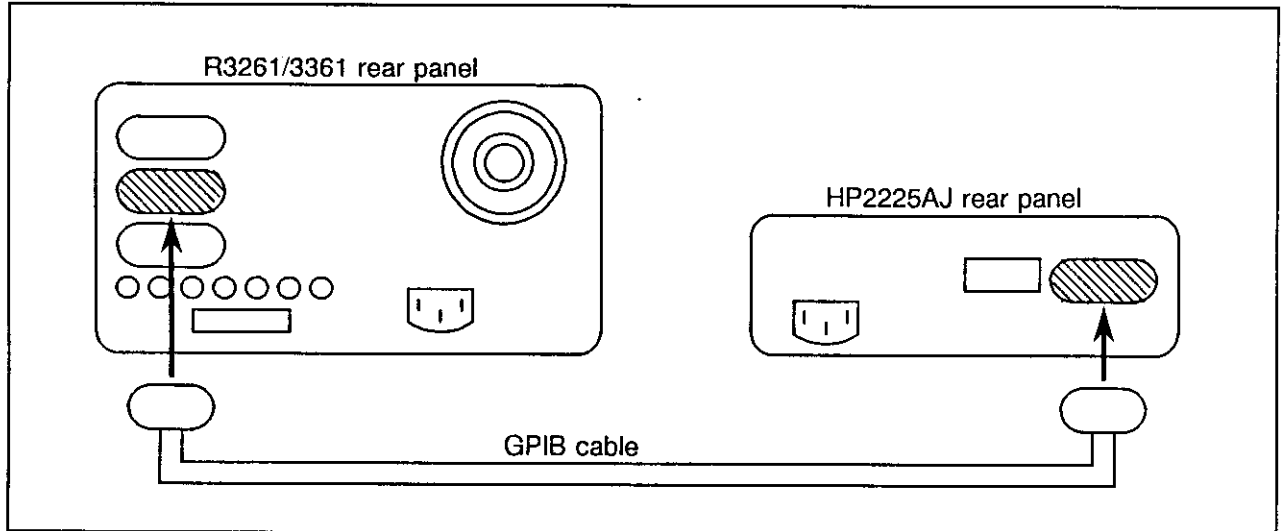


Figure 2-1 Connection between the R3261/3361 and the Printer

MEMO



A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a dashed border, intended for writing the memo's content.

3. PRINTER ADDRESS SETTING

Set the printer address with the dip switch. Figure 3-1 shows an example of address setting. (Address 1)

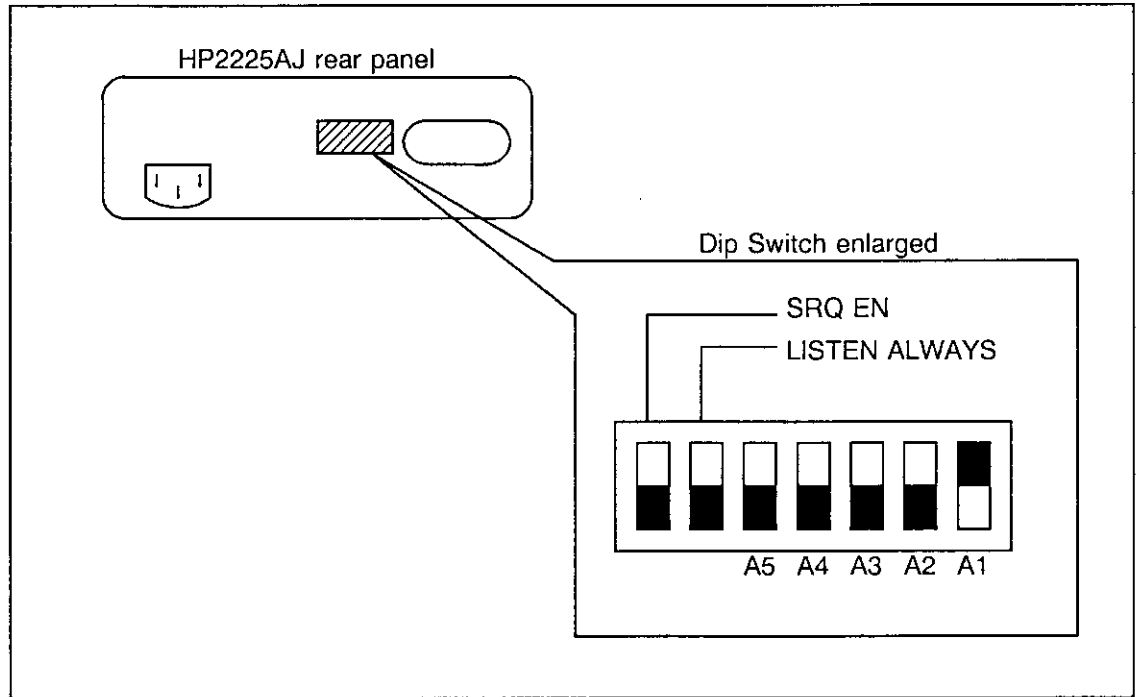


Figure 3-1 Dip Switch for Address Setting

Note1: For the GPIB details, see the R3261/3361 instruction Manual (Section 7.1, 7.2).

Note2: For the printer usage, see the Printer instruction Manual.

MEMO

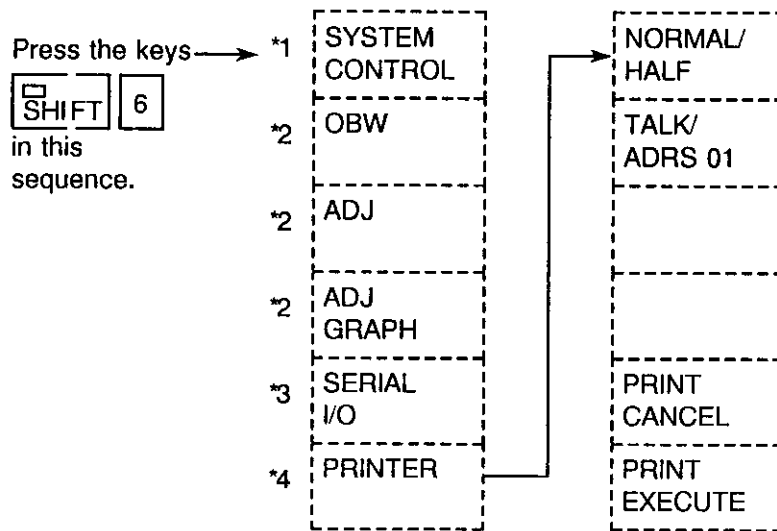


A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a dashed line, intended for writing the memo's content.

4. PRINTER OUTPUT SETTING

4.1 Printer Output Setting Menu



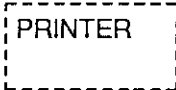
Specify the conditions necessary for printer output.



Explanation on the above menu is given in Section 4.2.

- *1: Indicated if option 15 is mounted.
- *2: Indicated if option 04 is mounted.
- *3: Indicated if option 02 is mounted.
- *4: Indicated if option 72 is mounted.

4.2 Explanation on the Printer Output Setting Menu

Press the    in this sequence.

The screen is set for printer output specification to set various conditions.

NORMAL/
HALF

*1 Select the print size.
Default : Normal

PRINT
CANCEL

Cancel the output during printer output.

PRINT
EXECUTE

Output to the printer starts with the specified size.

TALK/
ADRS 01

*2 TALK : All the Listeners are subject to Printer output.
ADRS XX: Any of the Listeners (address 0 to 30) are subject to Printer output.
Specify the listener address with the data knob or the step key.
Default: TALK

CAUTION

- *1: If the print size is set to Half, more time is required for output, because the printer is set to HIGH DENSITY mode and the print head travels along the same line twice.
- *2: When the print output is set to TALK (TALK ONLY mode), the printer should be set to LISTEN ONLY mode.
- When the print output is set to ADRS XX (Address specified mode), the printer should specify the address.

4.3 Printer Output Example

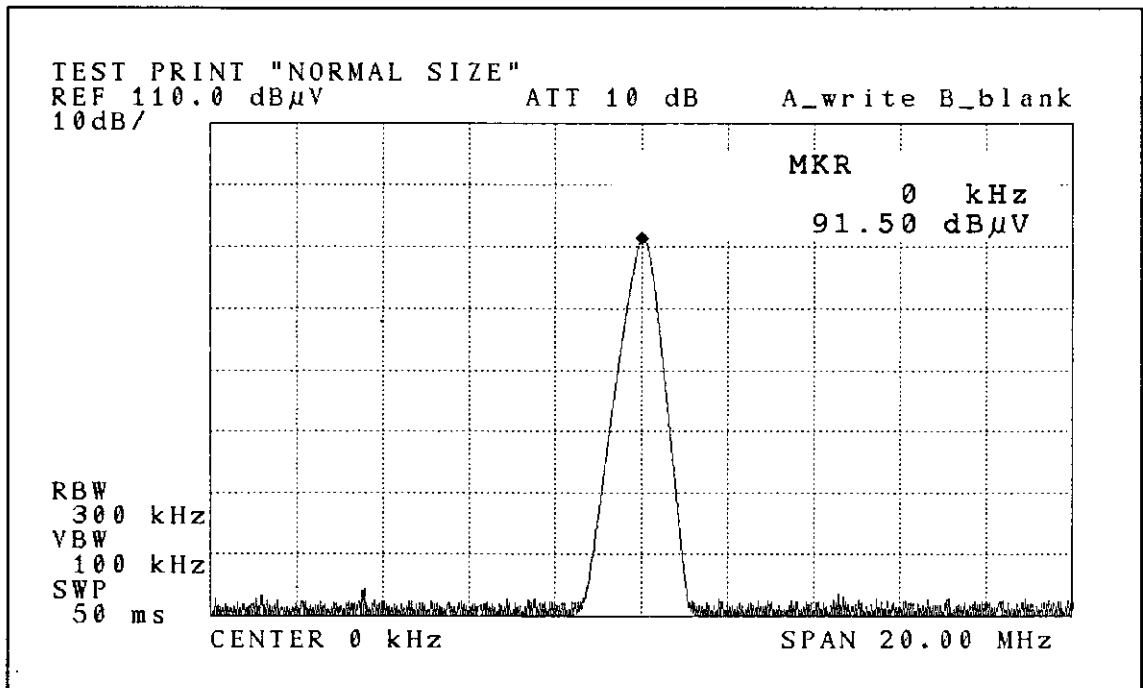


Figure 4-1 Print in Normal Size

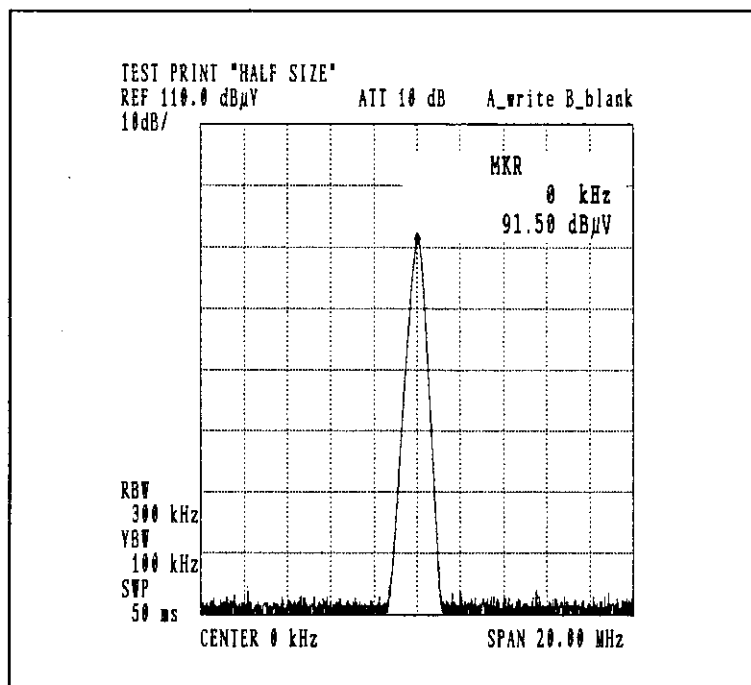


Figure 4-2 Print in Half Size

MEMO



A large, empty rectangular area with rounded corners, enclosed by a dashed border, intended for writing the memo's content.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX

Index of Part I

Note: Soft menu items are enclosed by [].

[A]		[F]	
ASCII format	7-5	[FLOW CONTROL]	4-2
		Flow control setting screen	4-5
[B]		[I]	
[BAUD]	4-2	[INTERVAL]	4-2
baud rate	2-1	Interval setting screen	4-6
Baud rate setting screen	4-3		
Binary format	7-5	[M]	
[C]		Message Format	5-1
Characters between transmitting		[N]	
interval	2-2	N88-BASIC/HP-BASIC sample	
[CLOSE]	4-2	programs	A1-2
Communication	2-1	[NEXT MENU]	4-2
Communication port opening	2-2		
Communication Port Setting	4-1	[O]	
Communication procedure	2-2	[OPEN]	4-2
Connection with the Controller	3-1	Option select menu screen	4-3
Contral Character Code List	A1-1	[P]	
[D]		Panel Key Lock Function	7-10
Data Communication Error	8-1	[PARITY]	4-2
Data flow control	2-1	Parity bit	2-1
Data Length	2-1, 4-2	Parity setting screen	4-5
Data length setting screen	4-4		
Difference from GPIB remote		[S]	
program	6-1	Screen of the Communication	
[E]		Port in Closed state	4-7
Exception Processing	A1-5	Screen of the Communication	
		Port in Open state	4-6
		[SERIAL I/O]	4-2
		Status byte Read-out Function	7-8

[STOP BIT]	4-2
Stop Bit	2-1
Stop bit screen	4-4

[T]

Trace Data I/O	7-5
Transfer error control	2-2
Transfer speed	2-1

Index of Part2

Note: Soft menu items are enclosed by [].

[C]

Connection with the Printer 2-1

[H]

HP2225AJ 4-2

[N]

[NORMAL/HALF] 4-2

[P]

[PRINT CANCEL] 4-2

[PRINT EXECUTE] 4-2

[PRINTER] 4-2

Printer Address Setting 3-1

Printer Output Example 4-3

Printer Output Setting 4-1

Printer which can be connected 1-1

[T]

[TALK/ADRS 01] 4-2

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ADVANTEST SOFTWARE

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY: This is an important notice for the software defined herein. Computer programs including any additions, modifications and updates thereof, operation manuals, and related materials provided by Advantest (hereafter referred to as "SOFTWARE"), included in or used with hardware produced by Advantest (hereafter referred to as "PRODUCTS").

SOFTWARE License

All rights in and to the SOFTWARE (including, but not limited to, copyright) shall be and remain vested in Advantest. Advantest hereby grants you a license to use the SOFTWARE only on or with Advantest PRODUCTS.

Restrictions

- (1) You may not use the SOFTWARE for any purpose other than for the use of the PRODUCTS.
- (2) You may not copy, modify, or change, all or any part of, the SOFTWARE without permission from Advantest.
- (3) You may not reverse engineer, de-compile, or disassemble, all or any part of, the SOFTWARE.

Liability

Advantest shall have no liability (1) for any PRODUCT failures, which may arise out of any misuse (misuse is deemed to be use of the SOFTWARE for purposes other than its intended use) of the SOFTWARE. (2) For any dispute between you and any third party for any reason whatsoever including, but not limited to, infringement of intellectual property rights.

LIMITED WARRANTY

1. Unless otherwise specifically agreed by Seller and Purchaser in writing, Advantest will warrant to the Purchaser that during the Warranty Period this Product (other than consumables included in the Product) will be free from defects in material and workmanship and shall conform to the specifications set forth in this Operation Manual.
2. The warranty period for the Product (the "Warranty Period") will be a period of one year commencing on the delivery date of the Product.
3. If the Product is found to be defective during the Warranty Period, Advantest will, at its option and in its sole and absolute discretion, either (a) repair the defective Product or part or component thereof or (b) replace the defective Product or part or component thereof, in either case at Advantest's sole cost and expense.
4. This limited warranty will not apply to defects or damage to the Product or any part or component thereof resulting from any of the following:
 - (a) any modifications, maintenance or repairs other than modifications, maintenance or repairs (i) performed by Advantest or (ii) specifically recommended or authorized by Advantest and performed in accordance with Advantest's instructions;
 - (b) any improper or inadequate handling, carriage or storage of the Product by the Purchaser or any third party (other than Advantest or its agents);
 - (c) use of the Product under operating conditions or environments different than those specified in the Operation Manual or recommended by Advantest, including, without limitation, (i) instances where the Product has been subjected to physical stress or electrical voltage exceeding the permissible range and (ii) instances where the corrosion of electrical circuits or other deterioration was accelerated by exposure to corrosive gases or dusty environments;
 - (d) use of the Product in connection with software, interfaces, products or parts other than software, interfaces, products or parts supplied or recommended by Advantest;
 - (e) incorporation in the Product of any parts or components (i) provided by Purchaser or (ii) provided by a third party at the request or direction of Purchaser or due to specifications or designs supplied by Purchaser (including, without limitation, any degradation in performance of such parts or components);
 - (f) Advantest's incorporation or use of any specifications or designs supplied by Purchaser;
 - (g) the occurrence of an event of force majeure, including, without limitation, fire, explosion, geological change, storm, flood, earthquake, tidal wave, lightning or act of war; or
 - (h) any negligent act or omission of the Purchaser or any third party other than Advantest.
5. **EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT EXPRESSLY PROVIDED HEREIN, ADVANTEST HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS, AND THE PURCHASER HEREBY WAIVES, ALL WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, (A) ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND (B) ANY WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION AS TO THE VALIDITY, SCOPE, EFFECTIVENESS OR USEFULNESS OF ANY TECHNOLOGY OR ANY INVENTION.**
6. **THE REMEDY SET FORTH HEREIN SHALL BE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE PURCHASER FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT.**
7. **ADVANTEST WILL NOT HAVE ANY LIABILITY TO THE PURCHASER FOR ANY INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF ANTICIPATED PROFITS OR REVENUES, IN ANY AND ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, EVEN IF ADVANTEST HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES AND WHETHER ARISING OUT OF BREACH OF CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY, INDEMNITY, CONTRIBUTION OR OTHERWISE. TORT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY, INDEMNITY, CONTRIBUTION OR OTHERWISE.**
8. **OTHER THAN THE REMEDY FOR THE BREACH OF WARRANTY SET FORTH HEREIN, ADVANTEST SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR, AND HEREBY DISCLAIMS TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW ANY LIABILITY FOR, DAMAGES FOR PRODUCT FAILURE OR DEFECT, WHETHER ARISING OUT OF BREACH OF CONTRACT, TORT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE), STRICT LIABILITY, INDEMNITY, CONTRIBUTION OR OTHERWISE.**

CUSTOMER SERVICE DESCRIPTION

In order to maintain safe and trouble-free operation of the Product and to prevent the incurrence of unnecessary costs and expenses, Advantest recommends a regular preventive maintenance program under its maintenance agreement.

Advantest's maintenance agreement provides the Purchaser on-site and off-site maintenance, parts, maintenance machinery, regular inspections, and telephone support and will last a maximum of ten years from the date the delivery of the Product. For specific details of the services provided under the maintenance agreement, please contact the nearest Advantest office listed at the end of this Operation Manual or Advantest's sales representatives.

Some of the components and parts of this Product have a limited operating life (such as, electrical and mechanical parts, fan motors, unit power supply, etc.). Accordingly, these components and parts will have to be replaced on a periodic basis. If the operating life of a component or part has expired and such component or part has not been replaced, there is a possibility that the Product will not perform properly. Additionally, if the operating life of a component or part has expired and continued use of such component or part damages the Product, the Product may not be repairable. Please contact the nearest Advantest office listed at the end of this Operation Manual or Advantest's sales representatives to determine the operating life of a specific component or part, as the operating life may vary depending on various factors such as operating condition and usage environment.

SALES & SUPPORT OFFICES

Advantest Korea Co., Ltd.

22BF, Kyobo KangNam Tower,
1303-22, Seocho-Dong, Seocho-Ku, Seoul #137-070, Korea
Phone: +82-2-532-7071
Fax: +82-2-532-7132

Advantest (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Shanghai Branch Office:
Bldg. 6D, NO.1188 Gumei Road, Shanghai, China 201102 P.R.C.
Phone: +86-21-6485-2725
Fax: +86-21-6485-2726

Shanghai Branch Office:
406/F, Ying Building, Quantum Plaza, No. 23 Zhi Chun Road,
Hai Dian District, Beijing,
China 100083
Phone: +86-10-8235-3377
Fax: +86-10-8235-6717

Advantest (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.

438A Alexandra Road, #08-03/06
Alexandra Technopark Singapore 119967
Phone: +65-6274-3100
Fax: +65-6274-4055

Advantest America, Inc.

3201 Scott Boulevard, Suite, Santa Clara, CA 95054, U.S.A
Phone: +1-408-988-7700
Fax: +1-408-987-0691

ROHDE & SCHWARZ Europe GmbH

Mühldorfstraße 15 D-81671 München, Germany
(P.O.B. 80 14 60 D-81614 München, Germany)
Phone: +49-89-4129-13711
Fax: +49-89-4129-13723

ADVANTEST[®]

<http://www.advantest.co.jp>