



R3267 Series OPT65

cdma2000 Measurement Option

Operation Manual

MANUAL NUMBER FOE-8350461D00

Applicable models

***R3264
R3267
R3273***

Safety Summary

To ensure thorough understanding of all functions and to ensure efficient use of this instrument, please read the manual carefully before using. Note that Advantest bears absolutely no responsibility for the result of operations caused due to incorrect or inappropriate use of this instrument.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by Advantest, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

- **Warning Labels**

Warning labels are applied to Advantest products in locations where specific dangers exist. Pay careful attention to these labels during handling. Do not remove or tear these labels. If you have any questions regarding warning labels, please ask your nearest Advantest dealer. Our address and phone number are listed at the end of this manual.

Symbols of those warning labels are shown below together with their meaning.

DANGER: Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

WARNING: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in death or serious personal injury.

CAUTION: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in personal injury or a damage to property including the product.

- **Basic Precautions**

Please observe the following precautions to prevent fire, burn, electric shock, and personal injury.

- Use a power cable rated for the voltage in question. Be sure however to use a power cable conforming to safety standards of your nation when using a product overseas.
- When inserting the plug into the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then insert the plug as far as it will go.
- When removing the plug from the electrical outlet, first turn the power switch OFF and then pull it out by gripping the plug. Do not pull on the power cable itself. Make sure your hands are dry at this time.
- Before turning on the power, be sure to check that the supply voltage matches the voltage requirements of the instrument.
- Connect the power cable to a power outlet that is connected to a protected ground terminal. Grounding will be defeated if you use an extension cord which does not include a protected ground terminal.
- Be sure to use fuses rated for the voltage in question.
- Do not use this instrument with the case open.
- Do not place anything on the product and do not apply excessive pressure to the product. Also, do not place flower pots or other containers containing liquid such as chemicals near this

Safety Summary

product.

- When the product has ventilation outlets, do not stick or drop metal or easily flammable objects into the ventilation outlets.
- When using the product on a cart, fix it with belts to avoid its drop.
- When connecting the product to peripheral equipment, turn the power off.

- **Caution Symbols Used Within this Manual**

Symbols indicating items requiring caution which are used in this manual are shown below together with their meaning.

DANGER: Indicates an item where there is a danger of serious personal injury (death or serious injury).

WARNING: Indicates an item relating to personal safety or health.

CAUTION: Indicates an item relating to possible damage to the product or instrument or relating to a restriction on operation.

- **Safety Marks on the Product**

The following safety marks can be found on Advantest products.



: ATTENTION - Refer to manual.



: Protective ground (earth) terminal.



: DANGER - High voltage.



: CAUTION - Risk of electric shock.

- **Replacing Parts with Limited Life**

The following parts used in the instrument are main parts with limited life.

Replace the parts listed below before their expected lifespan has expired to maintain the performance and function of the instrument.

Note that the estimated lifespan for the parts listed below may be shortened by factors such as the environment where the instrument is stored or used, and how often the instrument is used. The parts inside are not user-replaceable. For a part replacement, please contact the Advantest sales office for servicing.

Each product may use parts with limited life.

For more information, refer to the section in this document where the parts with limited life are described.

Main Parts with Limited Life

Part name	Life
Unit power supply	5 years
Fan motor	5 years
Electrolytic capacitor	5 years
LCD display	6 years
LCD backlight	2.5 years
Floppy disk drive	5 years
Memory backup battery	5 years

- **Hard Disk Mounted Products**

The operational warnings are listed below.

- Do not move, shock and vibrate the product while the power is turned on.
Reading or writing data in the hard disk unit is performed with the memory disk turning at a high speed. It is a very delicate process.
- Store and operate the products under the following environmental conditions.
An area with no sudden temperature changes.
An area away from shock or vibrations.
An area free from moisture, dirt, or dust.
An area away from magnets or an instrument which generates a magnetic field.
- Make back-ups of important data.
The data stored in the disk may become damaged if the product is mishandled. The hard disc has a limited life span which depends on the operational conditions. Note that there is no guarantee for any loss of data.

- **Precautions when Disposing of this Instrument**

When disposing of harmful substances, be sure dispose of them properly with abiding by the state-provided law.

Harmful substances: (1) PCB (polycarbon biphenyl)

(2) Mercury

(3) Ni-Cd (nickel cadmium)

(4) Other

Items possessing cyan, organic phosphorous and hexadic chromium and items which may leak cadmium or arsenic (excluding lead in solder).

Example: fluorescent tubes, batteries

Environmental Conditions

This instrument should be only be used in an area which satisfies the following conditions:

- An area free from corrosive gas
- An area away from direct sunlight
- A dust-free area
- An area free from vibrations
- Altitude of up to 2000 m

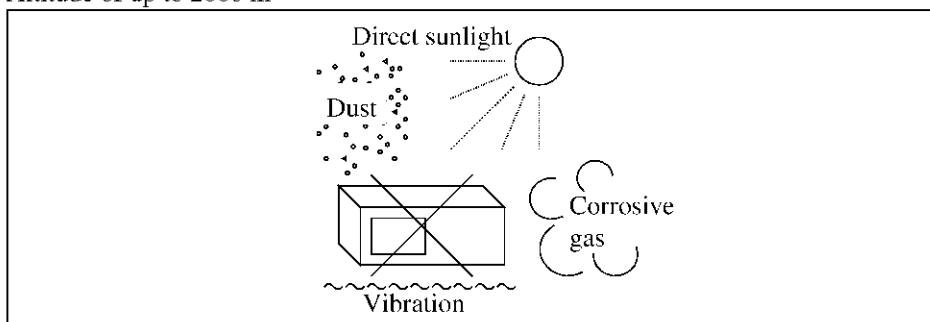


Figure-1 Environmental Conditions

- Operating position

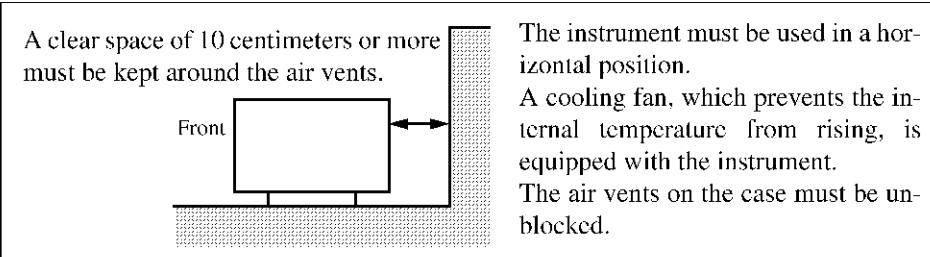


Figure-2 Operating Position

- Storage position

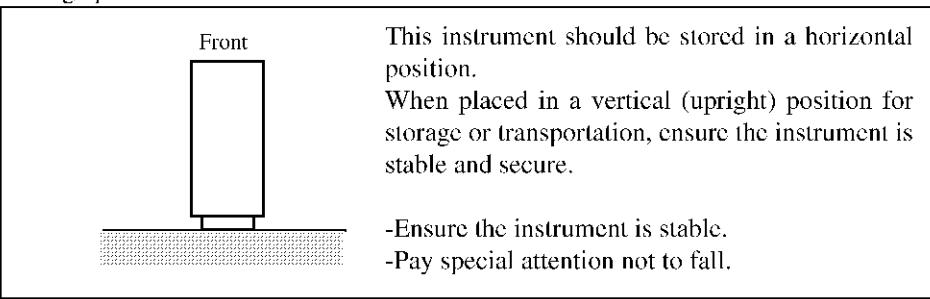
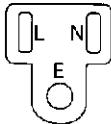
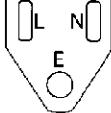
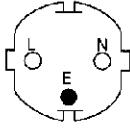
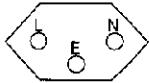
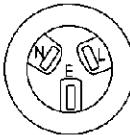
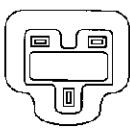
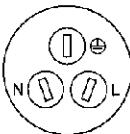


Figure-3 Storage Position

- The classification of the transient over-voltage, which exists typically in the main power supply, and the pollution degree is defined by IEC61010-1 and described below.
Impulse withstand voltage (over-voltage) category II defined by IEC60364-4-443
Pollution Degree 2

Types of Power Cable

Replace any references to the power cable type, according to the following table, with the appropriate power cable type for your country.

Plug configuration	Standards	Rating, color and length	Model number (Option number)
	PSE: Japan Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01402 Angled: A01412
	UL: United States of America CSA: Canada	125 V at 7 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01403 (Option 95) Angled: A01413
	CEE: Europe DEMKO: Denmark NEMKO: Norway VDE: Germany KEMA: The Netherlands CEBEC: Belgium OVE: Austria FIMKO: Finland SEMKO: Sweden	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01404 (Option 96) Angled: A01414
	SEV: Switzerland	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01405 (Option 97) Angled: A01415
	SAA: Australia, New Zealand	250 V at 6 A Gray 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01406 (Option 98) Angled: -----
	BS: United Kingdom	250 V at 6 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A01407 (Option 99) Angled: A01417
	CCC: China	250 V at 10 A Black 2 m (6 ft)	Straight: A114009 (Option 94) Angled: A114109

PREFACE

This manual provides the information necessary to check functionality, operate and program the R3267 Series Option 65, cdma2000 measurement.

(1) Organization of this manual

This manual consists of the following chapters:

Safety Summary	To use the analyzer safely, be sure to read this manual first.
1. INTRODUCTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Product Overview • Accessories • Self Test Function • About Calibration • Explanation of the Connectors 	Includes a description of the option and its accessories and a self test error messages.
2. MEASUREMENT EXAMPLES <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals • Mobile station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement • CCDF Measurement 	You can learn the basic operations of the option through the examples shown in this chapter.
3. REFERENCE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Menu Index • Menu Map • Functional Description 	Shows a list of operation keys, and describes the function of each key.
4. REMOTE CONTROL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GPIB Command Index • GPTIB Command Codes 	Included are a list of commands necessary for programming.
5. TECHNICAL INFORMATION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Template Edit Function • Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious • Estimated ρ in the Code Domain Power Measurement • Peak Factor of Tx Power • Trigger Source INTRVL (EXT) and INTRVL • About Bit Reversal (Paley) Order • About Complementary Filter • About Equalizing Filter • Null Offset Graph • Block Diagram 	Describes the principle of operation necessary for taking measurements more accurately.
6. PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION TEST <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General • Performance Verification Test Procedure • Performance Verification Test Record Sheet 	Describes how to test performance.

Preface

7. SPECIFICATIONS	Shows the specifications of the option.
APPENDIX • Messages	If an error occurs during operation, an error number and its corresponding error message are displayed. The meaning of each error is explained in this section.

(2) Typeface conventions used in this manual

- Panel keys and soft keys are printed in a contrasting typeface to make them stand out from the text as follows:

Panel keys: Boldface type

Example: **TRANSIENT**

Soft keys: Boldface and italic type

Example: ***T-Domain, Detector***

- When a series of key operations are described using a comma between two keys.
- There are various soft menus used to switch between two states such as ON/OFF and AUTO/MNL. For example, when turning off the **Window ON/OFF** function, the annotation “**Window ON/OFF(OFF)**” is used.

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Product Overview

The cdma 2000 modulation analysis option (OPT 65) software allows you to measure and evaluate the modulation accuracy specified by IS-2000.

This option is a factory option which is incorporated into the R3267 Series Spectrum Analyzer prior to shipment.

This option includes the following features:

- Measures the modulation accuracy, frequency error, code domain power and so on.
- Can be used to measure OBW or ACP due to Transient specified by the communication standard with a simple key operation.

1.2 Accessories

Name of accessories	Type of name	Quantity	Remarks
R3267 Series option 65 Operation manual	ER3267/73OPT65	1	English

1.3 Self Test Function

The self test also checks the Option 65 for correct operation when the spectrum analyzer power is turned on. The message shown below will be displayed when an error related to Option 65 occurs.
Contact ADVANTEST Corp. for repair.

Error Message
Handshake error occurred to DSP

1.4 About Calibration

When you want to calibrate the R3267 Series, please contact a sales representative.

Desirable Period	1 year
------------------	--------

1.5 Explanation of the Connectors

Connectors used for this option are described as follows:

1. EXT TRIG terminal Connector for inputting the external trigger signal.

2 MEASUREMENT EXAMPLES

This chapter describes how to use this option using practical measurement examples.

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

This section provides measurement examples for the code domain coefficient in FORWARD Link when it is used to analyze the base station signal

Measurement conditions:

Measured signals have an output signal with a frequency of 870.03 MHz and a level of -10 dBm based on "Base Station Test Model, Nominal" in IS-97

It is assumed that the Even Second clock, 10 MHz reference signal and measurement signals are output.

Signal specifications:

RC is 1, QOF is 0, Walsh Length is 64 and PN Offset is 0.

Channel	Walsh number
Pilot	0
Paging	1
Traffic	6
Traffic	17
Traffic	20
Sync	32
Traffic	41
Traffic	49
Traffic	58

Connecting the equipment

1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 2-1.

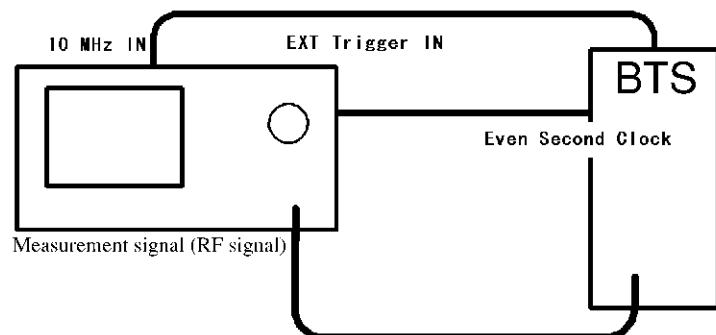


Figure 2-1 Setup for Base Station Code Domain Power Measurements

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

Setting the measurement conditions

This changes the analyzer setting so that the input signal displayed more clearly.

2. Press **FREQ, 8, 7, 0, ., 0, 3** and **MHz**.

3. Press **SPAN, 8** and **MHz**.

4. Press **LEVEL, 0** and **GHz(+dBm)**.

5. Press **TRANSIENT, STD** and **STD Setup**.

The STD Measurement Parameter Set dialog box is displayed.

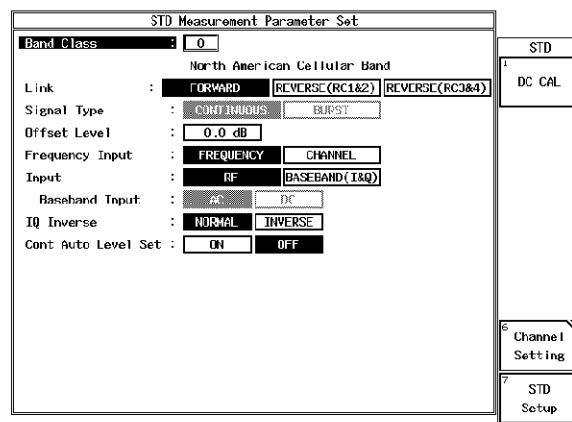


Figure 2-2 STD-Measurement parameter set Dialog Box

6. Press the ∇ key.

The cursor moves to the item Link.

7. Select **FORWARD** from **Link** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).

The measurement mode is set to the BS measurement.

The following parameters are default settings.

Offset Level:	0.0 dB
Frequency Input:	FREQUENCY
Input:	RF
IQ Inverse:	NORMAL
Cont Auto Level Set:	OFF

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

8. Press **RETURN**, **Modulation**, **Code Domain Power Coef** and **Parameter Setup**.
The Parameter Setup dialog box is displayed.

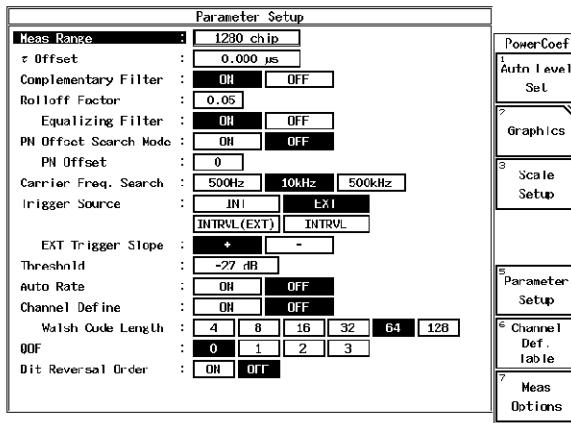


Figure 2-3 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

9. Press **1, 2, 8, 0** and **Hz(ENTR)** to set **Meas Range**.
The measurement range is set to 1280 chips.
10. Press **0** and **Hz (ENTR)** to set **τ Offset**.
The measurement start position is set at a position delayed by 0.0 μs from the trigger.
11. Select **ON** from **Complimentary Filter** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
The receiving filter is set to the complimentary filter.
12. Press **0, ., 0, 5** and **Hz (ENTR)** to set **Rolloff Factor**.
The roll-off factor (after passing through the complimentary filter) is set to 0.05.
13. Select **ON** from **Equalizing Filter** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
The phase characteristics of the complimentary filter are set to the inverse characteristics of the phase equalizer.
14. Select **OFF** from **PN Offset Search Mode** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
The PN offset search mode is set to OFF.
15. Press **0** and **Hz (ENTR)** to set **PN Offset**.
The PN offset is set to 0.
16. Select **10 kHz** from **Carrier Freq. Search** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
The carrier frequency search range is set to ±10 kHz.
17. Select **EXT** from **Trigger Source** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
The trigger is set to the external trigger.

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

18. Select + from **EXT Trigger Slope** to + using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
19. Press -, 2, 7 and **Hz (ENTR)** to set **Threshold**.
20. Select **OFF** from **Auto Rate** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
21. Select **OFF** from **Channel Define** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
22. Select **64** from **Walsh Code Length** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
23. Select **0** from **QOF** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
24. Select **OFF** from **Bit Reversal Order** to OFF using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
25. Press **Parameter Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.
26. Press **Meas Options**.
The Meas Options dialog box is displayed.

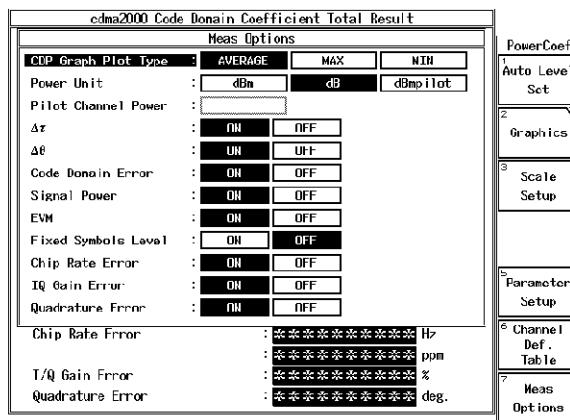


Figure 2-4 Meas Options Dialog Box

27. Use the data knob to set **CDP Graph Plot Type** to **AVERAGE**, then press **Hz (ENTR)**.
The Power values of each channel are set to the mean values of each symbol.
28. Select **dB** from **Power Unit** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
29. Select **ON** from **$\Delta\tau$** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
30. Select **ON** from **$\Delta\theta$** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

31. Select **ON** from **Code Domain Error** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
32. Select **ON** from **Signal Power** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
33. Select **ON** from **EVM** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
34. Select **OFF** from **Fixed Symbols Level** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
35. Select **ON** from **Chip Rate Error** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
36. Select **ON** from **IQ Gain Error** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
37. Select **ON** from **Quadrature Error** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR).
38. Press **Meas Options**.
The dialog box is closed.
39. Press **Auto Level Set**.
The measurement range is set to the optimum range.
40. Press **SINGLE**.
The sweep is set to a single mode and starts.

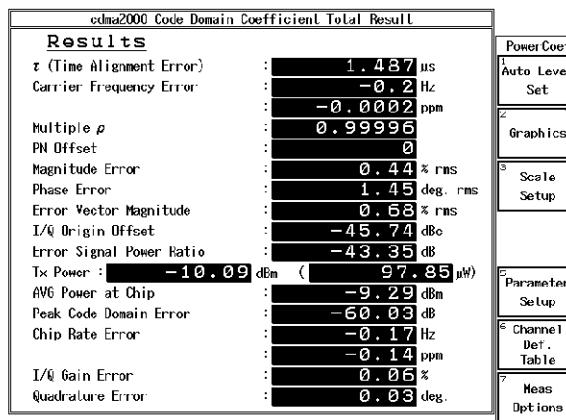


Figure 2-5 Measurement Results of the cdma 2000 Base Station Signal

- τ (Time Alignment Error): Time delay (μs) for the trigger
 Carrier Frequency Error: Carrier frequency error (Hz, ppm) for the center frequency

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

Multiple ρ :	Waveform quality of the multiplexed signal (The waveform quality factor value must be compliant with the cdma2000 standard when measuring signals from the Pilot channel.)
PN Offset:	PN offset of the base station signal
Magnitude Error:	Magnitude error (% rms) of the multiplexed signal
Phase Error:	Phase error (degree rms) of the multiplexed signal
Error Vector Magnitude:	Modulation accuracy (% rms) of the multiplexed signal
I/Q Origin Offset:	Offset (dBc) of the I/Q origin
Error Signal Power Ratio:	The ratio (dB) of the error signal power to the power of the multiplexed signal at the chip judgement point
Tx Power:	Power (dBm) of the multiplexed signal before passing through the complimentary filter
AVG Power at Chip:	Power (dBm) of the multiplexed signal at the chip judgement point after passing through the complimentary filter
Peak Code Domain Error:	Maximum value (dB) of the code domain errors
Chip Rate Error:	Chip rate error (Hz and ppm) relative to 1.2288 Mcps
IQ Gain Error:	Q-axis gain error relative to the I-axis gain (%)
Quadrature Error:	Q-axis quadrature error relative to the I-axis (degree)

Displaying the graph

41. Press **Scale Setup**.

The Scale Setup dialog box is displayed.

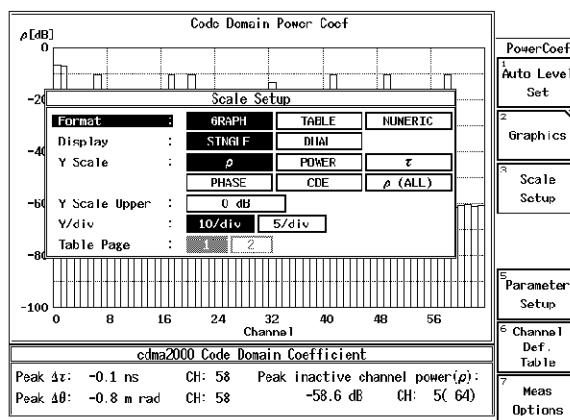


Figure 2-6 Scale Setup Example

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

42. Select **GRAPH** from **Format** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
43. Select **SINGLE** from **Display** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
44. Select **p** from **Y Scale** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
45. Press **0** and **GHz (dB)** to set **Y Scale Upper**.
46. Select **10/div** from **Y/div** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or **ENTR**).
47. Press **Scale Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.
48. Press **MKR**.
The marker is displayed.
49. Select **2** from **MKR POSI.** using the data knob.
The marker switches between the active channels only.

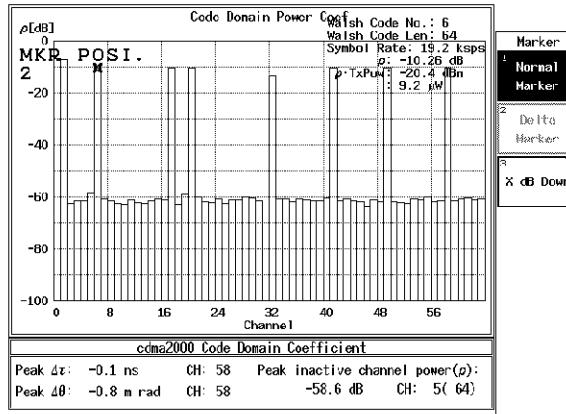


Figure 2-7 Graph Display Example of the Code Domain Power Coefficient

Walsh Code No.: Walsh code number of the channel specified by the marker

Walsh Code Len.: Walsh code length (number of chips) of the channel specified by the marker

ρ : Logarithmic value of the channel code domain power coefficient specified by the marker (dB)

Peak $\Delta\tau$ CH: Maximum value of the relative Walsh code domain time offset to the Pilot channel and its channel Walsh code number

Peak $\Delta\theta$ CH: Maximum value of the relative Walsh code domain phase offset to the Pilot channel and its channel Walsh code number

2.1 Measuring the Code Domain Power of Base Station Signals

Peak inactive channel power (p) CH:

This indicates the maximum logarithmic value of the code domain power coefficient for the inactive channel, Walsh code number, and Walsh length for the channel.

2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement

Measurement conditions:

The measurement signal is output from an IS-2000-compliant unit and has a frequency of 825.03 MHz and a level of -10 dBm.

Signal specifications are as follows:

Long Code Mask: ALL 0

Reverse Traffic Channel Operation signal (which is multiplexed with the PICH, DCCH, SCH2, FCH and SCH1)

SCH1 Walsh function: W_1^2 ($M=1$)

SCH2 Walsh function: W_2^4 ($M=1$)

The abbreviations listed above have the following meanings:

PICH: Reverse Pilot Channel

DCCH: Reverse Dedicated Control Channel

SCH2: Reverse Supplemental Channel 2

FCH: Reverse Fundamental Channel

SCH1: Reverse Supplemental Channel 1

M: Walsh Function Repetition Factor

Setup

1. Connect the unit under test as shown in Figure 2-8.

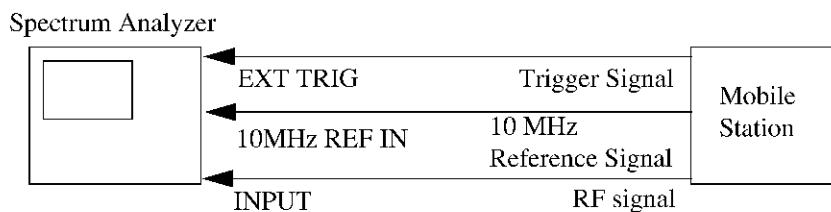


Figure 2-8 Setup for the MS (Mobile Station) Code Domain Power Measurement

Setting the measurement conditions

This sets the measurement frequency to the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer.

2. Press **FREQ, 8, 2, 5, ., 0, 3** and **MHz**.

3. Press **TRANSIENT, STD** and **STD Setup**.

The STD Measurement Parameter Set dialog box is displayed.

2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement

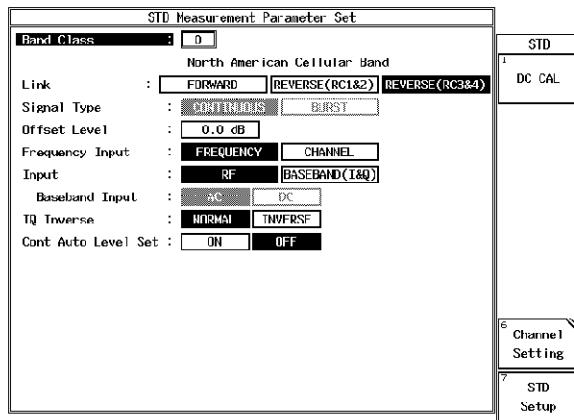


Figure 2-9 STD Measurement Parameter Set Dialog Box

4. Select **0** for **Band Class** using the data knob and press **HZ (ENTR)**.
5. Select **REVERSE (RC3&4)** for **Link** using the data knob and press **HZ (ENTR)**.
6. Press **0, ., 0** and **GHz(dB)** for **Offset Level**.
7. Select **FREQUENCY** for **Frequency Input** using the data knob and press **HZ (ENTR)**.
8. Select **RF** for **Input** using the data knob and press **HZ (ENTR)**.
9. Select **NORMAL** for **IQ Inverse** using the data knob and press **HZ (ENTR)**.
10. Select **OFF** for **Cont Auto Level Set** using the data knob and press **HZ (ENTR)**.
11. Press **RETURN, Modulation, Code Domain Power** and **Parameter Setup**.
The Parameter Setup dialog box is displayed.

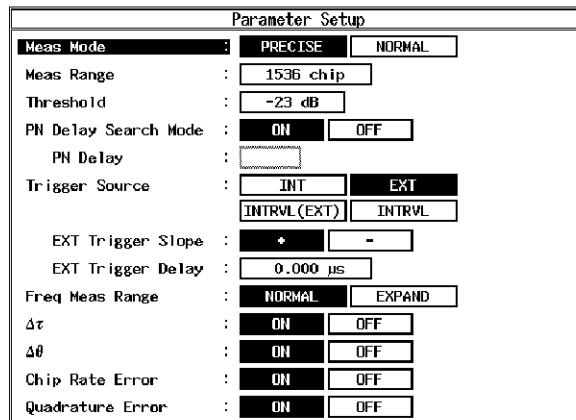


Figure 2-10 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

12. Select ***PRECISE*** for ***Meas Mode*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
13. Select ***1536 chip*** for ***Meas Range*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
14. Press **-**, **2**, **3** and **GHz (dB)** for ***Threshold***.
15. Select ***ON*** for ***PN Delay Search Mode*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
16. Select ***EXT*** for ***Trigger Source*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
17. Select **+** for ***EXT Trigger Slope*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
18. Press **0**, **,**, **0** and **Hz (ENTR)** for ***EXT Trigger Delay***.
19. Select ***NORMAL*** for ***Freq Meas Range*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
20. Select ***ON*** for ***Δτ*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
21. Select ***ON*** for ***Δθ*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
22. Select ***ON*** for ***Chip Rate Error*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
23. Select ***ON*** for ***Quadrature Error*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
24. Press **Parameter Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.
25. Press **Channel Setup**.
The Channel Setup dialog box is displayed.

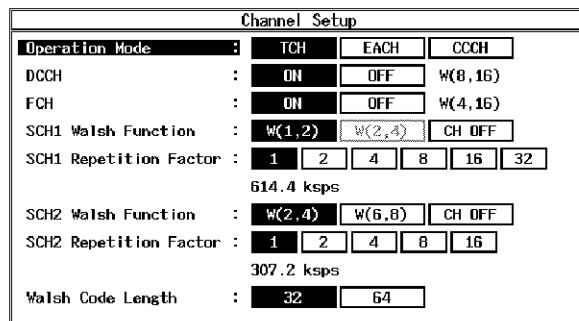


Figure 2-11 Channel Setup Dialog Box

26. Select ***TCH*** for ***Operation Mode*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
27. Select ***ON*** from ***DCCH*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
28. Select ***ON*** from ***FCH*** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.

2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement

29. Select **W(1, 2)** for **SCH1 Walsh Function** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
30. Select **1** for **SCH1 Repetition Factor** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
31. Select **W(2, 4)** for **SCH2 Walsh Function** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
32. Select **1** for **SCH2 Repetition Factor** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
33. Select **32** from **Walsh Code Length** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
34. Press **Channel Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.

Result display in CHANNEL Mode

35. Press **View Setup**.
The View Setup dialog box is displayed.

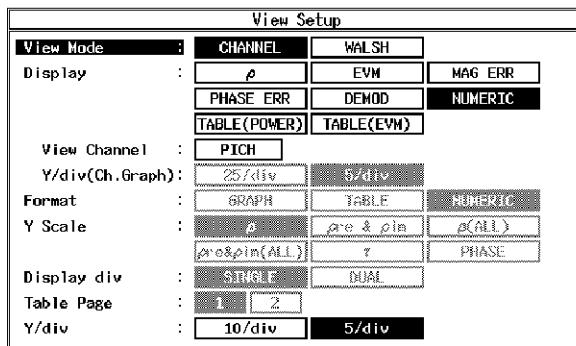
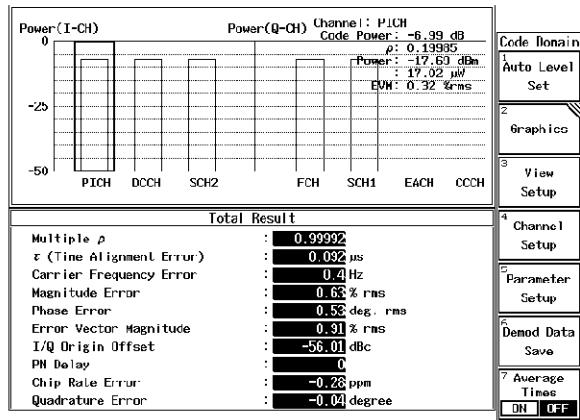


Figure 2-12 View Setup Dialog box

36. Select **CHANNEL** from **View Mode** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
37. Select **NUMERIC** from **Display** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
38. Select the desired channel (e.g., **PICH**) from **View Channel** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
39. Select **5/div** from **Y/div** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
40. Press **View Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.
41. Press **Auto Level Set**.
The measurement range is optimized.
42. Press **SINGLE**.
The single mode measurement is set and then the measurement results are displayed.

2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement



**Figure 2-13 Measurement Result for REVERSE LINK
(in CHANNEL Mode)**

Code Power	Channel power (dB) relative to the total power. (As a result, the total power is treated as 0 dB.)
ρ	Code domain power coefficient which is a ratio between a channel and the total power
Power	Absolute channel power (dBm or W)
EVM	Modulation accuracy per channel (%rms)
Multiple ρ	Waveform quality of the multiplexed signal
τ (Time Alignment Error)	Time delay for the trigger (μ s)
Carrier Frequency Error	(Hz)
Magnitude Error	Magnitude error of the multiplexed signal (%rms)
Phase Error	Phase error of the multiplexed signal (deg. rms)
Error Vector Magnitude	Modulation accuracy of the multiplexed signal (%rms)
I/Q Origin Offset	(dBc)
PN Delay	Synchronization position of pilot PN sequence. This is expressed using a value of 0 to 511.
Chip Rate Error	Chip rate error (ppm) relative to 1.2288 Mcps
Quadrature Error	Q-axis quadrature error relative to the I axis (degree)

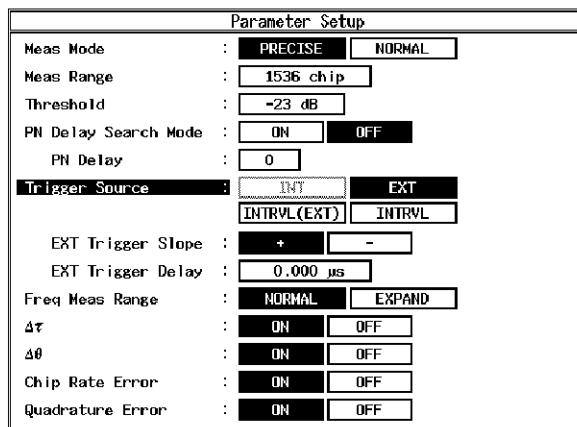
2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement

PN Delay

Since PN Delay Search Mode was set to ON, the PN delay has been measured. The measured PN delay can be used to reduce the measurement time when the PN Delay Search Mode is set to OFF.

Make the note of the measured PN delay so you can use it for the next procedure. In the example shown below, the measured PN delay is 0.

43. Press **Parameter setup**.
The Parameter Setup dialog box is displayed.
44. Press the ∇ key to select **PN Delay Search Mode** with the cursor.
45. Select **OFF** for **PN Delay Search Mode** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
46. Press **0** and **Hz (ENTR)** to set a **PN delay**.



**Figure 2-14 Parameter Setup Dialog Box
(Showing PN Delay Search Mode is OFF)**

47. Press **Parameter Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.
48. Press **SINGLE**.
The single mode measurement is set and then the measurement results are displayed.

Displaying the EVM for the specified channel

This displays the Error Vector Magnitude vs. symbol graph for the specified channel.

49. Press **View Setup**.
The View Setup dialog box is displayed.

2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement

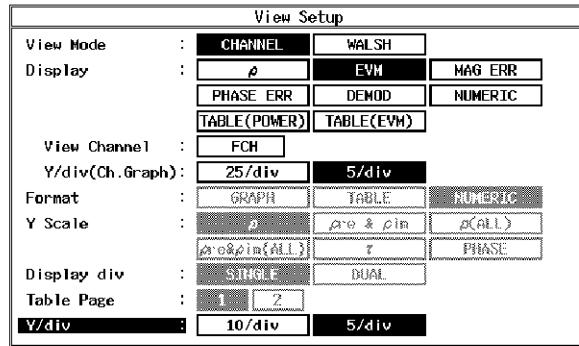


Figure 2-15 View Setup Dialog Box

50. Press the ∇ key to select **Display** with the cursor.
51. Select **EVM** for **Display** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
52. Select the desired channel (e.g., **FCH**) for **View Channel** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
53. Select **5/div** from **Y/div (Ch. Graph)** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
54. Press **View Setup**.

The dialog box is closed.

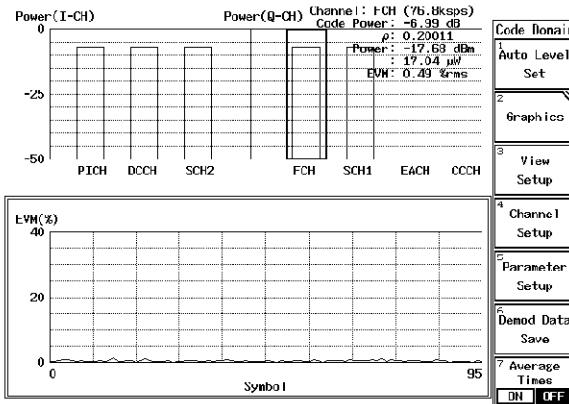


Figure 2-16 EVM for the FCH

Displaying the DEMOD for the specified channel

This displays the demodulated data for the specified channel.

55. Press **View Setup**.
- The View Setup dialog box is displayed.
56. Press the ∇ key to select **Display** with the cursor.

2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement

57. Select **DEMOD** for **Display** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
58. Select a desired channel (e.g., **FCH**) for **View Channel** using the data knob and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
59. Press **View Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.

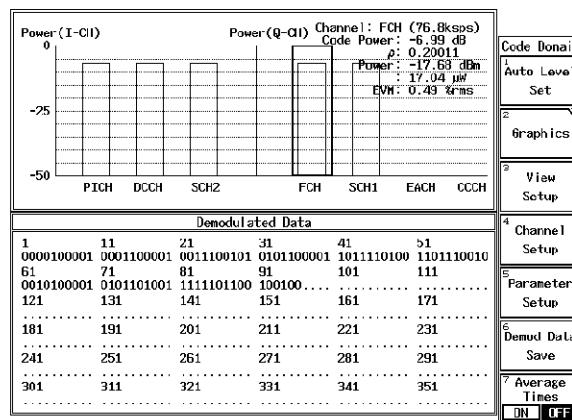


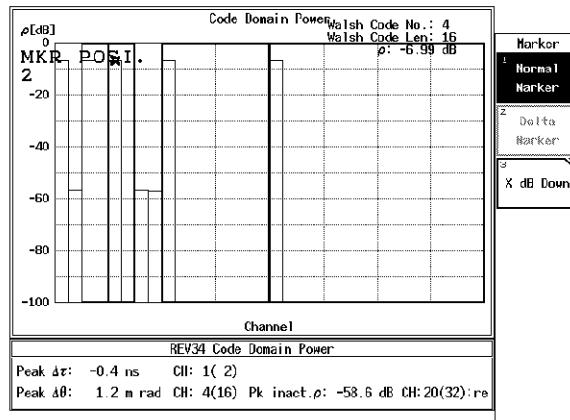
Figure 2-17 DEMOD for the FCH

Result display in WALSH Mode

Measurement result is displayed with the horizontal axis in the Walsh function.

60. Press **View Setup**.
The View Setup dialog box is displayed.
61. Select **WALSH** from **View Mode** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
62. Select **GRAPH** from **FORMAT** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
63. Select **ρ** from **Y Scale** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
64. Select **SINGLE** from **Display div** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
65. Select **10/div** from **Y/div** using the data knob, and press **Hz (ENTR)**.
66. Press **View Setup**.
The dialog box is closed.
67. Press **MKR**.
The marker is displayed.
68. Select **2** from **MKR POSI** using the data knob.
The marker moves between active channels

2.2 Mobile Station (MS) Code Domain Power Measurement



**Figure 2-18 Measurement Result for REVERSE LINK
(in WALSH Mode)**

Walsh Code No.:	Walsh Code number of the channel specified by the marker
Walsh Code Len:	Walsh Code length of the channel specified by the marker (chips)
ρ:	Logarithmic value of the code domain power coefficient of the channel specified by the marker (dB)
Peak Δτ CH:	The maximum time offset value relative to the pilot channel, and the Walsh code number and length of the channel
Peak Δθ CH:	The maximum phase offset value relative to the pilot channel, and the Walsh code number and length of the channel
Pk inact.ρ CH:	Displays the maximum power, Walsh code number, Walsh code length and the real and imaginary components for the inactive channel when the real and imaginary components of a code domain power coefficient are measured in log scales.

2.3 CCDF Measurement

2.3 CCDF Measurement

The CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) can be measured.

Setup

1. Connect the unit under test as shown in Figure 2-19.

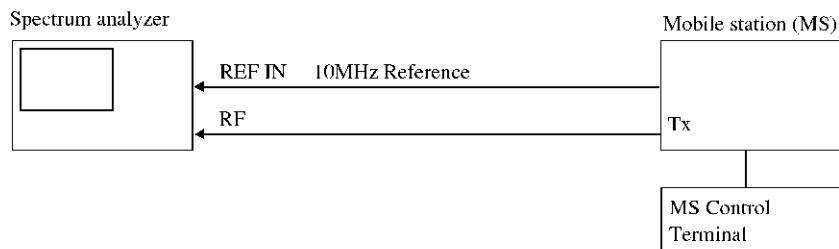


Figure 2-19 Setup for CCDF Measurement

Setting the measurement conditions

This changes the analyzer setting so that the input signal may be displayed more clearly.

2. Press **FREQ, 8, 2, 5, ., 0, 3** and **MHz**.
A center frequency of 825.03 MHz is set.
3. Press **SPAN, 2** and **MHz**.
A frequency span of 2 MHz is set.
4. Press **COUPLE, RBW AUTO/MNL(MNL), 3, 0** and **kHz**.
An RBW of 30 kHz is set.
5. Press **VBW AUTO/MNL(MNL), 1, 0, 0** and **kHz**.
A VBW of 100 kHz is set.
6. Press **LEVEL, 0** and **GHz(+dBm)**.
The reference level is set to 0 dBm.

2.3 CCDF Measurement

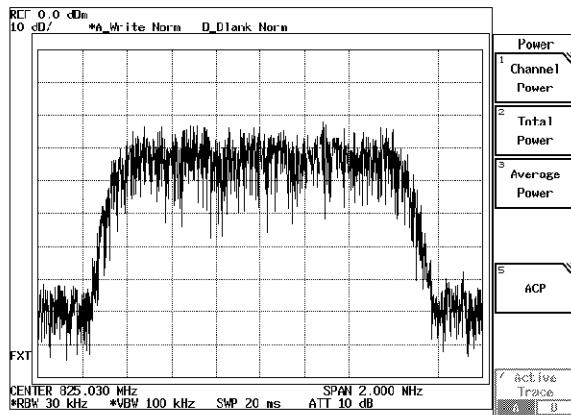


Figure 2-20 Spectrum of the Mobile Station Signal

CCDF Measurement

7. Press **TRANSIENT, Modulation, Power, CCDF** and **Parameter Setup**. The Parameter Setup dialog box is displayed.
8. Select **INT** from **Trigger Mode** using the data knob, and press the data knob (or ENTR). The measurement mode is set to a mode that uses the internal trigger.
9. Press **1, 0 and kHz** to set **Meas Length**. The number of measurement samples is set to 10k.

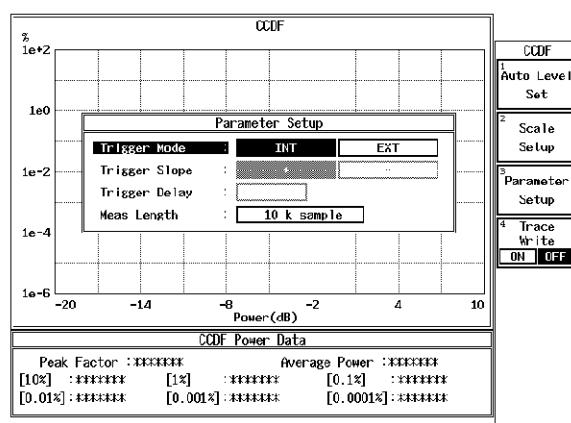


Figure 2-21 CCDF Parameter Setup Dialog Box

10. Press **Parameter Setup**. The dialog box is removed.
11. Press **Auto Level Set**. The measurement range is optimally set.

2.3 CCDF Measurement

12. Press **SINGLE**.

The measurement mode is set to the single mode and the measurement mode is displayed.

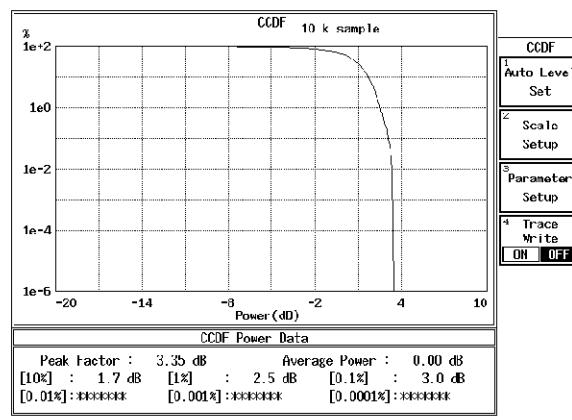


Figure 2-22 CCDF Measurement Result

Peak Factor	Peak factor
Average Power	Average power
[10%]	Power whose distribution is 10%
[1%]	Power whose distribution is 1%
[0.1%]	Power whose distribution is 0.1%
[0.01%]	Power whose distribution is 0.01%
[0.001%]	Power whose distribution is 0.001%
[0.0001%]	Power whose distribution is 0.0001%

Peak Factor	Peak factor
Average Power	Average power
[10%]	Power whose distribution is 10%
[1%]	Power whose distribution is 1%
[0.1%]	Power whose distribution is 0.1%
[0.01%]	Power whose distribution is 0.01%
[0.001%]	Power whose distribution is 0.001%
[0.0001%]	Power whose distribution is 0.0001%

Holding waveform

13. Press **Trace Write ON/OFF(ON)**.

The signal waveform is held.

14. Press **SINGLE**.

The measurement mode is set to SINGLE mode so that both the stored and current waveforms are displayed.

2.3 CCDF Measurement

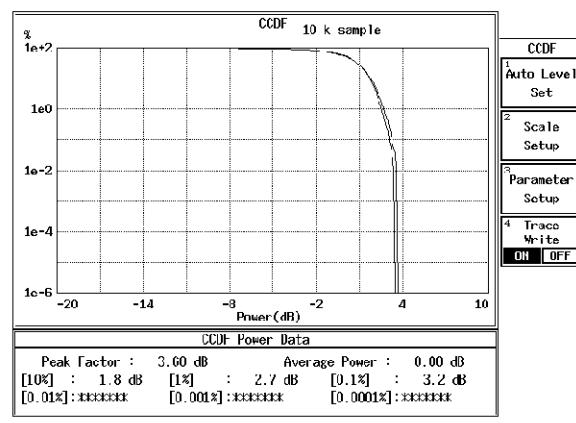


Figure 2-23 CCDF Measurement Result (Trace Write ON)

3 REFERENCE

This chapter describes the functions of the panel and soft keys for option 65 software.

3.1 Menu Index

This menu index is used to easily find the keys described in Chapter 3.

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		Constellation(Line&Dot)	3-17, 3-19, 3-20, 3-54,

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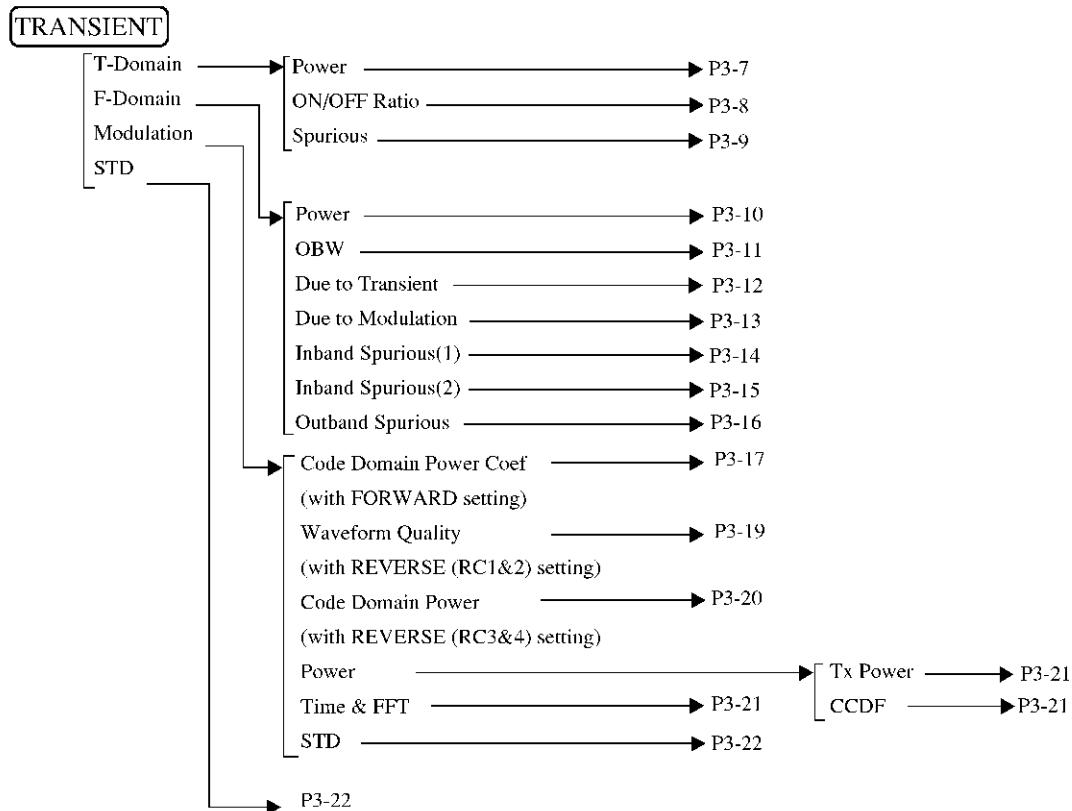
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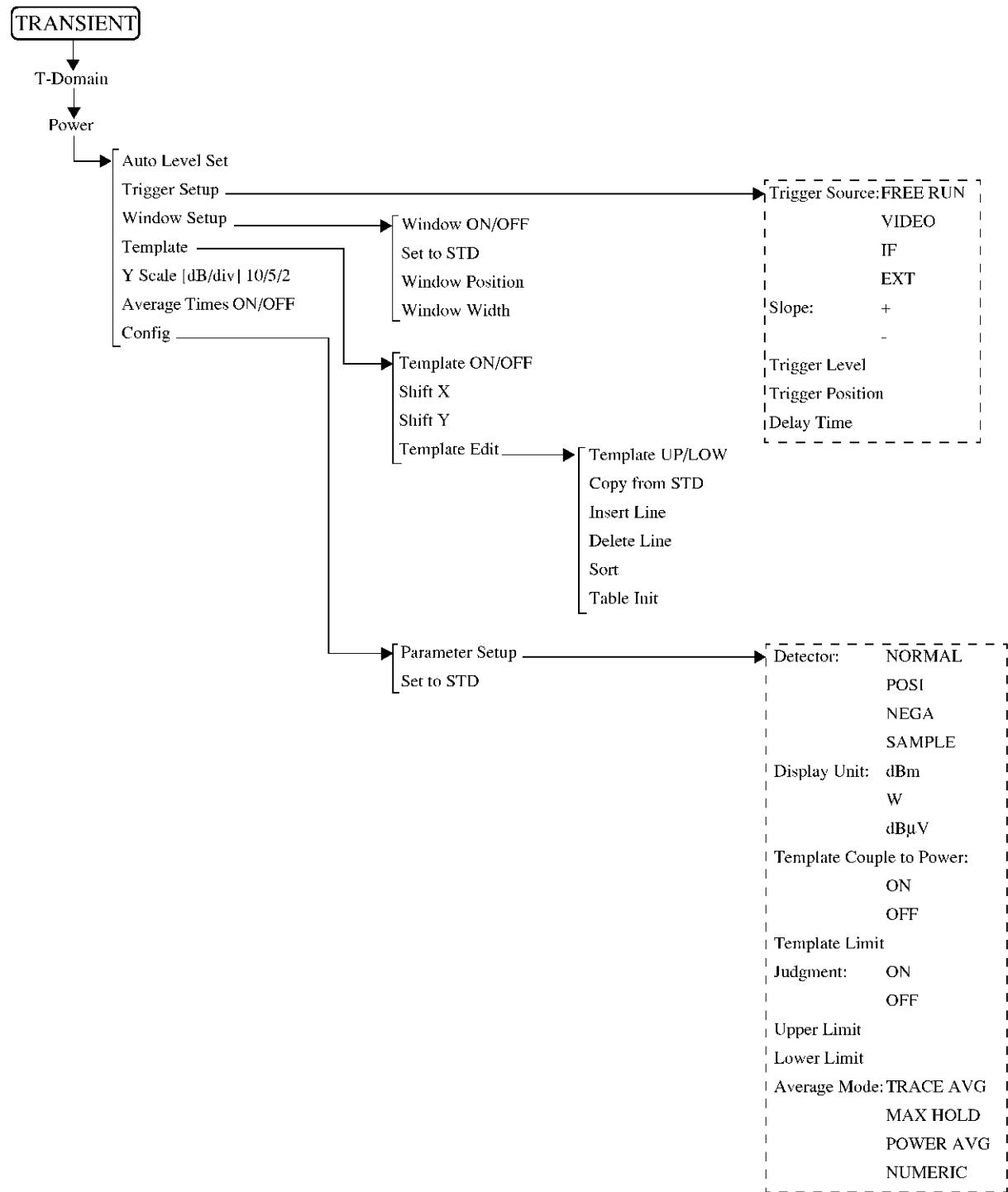
3.2 Menu Map

3.2 Menu Map

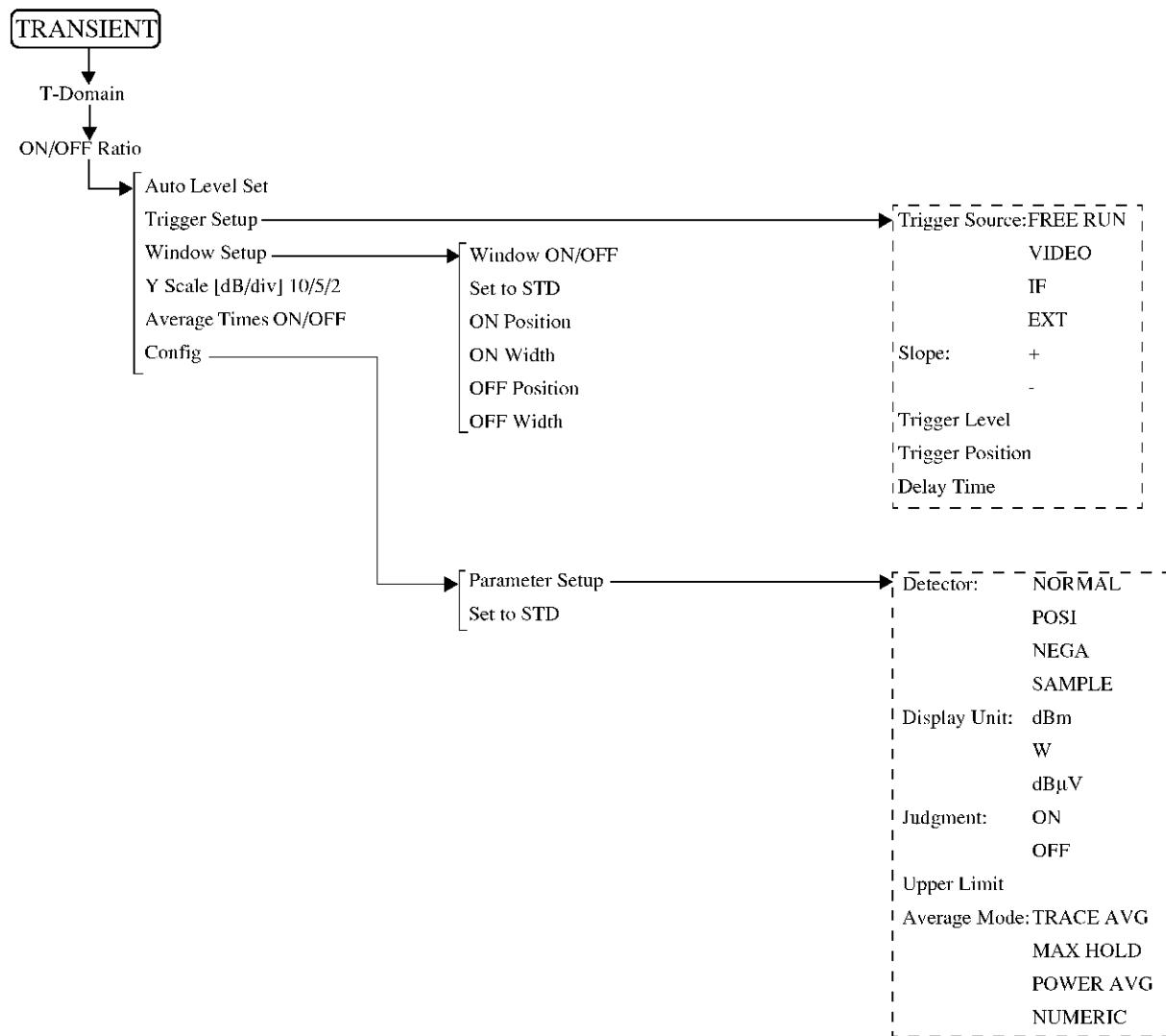
This section shows the hierarchical menu configuration on a panel key basis



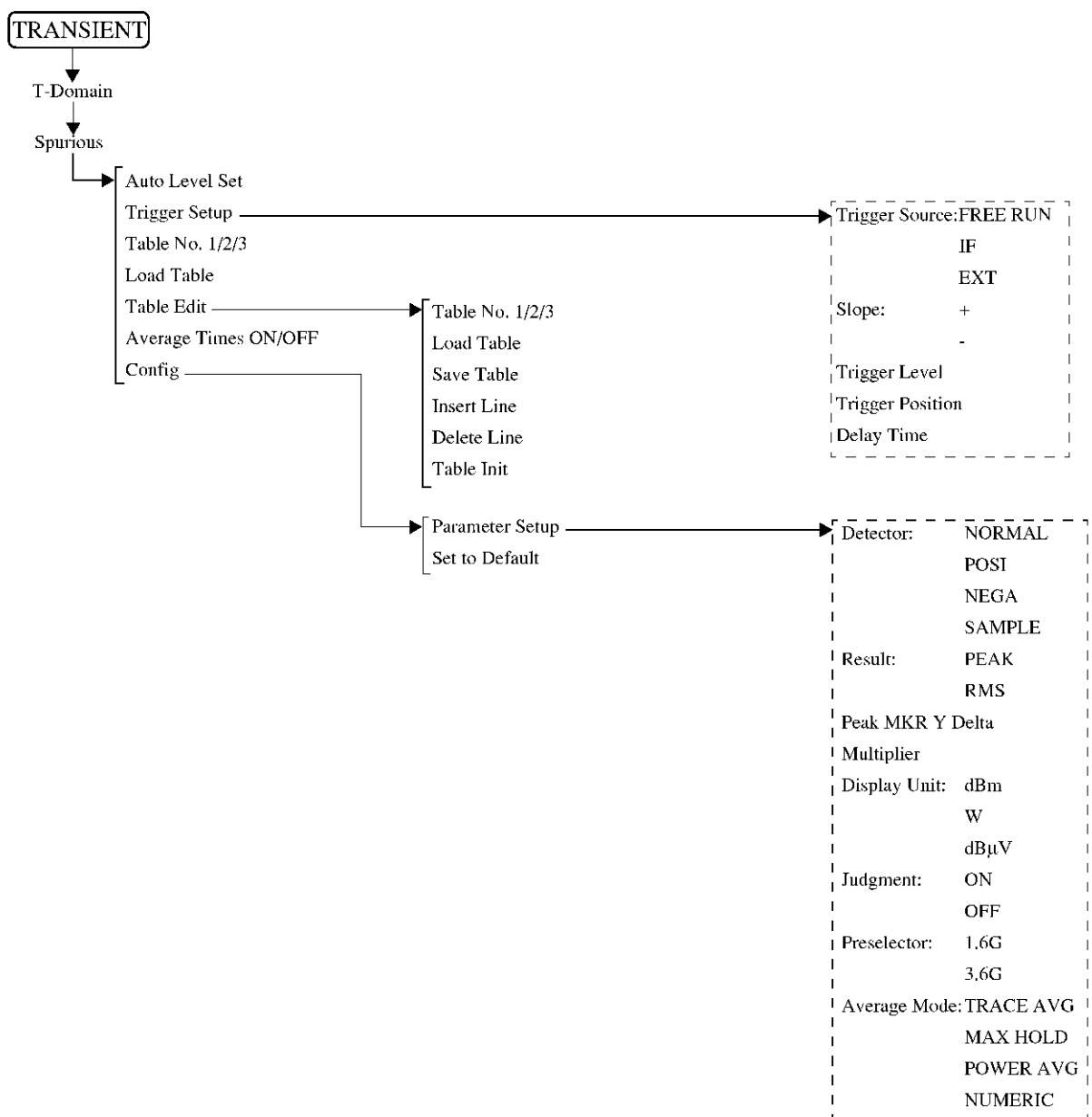
3.2 Menu Map



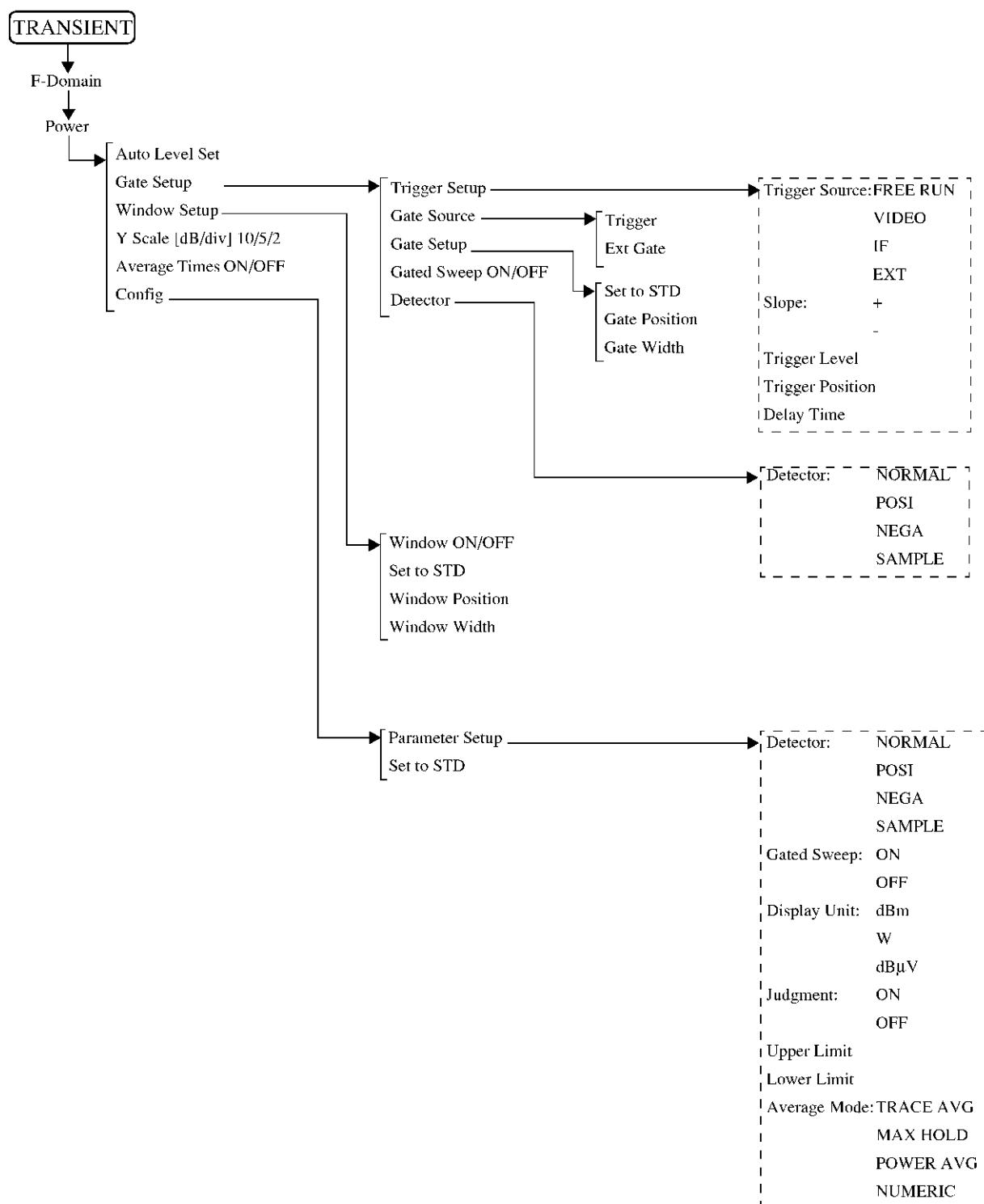
3.2 Menu Map

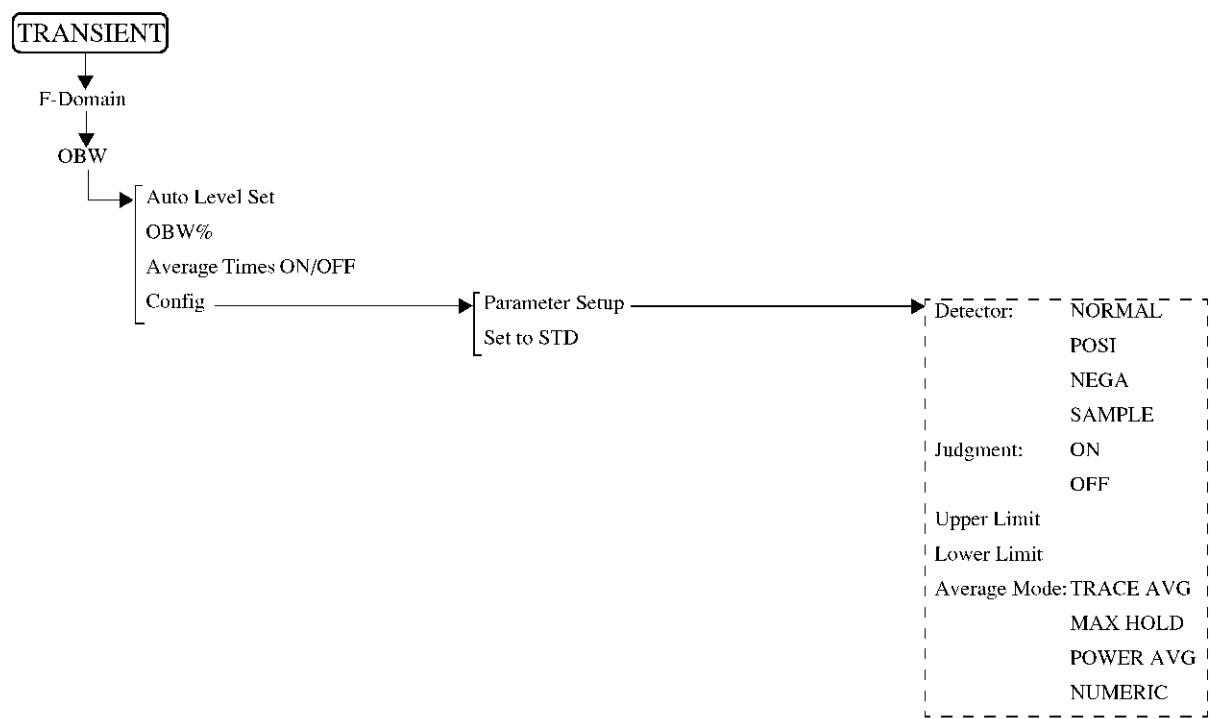


3.2 Menu Map

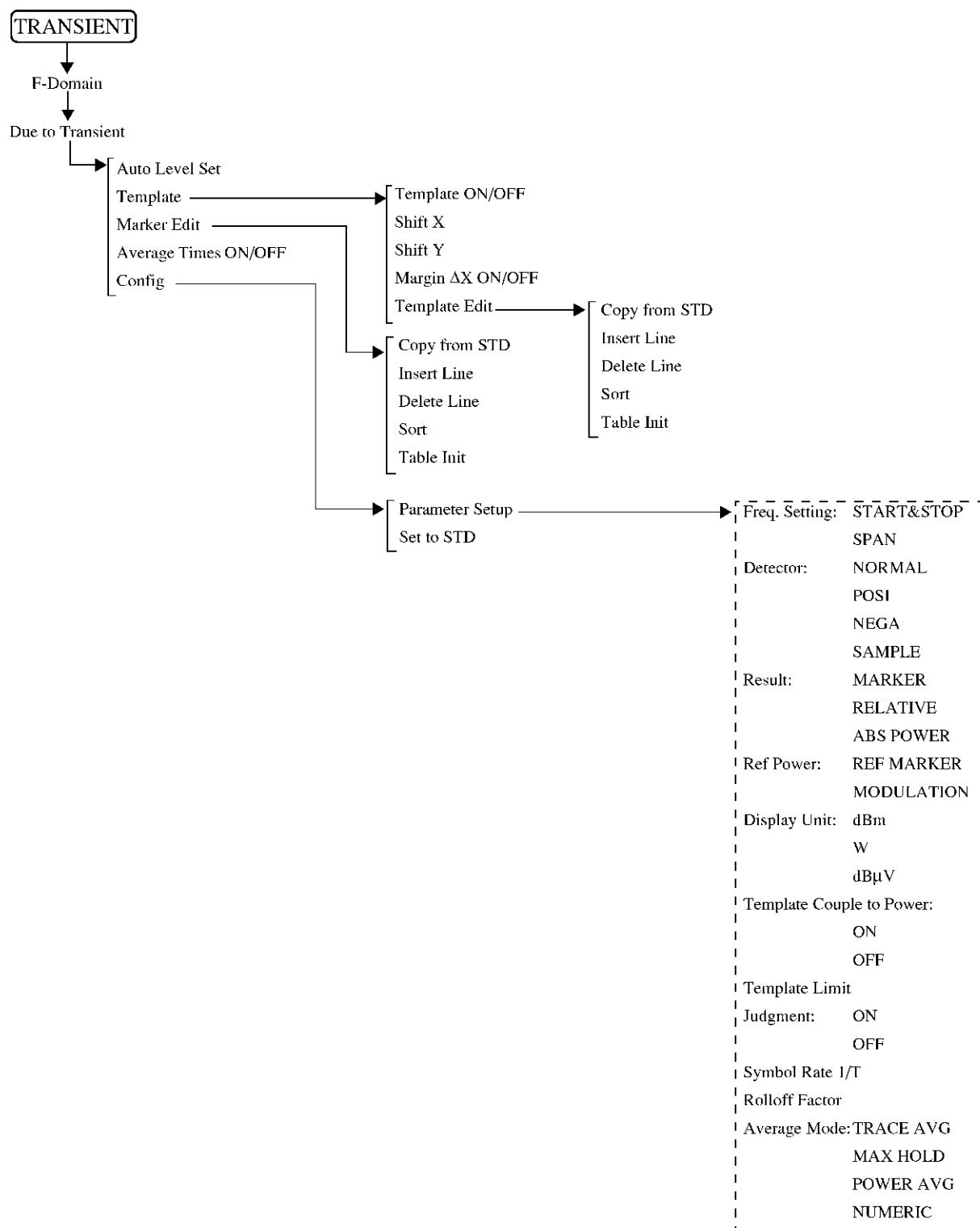


3.2 Menu Map

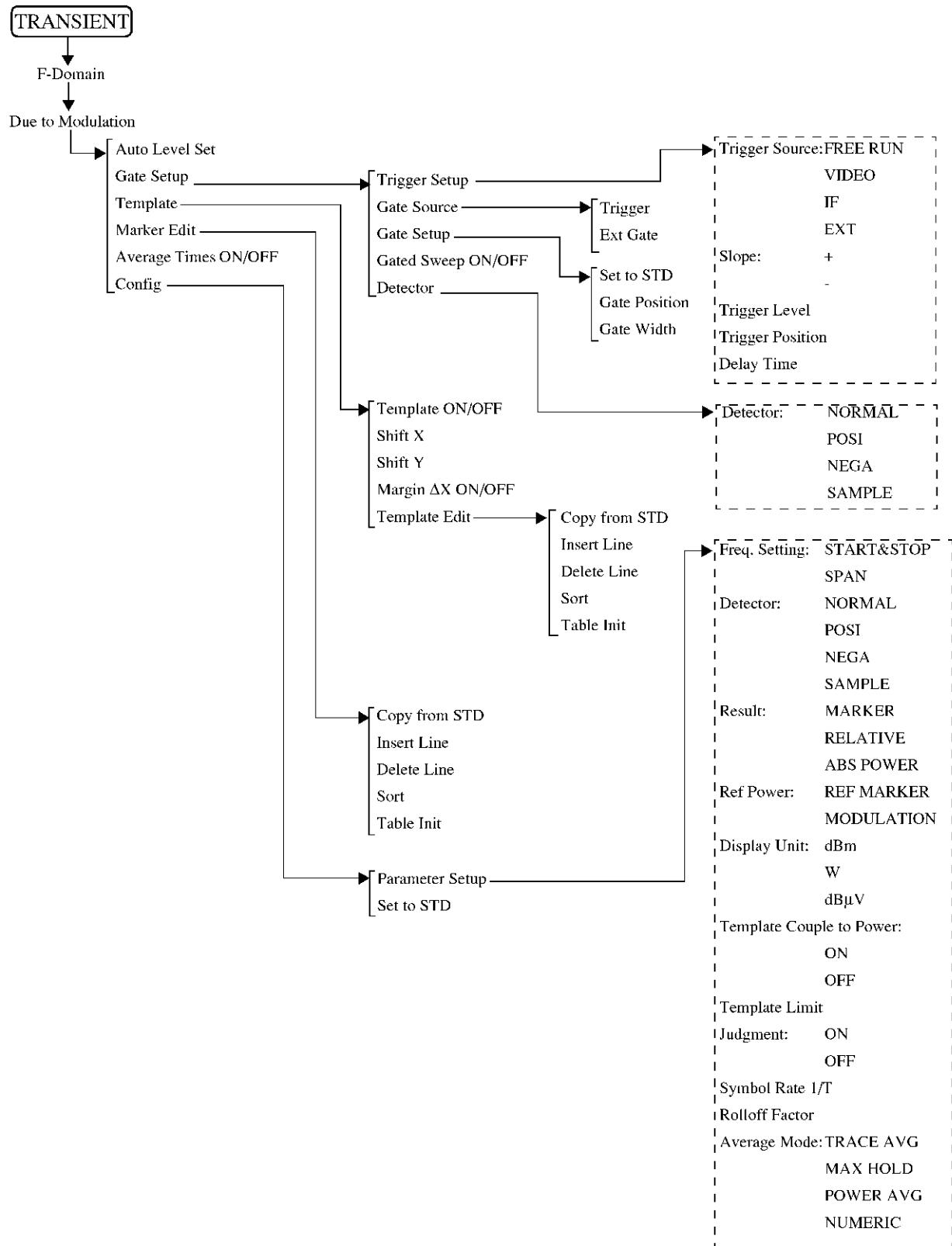




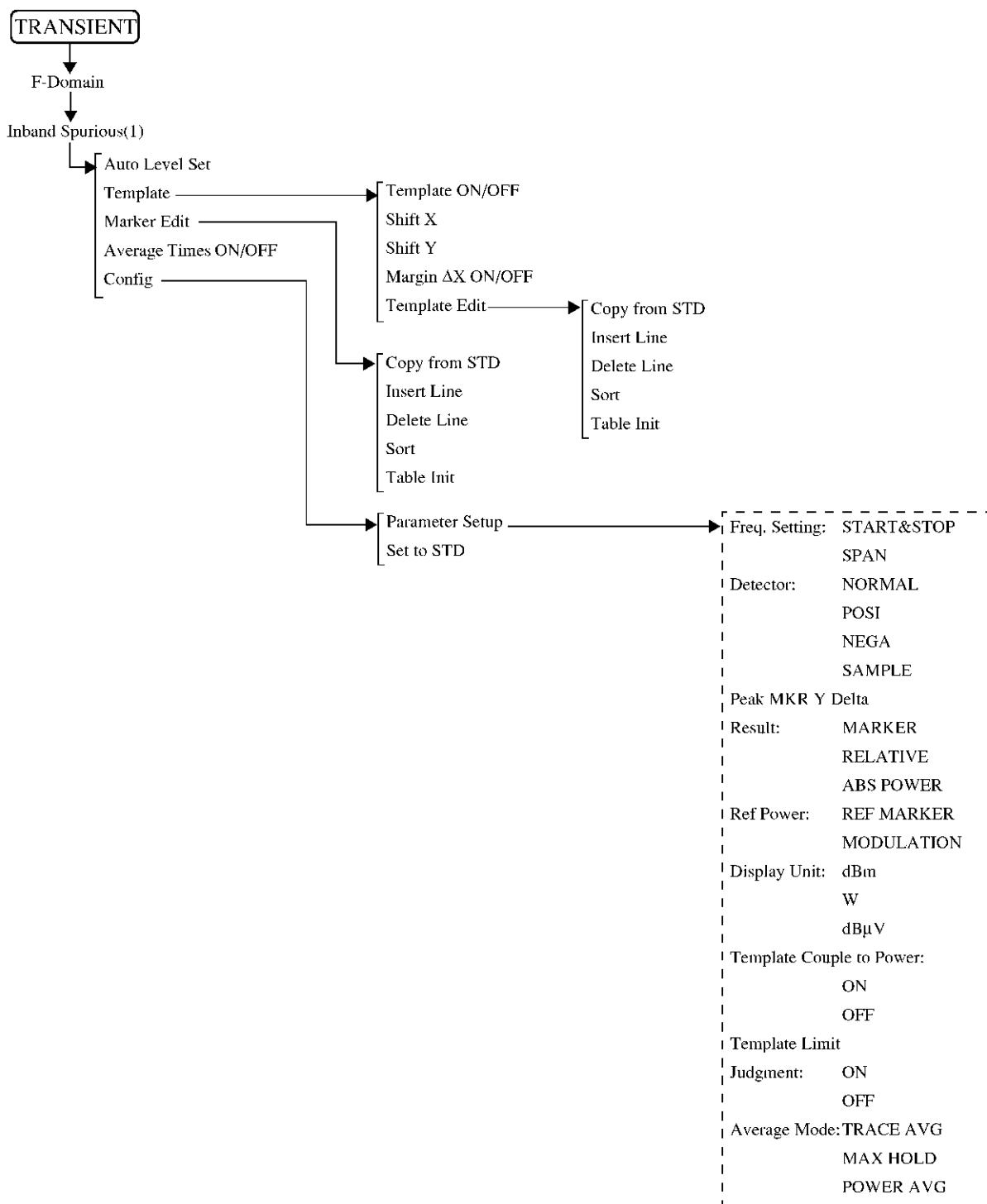
3.2 Menu Map

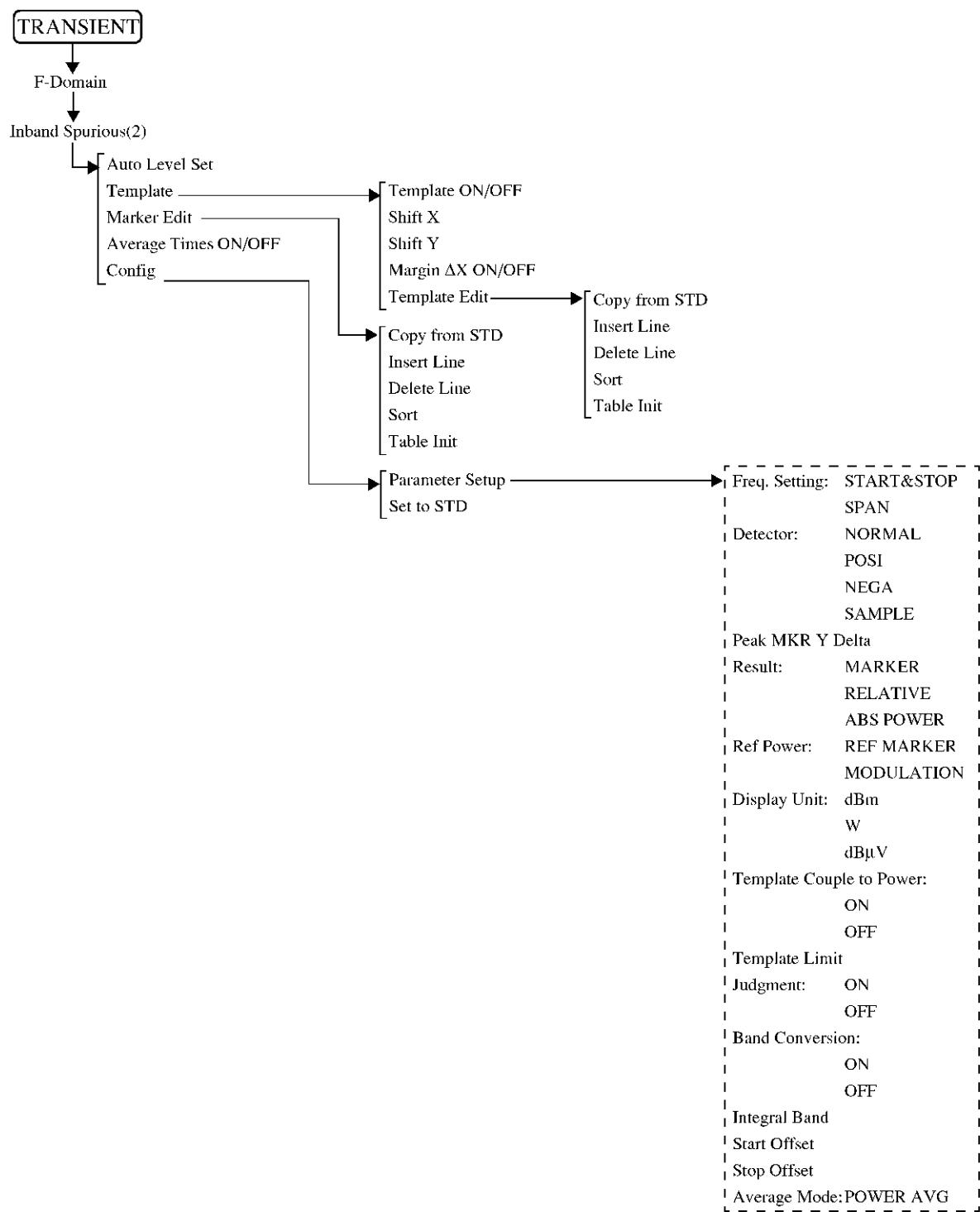


3.2 Menu Map

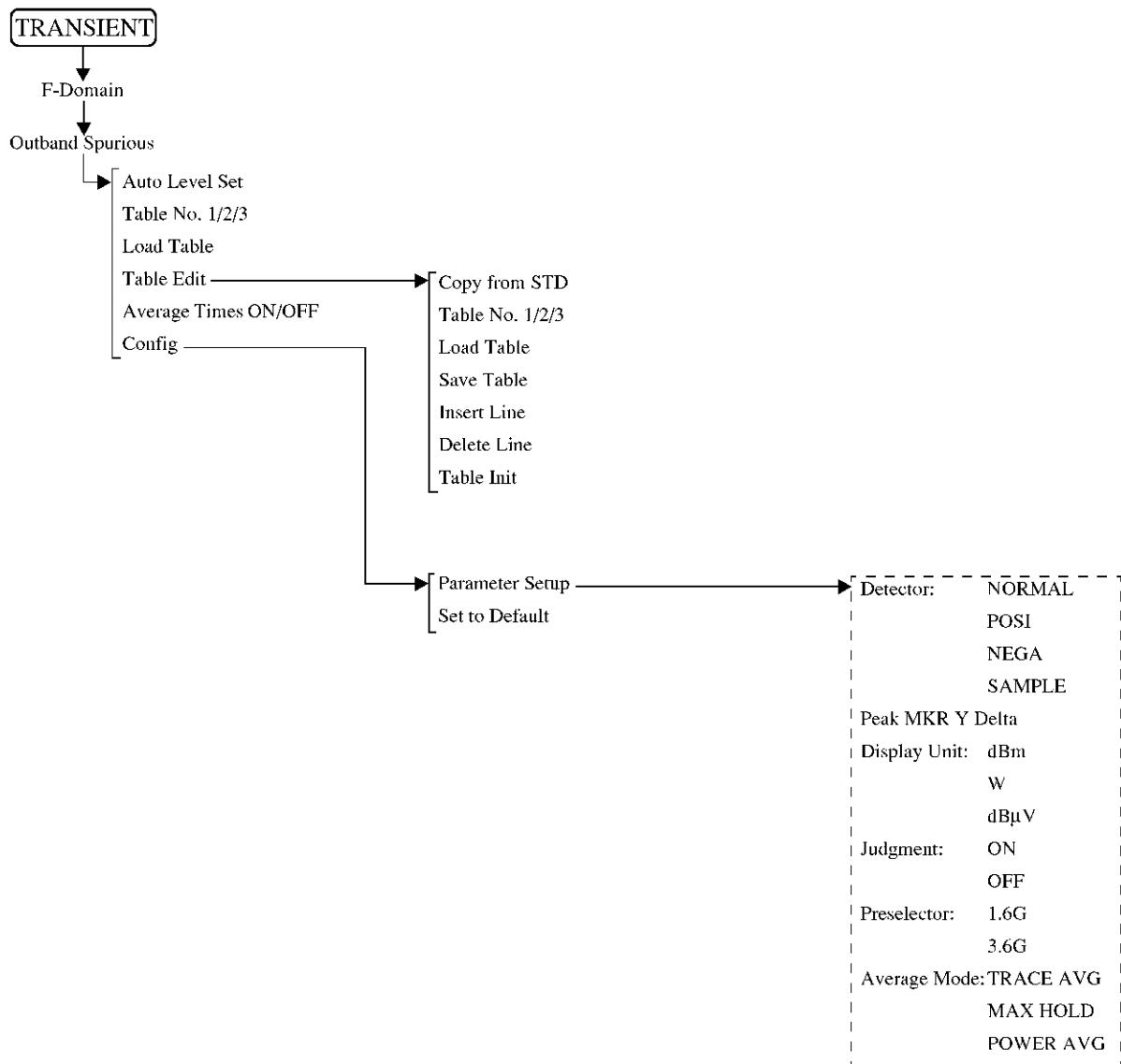


3.2 Menu Map

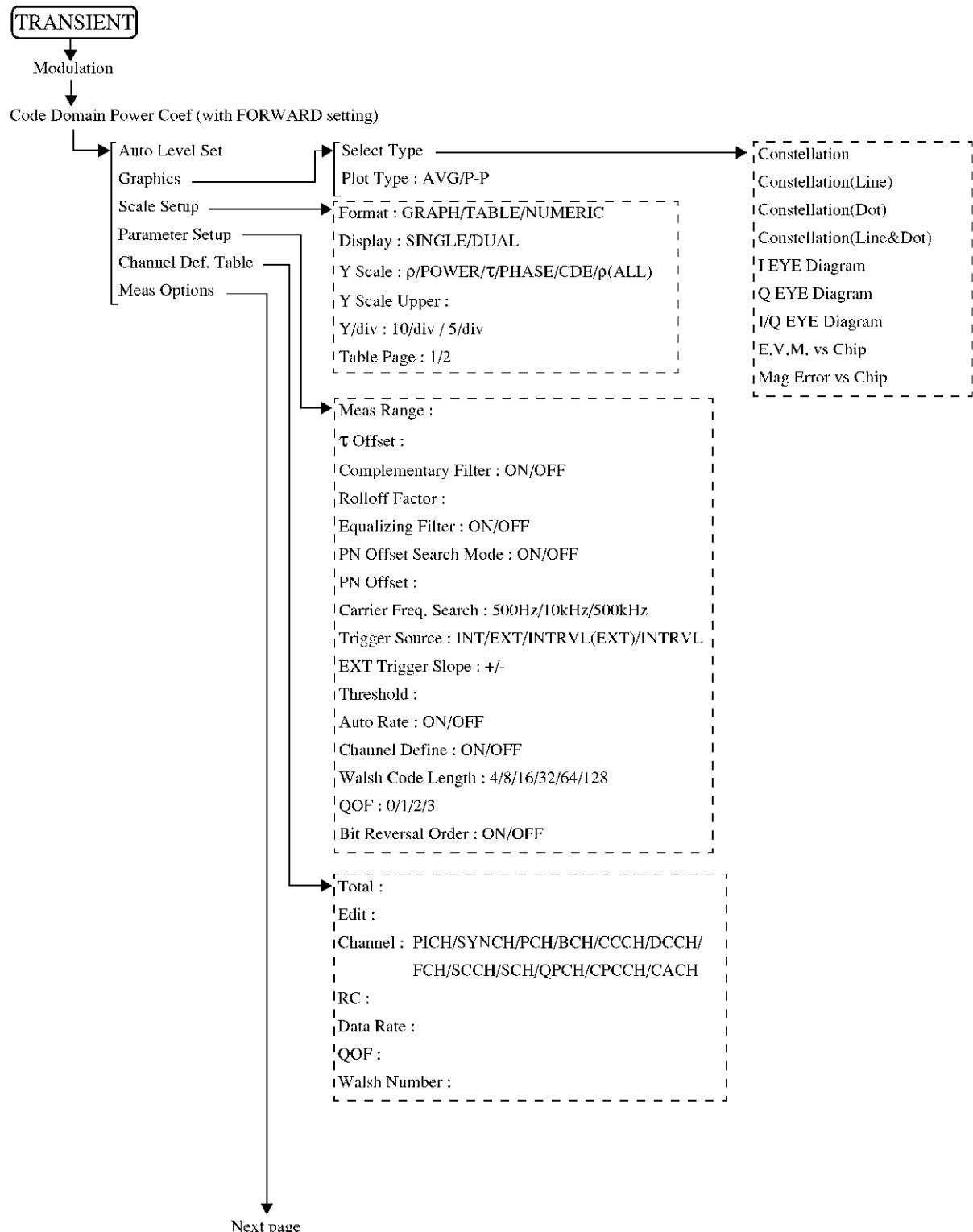




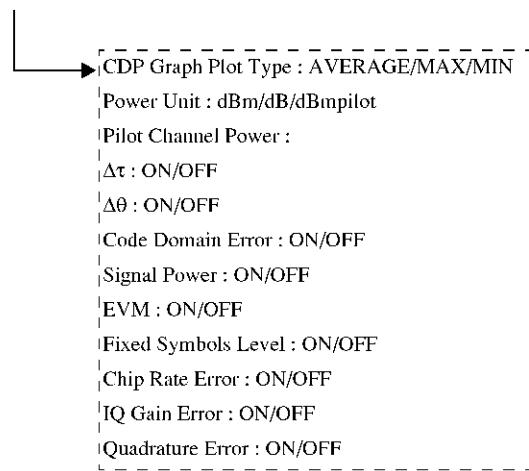
3.2 Menu Map



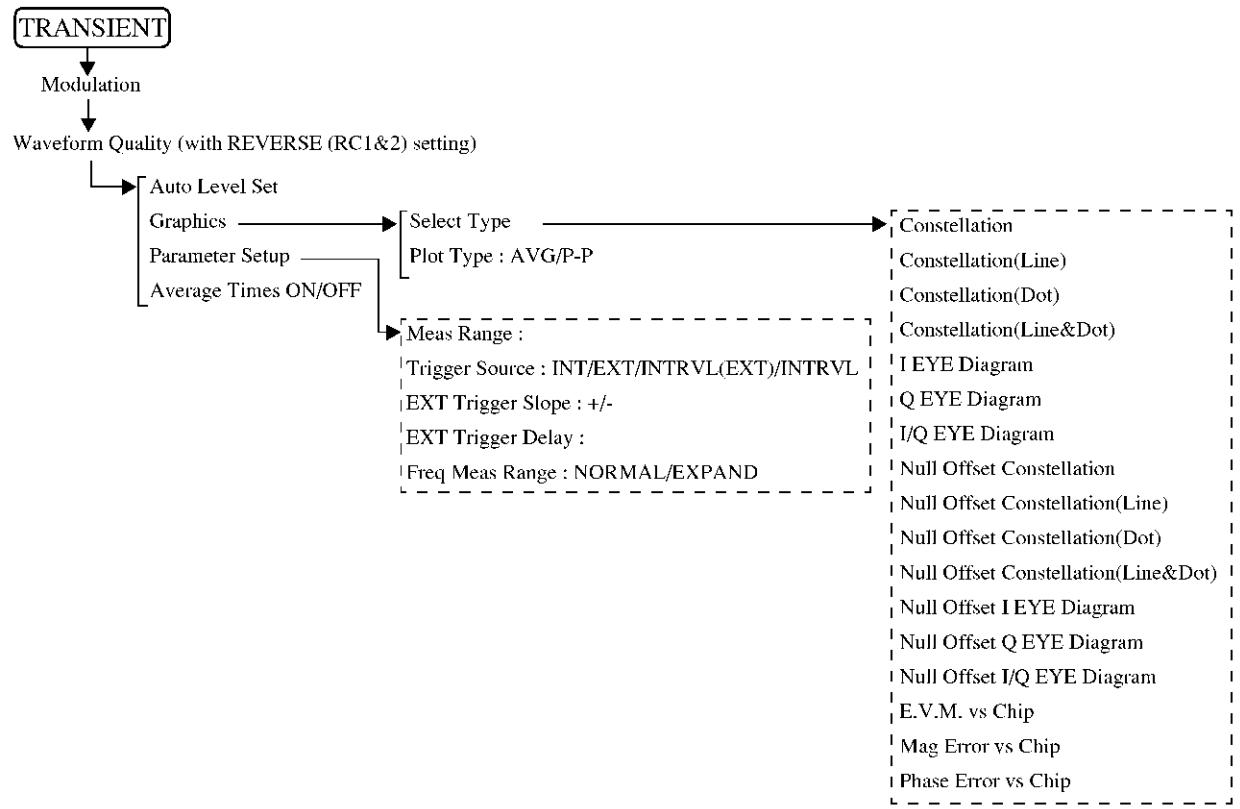
3.2 Menu Map



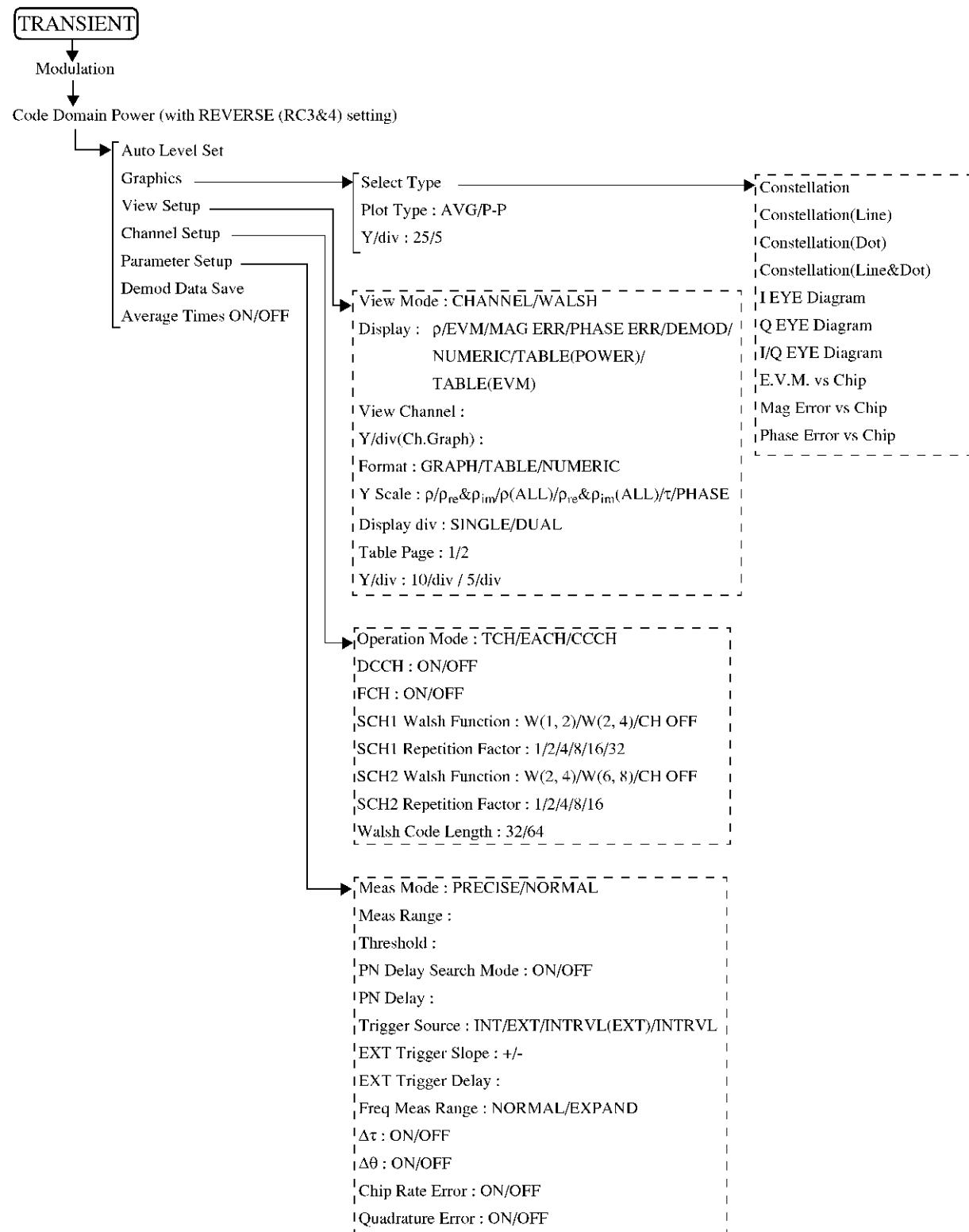
3.2 Menu Map

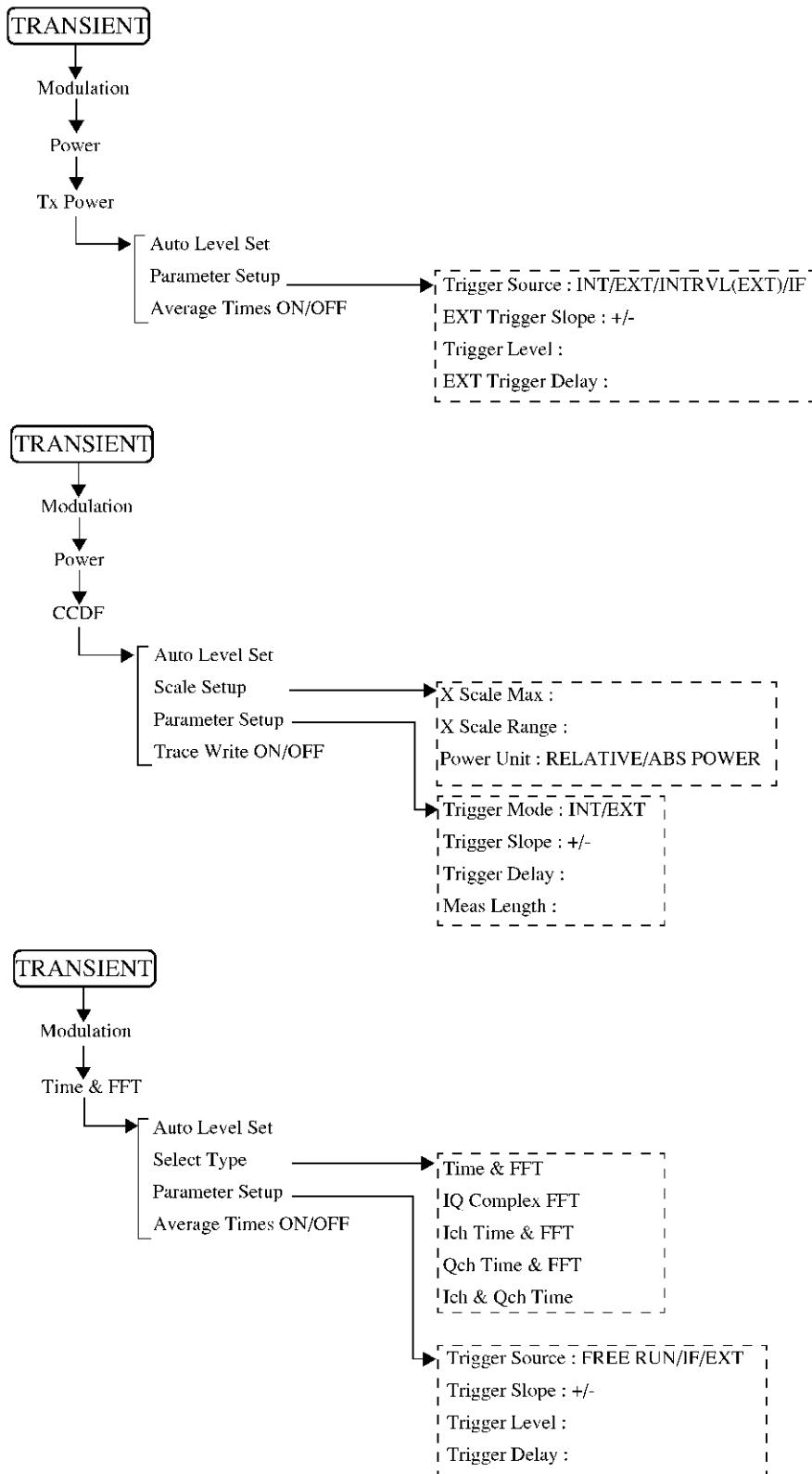


3.2 Menu Map

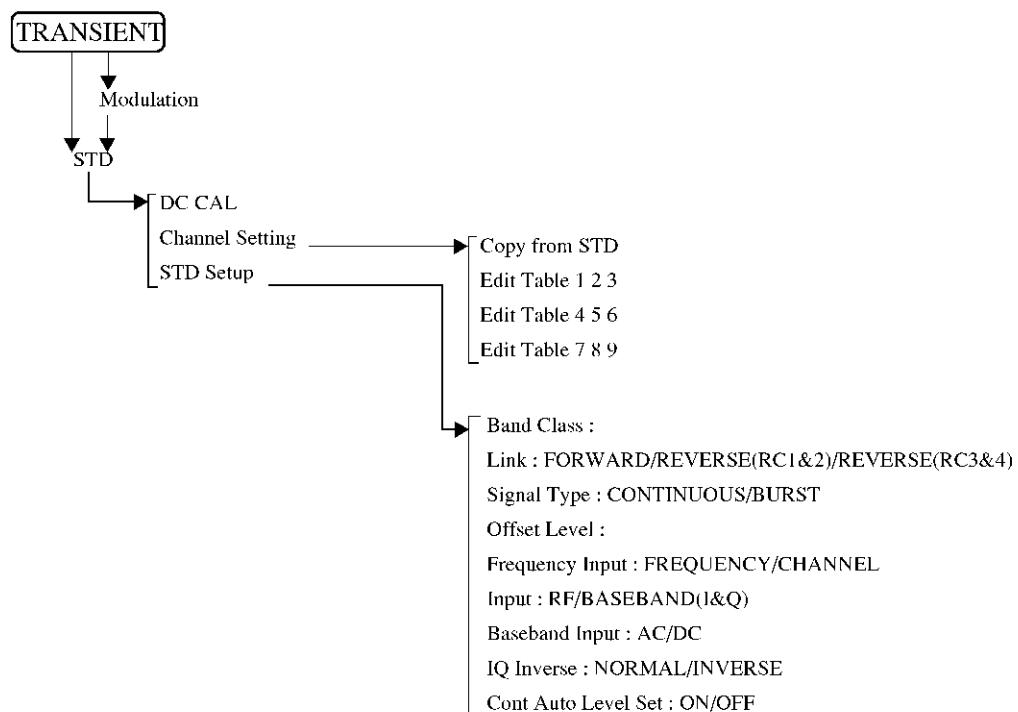


3.2 Menu Map



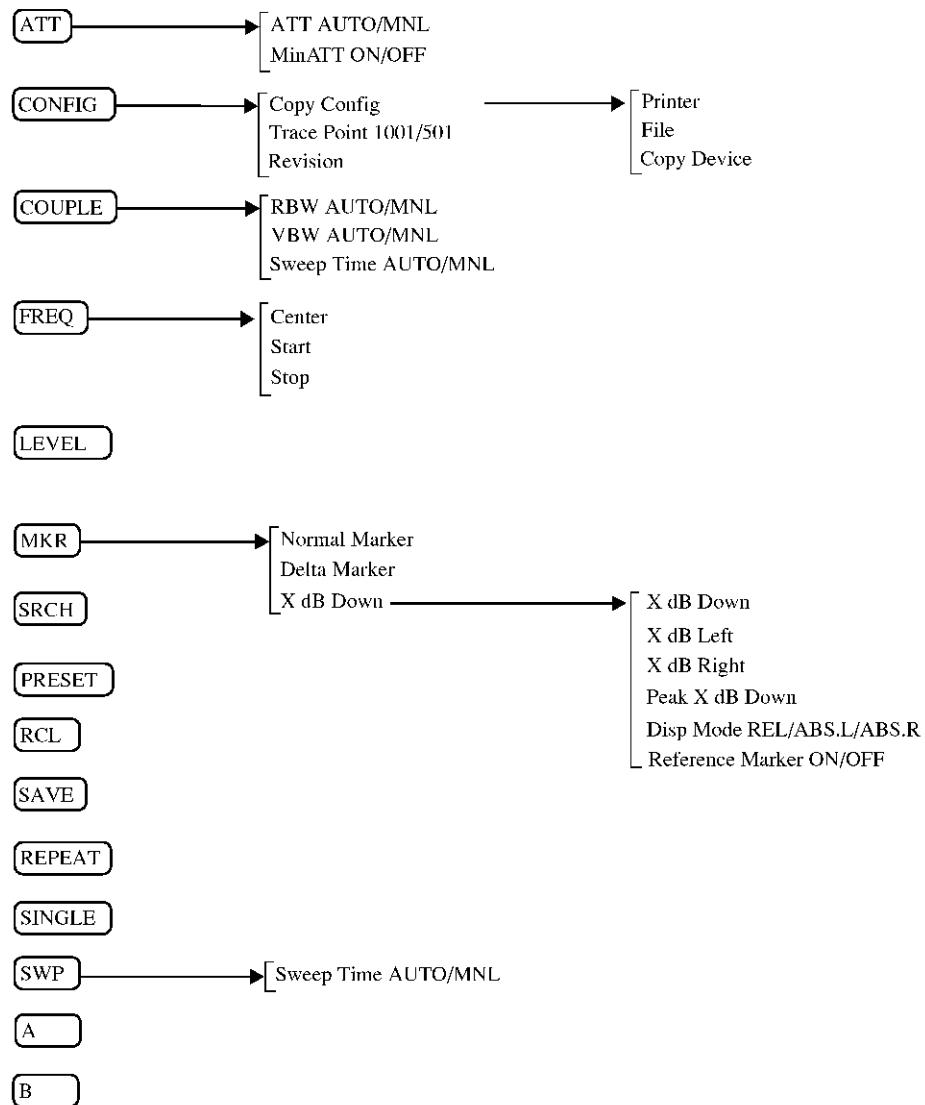


3.2 Menu Map



3.3 Functional Description

When modulation analysis hardware and software are installed, the following menus are assigned to the **TRANSIENT** key.



3.3 Functional Description

3.3.1 Switching Communication Systems

This section describes how to switch the communication systems. The analyzer must be set to the SPA mode to switch between the communication systems.

NOTE: *After the communication system has been switched, the parameters previously set for the former communication system will be cleared.*

If necessary, save the old parameters, before switching the communication system to another.

1. Press the **POWER** to enter the SPA mode.
2. Press **CONFIG**.
3. Press **more 1/2**.
If there are other communication systems installed, with which this instrument can analyze, “Comm.System” is displayed in the soft menu.
4. Press **Comm.System**.
Select the communication system you wish using the data knob, and press the knob (or **ENTR**).

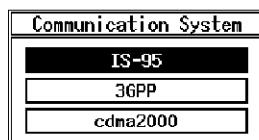


Figure 3-1 Communication Systems Dialog Box

5. When the data knob (or **ENTR**) is pressed, the message “LOADING” is displayed. After the message disappears, the switchover to another system is complete.
6. Press the **TRANSIENT** to confirm that the menu has been changed.

Saving set conditions

1. To save the parameters, press **SHIFT** and **RCL**.
2. Set the SAVE FILE number and press **Save**.

3.3.2 T-Domain

Carries out a measurement according to the standard using the zero span of the spectrum analyzer. Measurement items include power, ON/OFF ratio of a burst signal, and spurious measurements in the time domain with a specified frequency.

In the T-Domain measurement, the setting for the RBW, VBW, Sweep Time, or Detector is saved when exiting from each measurement and recalled when entering each measurement again. To return the setting to the value specified by the standard, press **Config** and **Set to STD**.

3.3.2.1 Power (T-Domain)

This is a function to measure power in the time domain (zero span).

There are two Pass/Fail judgment functions: a judgment function for the template and a judgment function for power.

NOTE: The RBW must be set wider than the modulation band.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The input signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Trigger Setup

Sets a trigger.

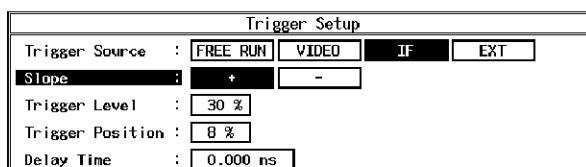


Figure 3-2 Trigger Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Source

Selects a trigger.

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

Slope

Selects the edge when triggering.

+: Triggers at the leading edge.

-: Triggers at the trailing edge.

3.3 Functional Description

Trigger Level	Sets the level to trigger.
Trigger Position	Sets the trigger position where it is displayed on the screen.
Delay Time	Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.

NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.

Window Setup	Sets the window used for power measurement.
Window ON/OFF	Displays a window showing the range for power measurement. When OFF is set, the power measurement range covers all points on the display screen.
Set to STD	Sets the window specified by the communication standard.
Window Position	Sets the position of the window.
Window Width	Sets the width of the window.

NOTE: When the window is partially outside the display, an arrow is shown next to Pose, Width or both in the area indicating the window conditions.

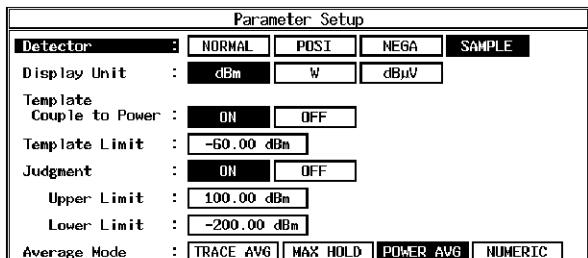
Template	Sets the template. For more information, refer to Section 5.1.1, “Template Setting in the T-Domain Measuring Mode.”
Template ON/OFF	Sets whether to display the template and to toggles the Pass/Fail judgment function on or off.
Shift X	Sets the amount of template movement in the X-axis direction.
Shift Y	Sets the amount of template movement in the Y-axis direction.
Template Edit	Edits the template.

Template UP/LOW Selects the upper template or the lower template.

Copy from STD Initializes the template.

Insert Line Inserts a line.

Delete Line Deletes a line.

Sort	Sorts template data in ascending order.																										
Table Init	Initializes the table.																										
Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2	Switches the display screen scale to 10, 5 or 2 dB/div.																										
Average Times ON/OFF	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.																										
Config																											
Parameter Setup	Sets the method of measurement, edits the template, and so forth.																										
	 <p>The dialog box is titled "Parameter Setup". It contains the following settings:</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>Detector</td><td>NORMAL</td><td>POSI</td><td>NEGA</td><td>SAMPLE</td></tr> <tr><td>Display Unit</td><td>dBm</td><td>W</td><td>dBμV</td></tr> <tr><td>Template Couple to Power</td><td>ON</td><td>OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Template Limit</td><td>-60.00 dBm</td></tr> <tr><td>Judgment</td><td>ON</td><td>OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Upper Limit</td><td>100.00 dBm</td></tr> <tr><td>Lower Limit</td><td>-200.00 dBm</td></tr> <tr><td>Average Mode</td><td>TRACE AVG</td><td>MAX HOLD</td><td>POWER AVG</td><td>NUMERIC</td></tr> </table>	Detector	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA	SAMPLE	Display Unit	dBm	W	dBμV	Template Couple to Power	ON	OFF	Template Limit	-60.00 dBm	Judgment	ON	OFF	Upper Limit	100.00 dBm	Lower Limit	-200.00 dBm	Average Mode	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG	NUMERIC
Detector	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA	SAMPLE																							
Display Unit	dBm	W	dBμV																								
Template Couple to Power	ON	OFF																									
Template Limit	-60.00 dBm																										
Judgment	ON	OFF																									
Upper Limit	100.00 dBm																										
Lower Limit	-200.00 dBm																										
Average Mode	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG	NUMERIC																							
	Figure 3-3 Parameter Setup Dialog Box																										
Detector	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Sets the detector.																										
Display Unit	dBm/W/dBμV Sets the display unit.																										
Template Couple to Power	Displays the template that is connected to the measured power. ON: Displays the template that is connected to the measured power. On the template edit screen, set the template level to the portion linked with the power value set to 0 dB. OFF: Displays the template regarding the Y-axis value edited by the template as an absolute value.																										
Template Limit	If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.																										
Judgment	Sets ON/OFF for Pass/Fail judgments.																										
Upper Limit	Sets the upper limit value of power.																										
Lower Limit	Sets the lower limit value of power.																										
Average Mode	Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.																										

3.3 Functional Description

TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

NUMERIC:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

Using POWER AVG displays the average waveforms, using NUMERIC displays the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.

Set to STD

Returns measurement parameters to the values specified by the communication standard.

3.3.2.2 ON/OFF Ratio

Measures the power during the burst-on period and the one during the burst-off period, and calculate the ratio of the powers.

Captures the signal with a trigger and calculates the ratio in reference to the burst on and burst off periods (the former is defined as the period immediately before the trigger point; the latter, immediately after the trigger point).

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must remain constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Trigger Setup

Sets a trigger.

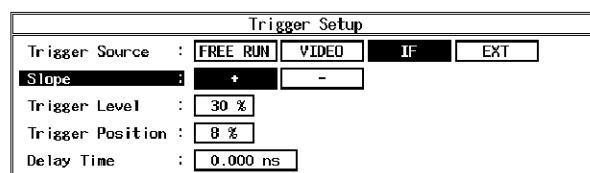


Figure 3-4 Trigger Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Source

Selects a trigger.

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.

- IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).
 EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

Slope	Selects the edge when triggering. +: Triggers at the leading edge. -: Triggers at the trailing edge.
Trigger Level	Sets the level to trigger.
Trigger Position	Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.
Delay Time	Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.

NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.

Window Setup	Sets the burst ON and OFF periods.
Window ON/OFF	Displays a window showing the range for power measurement.
Set to STD	Sets the value that is specified by or complies with the communication standard.
ON Position	Sets the desired position during the burst-on period.
ON Width	Sets the desired width during the burst-on period.
OFF Position	Sets the position during the burst-off period.
OFF Width	Sets the width during the burst-off period.

NOTE: When the window is partially outside the display, an arrow is shown next to Pose, Width or both in the area indicating the window conditions.

Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2	Selects the display screen scale to 10, 5 or 2 dB/div.
Average Times ON/OFF	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.
Config	

3.3 Functional Description

Parameter Setup

Sets measurement parameters and so on.

Parameter Setup				
Detector :	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA	SAMPLE
Display Unit :	dBm	W	dBμV	
Judgment :	ON	OFF		
Upper Limit :	-100.00 dB			
Average Mode :	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG	NUMERIC

Figure 3-5 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Detector

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE

Selects the detector.

Display Unit

dBm/W/dBμV

Sets the display unit of power.

*NOTE: The ON/OFF ratio is displayed in units of dB (fixed).***Judgment**

Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for the ON/OFF ratio.

Upper Limit

Enters the upper limit value.

Average Mode

Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data
(Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts
of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data
to take the root mean square value.

NUMERIC:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data
to take the root mean square value.Using POWER AVG displays the average waveforms,
using NUMERIC displays the swept waveforms and
takes an average of the measurement results only.**Set to STD**

Sets measurement parameters to the values specified by the communication standard.

3.3.2.3 Spurious (T-Domain)

This is a function to measure power (or peak power) according to the frequency specified in the table by sweeping in the zero span mode.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Trigger Setup

Sets a trigger.



Figure 3-6 Trigger Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Source

Selects a trigger.

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

Slope

Selects the edge when triggering.

+: Triggers at the leading edge.

-: Triggers at the trailing edge.

Trigger Level

Sets the level to trigger.

Trigger Position

Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.

Delay Time

Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.

NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.

Table No. 1/2/3

Selects the measurement table.

3.3 Functional Description

Load Table	Loads the measurement table.																																								
Table Edit	Edits the measurement table.																																								
Table No. 1/2/3	Selects the table to be edited.																																								
Load Table	Loads the measurement table.																																								
Save Table	Saves the measurement table.																																								
Insert Line	Inserts additional frequency data before the selected frequency number.																																								
Delete Line	Deletes the selected line.																																								
Table Init	Initializes the table.																																								
Average Times ON/OFF	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.																																								
Config																																									
Parameter Setup	Sets measurement conditions and so on.																																								
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="4" style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Parameter Setup</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Detector :</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">NORMAL</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">POSI</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">NEGA</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Result :</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">PEAK</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">RMS</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Peak MKR Y Delta :</td> <td colspan="3" style="border: 1px solid black; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Multiplier :</td> <td colspan="3" style="border: 1px solid black; height: 20px; text-align: center;">1.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Display Unit :</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">dBm</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">W</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">dBμV</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Judgment :</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">ON</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">OFF</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Preselector :</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.60</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3.60</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Average Mode :</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">TRACE AVG</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">MAX HOLD</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">POWER AVG</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">NUMERIC</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Parameter Setup				Detector :	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA	Result :	PEAK	RMS		Peak MKR Y Delta :				Multiplier :	1.000			Display Unit :	dBm	W	dBμV	Judgment :	ON	OFF		Preselector :	1.60	3.60		Average Mode :	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG		NUMERIC		
Parameter Setup																																									
Detector :	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA																																						
Result :	PEAK	RMS																																							
Peak MKR Y Delta :																																									
Multiplier :	1.000																																								
Display Unit :	dBm	W	dBμV																																						
Judgment :	ON	OFF																																							
Preselector :	1.60	3.60																																							
Average Mode :	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG																																						
	NUMERIC																																								

Figure 3-7 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Detector	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Sets the detector.
Result	PEAK/RMS Sets whether to display the result using average power or peak power.
Peak MKR Y Delta	Sets the Y delta of the peak marker.
Multiplier	Multiplies the measurement result by the set value, then displays the resultant value.
Display Unit	dBm/W/dBμV Sets the display units.

Judgment Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for the limit value.

Preselector Sets the preselector.

NOTE: This menu is displayed on R3267 only.

1.6G: Used to measure harmonics of more than 1.6 GHz or spurious signals when the carrier frequency is lower than 1.6 GHz.

3.6G: Used to set this parameter for cases other than that above.

Average Mode Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

NUMERIC:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

Using POWER AVG displays the average waveforms, using NUMERIC displays the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.

Set to Default Returns the set value to the default.

3.3.3 F-Domain

Carries out a measurement according to the communication standard using the spectrum analyzer's sweep measurement method. Measurement items include power, occupied bandwidth, ACP Due To Transient, ACP Due to Modulation, Inband Spurious, and Outband Spurious measurements in the frequency domain.

In F-Domain measurement, the setting for the RBW, VBW, Sweep Time, or Detector is saved when exiting each measurement and recalled when entering each measurement again. To return the setting to the value specified by the standard, press **Config** and **Set to STD**.

3.3.3.1 Power (F-Domain)

This is a function to measure power in the frequency domain using the spectrum analyzer.

Auto Level Set Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

3.3 Functional Description

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Gate Setup

Sets the gated sweep.

This setting is required when the input signal is a burst signal and Sample Detector is used.

Trigger Setup

Sets a trigger.

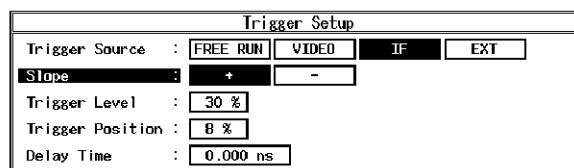


Figure 3-8 Trigger Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Source

Selects a trigger.

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

Slope

Selects the edge when triggering.

+: Triggers at the leading edge.

-: Triggers at the trailing edge.

Trigger Level

Sets the level to trigger.

Trigger Position

Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.

Delay Time

Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.

NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.

Gate Source**Trigger**

Sets Trigger Source specified by Trigger Setup as Gate Source.

NOTE: When Trigger Source is set to IF and SPAN is set to a frequency higher than 6 MHz, the sweeping seems to be stopped, because the IF trigger bandwidth is approximately 6 MHz and the gate trigger is failing.

Ext Gate Sets the gated sweep mode using the gate signal input from the EXT GATE terminal on the rear panel.

Gate Setup Sets the gated sweep range when Trigger is selected for Gate Source.

Set to STD Sets the gate position and width to the values specified by the communication standard.

Gate Position Sets the gate position.

Gate Width Sets the gate width.

Gated Sweep ON/OFF Starts the gated sweep.

Detector NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE
Selects the detector.

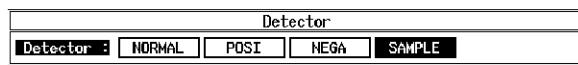


Figure 3-9 Detector Dialog Box

Window Setup Sets the frequency range used for power measurement.

Window ON/OFF Sets the window to ON or OFF. When the window is set to OFF, the power measurement range becomes a sweep band.

Set to STD Sets the value determined by the communication standard.

Window Position Sets the position of the window.

Window Width Sets the width of the window.

NOTE: When the window is partially outside the display, an arrow is shown next to Pose, Width or both in the area indicating the window conditions.

Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2 Sets the display scale.

Average Times ON/OFF Sets the averaging count.
For the method of average processing, refer to "Average Mode" in the Config → Parameter Setup.

3.3 Functional Description

Config***Parameter Setup***

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

Parameter Setup				
Detector	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA	SAMPLE
Gated Sweep	ON	OFF		
Display Unit	dBm	W	dBμV	
Judgment	ON	OFF		
Upper Limit	100.00 dBm			
Lower Limit	-200.00 dBm			
Average Mode	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG	NUMERIC

Figure 3-10 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

- Detector*** NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE
Selects the detector.
- Gated Sweep*** Sets the gated sweep to ON or OFF.
- Display Unit*** dBm/W/dBμV
Selects the display unit.
- Judgment*** Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for measured power.
- Upper Limit*** Sets the upper limit for Pass/Fail judgment.
- Lower Limit*** Sets the lower limit for Pass/Fail judgment.
- Average Mode*** selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.
TRACE AVG:
Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.
MAX HOLD:
Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.
POWER AVG:
Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.
NUMERIC:
Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.
Using POWER AVG displays the average waveforms, using NUMERIC displays the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.
- Set to STD*** Sets the measurement parameters to the values specified by the communication standard.

3.3.3.2 OBW

Measure an occupied bandwidth.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

OBW%

Sets the frequency, including the percentage of the total power as an occupied bandwidth, when calculating the occupied bandwidth.

Average Times ON/OFF

Sets the averaging count.

For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.

Config

Parameter Setup

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

Parameter Setup				
Detector	:	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA
Judgment	:	ON	OFF	
Upper Limit	:	2.50 MHz		
Lower Limit	:	750 kHz		
Average Mode	:	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG
				NUMERIC

Figure 3-11 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Detector

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE
Selects the detector.

Judgment

Sets ON/OFF of the Pass/Fail judgment for the occupied bandwidth.

Upper Limit

Sets the upper limit for Pass/Fail judgment.

Lower Limit

Sets the lower limit for Pass/Fail judgment.

Average Mode

selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:

Calculates OBW based on the waveforms, which were generated as a result of arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the log mode.

3.3 Functional Description

MAX HOLD:

Calculates OBW based on the waveform with the maximum value within the average counts of the measured data.

POWER AVG:

Calculates OBW based on the waveforms, which were calculated as a result of the conversion of the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the room mean square.

NUMERIC:

Calculates OBW by sweep and calculates arithmetic average to display the result. The displayed waveforms are not averaged.

Set to STD

Sets the measurement parameters to the values specified by the communication standard.

3.3.3.3 Due to Transient

This is a function to measure the spectrum, including the rise and fall times of the burst.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Template

Sets and edits the template.

For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, “Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode.”

Template ON/OFF

Sets ON/OFF of the template display.

When Template is set to ON, the Pass/Fail judgment for the template is displayed under the sweep screen.

Shift X

Shifts the set template in the frequency direction (X-axis).

Shift Y

Shifts the set template in the level direction (Y-axis).

Margin ΔX ON/OFF

Magnifies the template in the X-axis direction with a set template frequency 0 as the center.

Template Edit

Opens the template edit menu.

Copy from STD

Copies the template defined in the communication standard.

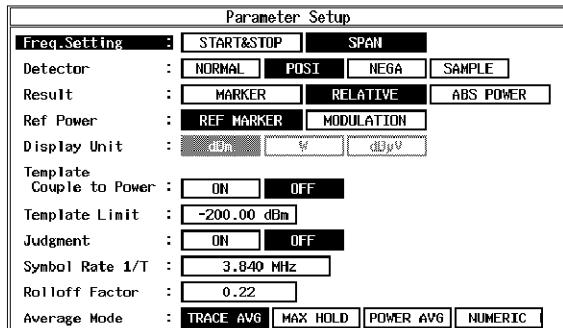
Insert Line

Inserts a line before the selected line.

Delete Line	Deletes the selected line.
Sort	Sorts the tables in order of frequency.
Table Init	Initializes the table.
Marker Edit	Sets the measurement frequency (frequency offset) and measurement band. For more information, refer to Section 5.2.1, “Marker Edit Function.”
Copy from STD	Sets to the parameters specified by the communication standard.
Insert Line	Inserts a line before the selected line.
Delete Line	Deletes the selected line.
Sort	Sorts data in order of frequency.
Table Init	Initializes the table.
Average Times ON/OFF	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.

Config**Parameter Setup**

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

**Figure 3-12 Parameter Setup Dialog Box****Freq. Setting**

START&STOP/SPAN

Selects the measurement mode.

Detector

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE

Selects the detector.

Result

Specifies how to display the result.

For more information, refer to Section 5.2.2, “Measurement results Using Due to Modulation, Due to Transient and Inband Spurious Modes.”

3.3 Functional Description

MARKER:

Displays the marker read value. The position of the marker is set by Marker Edit.

RELATIVE:

Displays the marker read value using a relative value.

ABS POWER:

Converts the value displayed by RELATIVE into the absolute value using carrier power and displays it.

Ref Power When RELATIVE is selected for Result, this selects which relative value to use to display the marker read value.

REF MARKER:

Displays a relative value to Ref Marker set by Marker Edit.

MODULATION:

Displays a relative value to the measurement result of Tx power in Modulation.

Display Unit dBm/W/dB μ V
Specifies the unit of the result displayed.

NOTE: When RELATIVE is selected for Result, the unit is dB.

Template Couple to Power

Sets whether to raise or lower the template with the power set by Ref Power.

Template Limit If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.

Judgment Used to make the Pass/fail judgment for the limit value set by Marker edit. The Pass/Fail judgment result is displayed under the display screen together with the marker list.

Symbol Rate I/T Sets the symbol rate of the Root Nyquist filter.

Rolloff Factor Sets the roll-off of the Root Nyquist filter.

Average Mode Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

NUMERIC:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

Using POWER AVG displays the average waveforms, using NUMERIC displays the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.

Set to STD

Returns the measurement parameters to the values specified by the standard.

3.3.3.4 Due to Modulation

Measure the modulation spectrum excluding the rise and fall of the burst.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Gate Setup

Sets the gated sweep.

Trigger Setup

Sets a trigger.

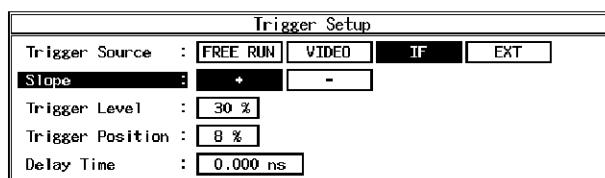


Figure 3-13 Trigger Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Source

Selects a trigger.

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

VIDEO: Captures the signal in sync with the VIDEO signal.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

Slope

Selects the edge when triggering.

+: Triggers at the leading edge.

-: Triggers at the trailing edge.

3.3 Functional Description

Trigger Level	Sets the level to trigger.
Trigger Position	Sets where the trigger position is displayed on the screen.
Delay Time	Sets a delay time from the time a trigger signal is detected to the time the signal is captured.

NOTE: When Delay Time is a negative value, signals before the trigger can be captured.

Gate Source

Trigger	Sets Trigger Source specified by Trigger Setup as Gate Source.
NOTE: When Trigger Source is set to IF and SPAN is set to a frequency higher than 6 MHz, the sweeping seems to be stopped, because the IF trigger bandwidth is approximately 6 MHz and the gate trigger is failing.	

Ext Gate	Performs the gated sweep using the gate signal input from the EXT Gate terminal on the rear panel.
-----------------	--

Gate Setup	Sets the gated sweep range when Trigger is selected for Gate Source.
Set to STD	

Set to STD	Sets the gate position and width to the values specified by the communication standard.
-------------------	---

Gate Position	Sets the gate position.
Gate Width	

Gated Sweep ON/OFF	Starts the gated sweep.
---------------------------	-------------------------

Detector	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.										
<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th colspan="5" style="text-align: center;">Detector</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">Detector</td> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">NORMAL</td> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">POSI</td> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">NEGA</td> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">SAMPLE</td> </tr> </table>		Detector					Detector	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA	SAMPLE
Detector											
Detector	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA	SAMPLE							

Figure 3-14 Detector Dialog Box

Template	Sets and edits the template. For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, “Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode.”
-----------------	--

Template ON/OFF	Sets the template display to ON or OFF. When Template is set to ON, the Pass/Fail judgment for the template is displayed under the sweep screen.
Shift X	Shifts the set template in the frequency direction (X-axis).
Shift Y	Shifts the set template in the level direction (Y-axis).
Margin ΔX ON/OFF	Magnifies the template in the X-axis direction with a set template frequency 0 as the center.
Template Edit	
Copy from STD	Copies the template defined in the communication standard.
Insert Line	Inserts a line before the selected line.
Delete Line	Deletes the selected line.
Sort	Sorts the tables in frequency order.
Table Init	Initializes the table.
Marker Edit	
	For more information, refer to Section 5.2.1, “Marker Edit Function.”
Copy from STD	Sets to the parameters specified by the communication standard.
Insert Line	Inserts a line before the selected line.
Delete Line	Deletes the selected line.
Sort	Sorts data in order of frequency.
Table Init	Initializes the table.
Average Times ON/OFF	
	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.
Config	

3.3 Functional Description

Parameter Setup

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

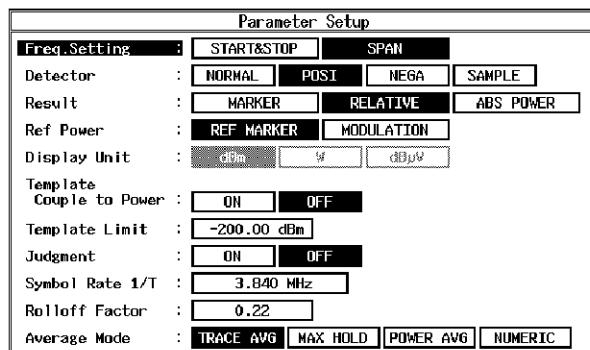


Figure 3-15 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Freq. Setting	START&STOP/SPAN Selects the measurement mode.
Detector	NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE Selects the detector.
Result	Specifies how to display the results. For more information, refer to Section 5.2.2, "Measurement results Using Due to Modulation, Due to Transient and Inband Spurious Modes." MARKER: Displays the marker read value. The position of the marker is set by Marker Edit. RELATIVE: Displays the marker read value using a relative value. ABS POWER: Converts the value displayed by RELATIVE into the absolute value using carrier power and displays it.
Ref Power	When RELATIVE is selected for Result, this selects which relative value to use to display the marker read value. REF MARKER: Displays a relative value to Ref Marker set by Marker Edit. MODULATION: Displays a relative value to the measurement result of Tx power in Modulation.
Display Unit	dBm/W/dBμV Selects the display unit.

NOTE: When RELATIVE is selected for Result, the unit is dB.

Template Couple to Power

Sets whether or not to raise or lower the template with the power set by Ref Power.

Template Limit If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.

Judgment Used to make the Pass/Fail judgment for the limit value set by Marker edit. The Pass/Fail judgment result is displayed under the display screen together with the marker list.

Symbol Rate I/T Sets the symbol rate of the Root Nyquist filter.

Rolloff Factor Sets the roll-off of the Root Nyquist filter.

Average Mode Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.
TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

NUMERIC:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

Using POWER AVG displays the average waveforms, using NUMERIC displays the swept waveforms and takes an average of the measurement results only.

Set to STD

Returns the measurement parameters to the values specified by the standard.

3.3.3.5 Inband Spurious(1)

This is a function to search for a peak by sweeping the set frequency.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

3.3 Functional Description

<i>Template</i>	For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, “Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode.”
<i>Template ON/OFF</i>	Sets the template display to ON or OFF. When Template is set to ON, the Pass/Fail judgment for the template is displayed under the sweep screen.
<i>Shift X</i>	Shifts the set template in the frequency direction (X-axis).
<i>Shift Y</i>	Shifts the set template in the level direction (Y-axis).
<i>Margin ΔX ON/OFF</i>	Magnifies the template in the X-axis direction with a set template frequency 0 as the center.
<i>Template Edit</i>	For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, “Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode.”
<i>Copy from STD</i>	Copies the template defined in the communication standard.
<i>Insert Line</i>	Inserts a line before the selected line.
<i>Delete Line</i>	Deletes the selected line.
<i>Sort</i>	Sorts the tables in frequency order.
<i>Table Init</i>	Initializes the table.
<i>Marker Edit</i>	For more information, refer to Section 5.2.1, “Marker Edit Function.”
<i>Copy from STD</i>	Sets to the parameters specified by the communication standard.
<i>Insert Line</i>	Inserts a line before the selected line.
<i>Delete Line</i>	Deletes the selected line.
<i>Sort</i>	Sorts data in order of frequency.
<i>Table Init</i>	Initializes the table.
<i>Average Times ON/OFF</i>	Sets the averaging count. For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.
<i>Config</i>	

Parameter Setup

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

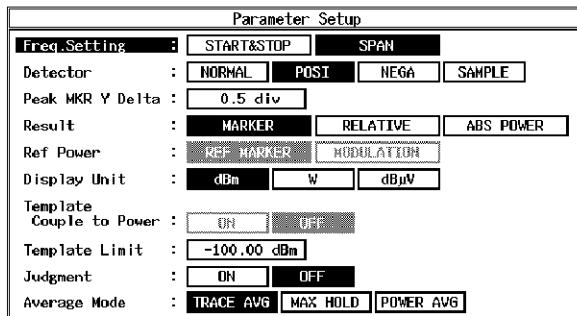


Figure 3-16 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Freq. Setting

START&STOP/SPAN

Selects the measurement mode.

Detector

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE

Selects the detector.

Peak MKR Y Delta

Sets the Y delta of the peak marker.

Result

Specifies how to display the results.

For more information, refer to Section 5.2.3, "Measurement Result of Inband Spurious."

MARKER:

Displays the marker read value. The position of the marker is set by Marker Edit.

RELATIVE:

Displays the marker read value using a relative value.

ABS POWER:

Converts the value displayed by RELATIVE into the absolute value using carrier power and displays it.

Ref Power

When RELATIVE is selected for Result, this selects which relative value is used to display the marker read value.

REF MARKER:

Displays a relative value to Ref Marker set by Marker Edit.

MODULATION:

Displays a relative value to the measurement result of Tx power in Modulation.

Display Unit

dBm/W/dB μ V

Selects the display unit.

3.3 Functional Description

NOTE: When RELATIVE is selected for Result, the unit is dB.

Template Couple to Power

Sets whether or not to raise or lower the template with the power set by Ref Power.

Template Limit

If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.

Judgment

Used to make the Pass/Fail judgment for the limit value set by Marker edit. The Pass/Fail judgment result is displayed under the display screen together with the marker list.

Average Mode

Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON.

TRACE AVG:

Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG.

MAX HOLD:

Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.

Set to STD

Returns the measurement parameters to the values specified by the standard.

3.3.3.6 Inband Spurious(2)

Converts resolution bandwidth (RBW) to search spurious signal.

When the spurious is swept with broadband RBW near the career frequency, the career signal cannot be separated, which makes the spurious search impossible. In this situation, the sweep with narrow RBW is required to calculate the bandwidth in order to search spurious signal.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Template

For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, "Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode."

Template ON/OFF	Sets the template display to ON or OFF. When Template is set to ON, the Pass/Fail judgment for the template is displayed under the sweep screen.
Shift X	Shifts the set template in the frequency direction (X-axis).
Shift Y	Shifts the set template in the level direction (Y-axis).
Margin ΔX ON/OFF	Magnifies the template in the X-axis direction with a set template frequency 0 as the center.
Template Edit	For more information, refer to Section 5.1.2, “Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode.”
Copy from STD	Copies the template specified by the communication standard.
Insert Line	Inserts a line before the selected line.
Delete Line	Deletes the selected line.
Sort	Sorts the tables in frequency order.
Table Init	Initializes the table.
Marker Edit	For more information, refer to Section 5.2.1, “Marker Edit Function.”
Copy from STD	Sets the measurement parameters specified by the communication standard.
Insert Line	Inserts a line before the selected line.
Delete Line	Deletes the selected line.
Sort	Sorts data in order of frequency.
Table Init	Initializes the table.
Average Times ON/OFF	Sets the averaging count.
Config	
Parameter Setup	Sets measurement conditions and so on.

3.3 Functional Description

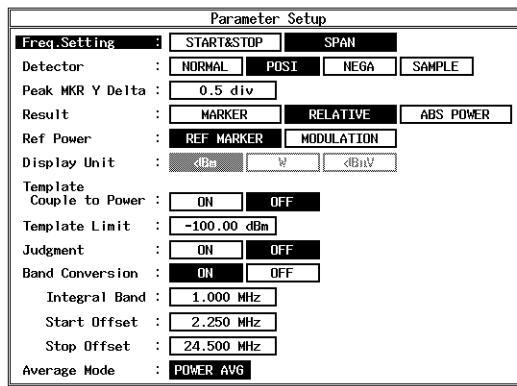


Figure 3-17 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Freq. Setting

START&STOP/SPAN

Selects the measurement mode.

Detector

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE

Selects the detector.

Peak MKR Y Delta

Sets the Y delta of the peak marker.

Result

Specifies how to display the results.

For more information, refer to Section 5.2.3, "Measurement Result of Inband Spurious."

MARKER:

Displays the marker read value. The position of the marker is set by Marker Edit.

RELATIVE:

Displays the marker read value using a relative value.

ABS POWER:

Converts the value displayed by RELATIVE into the absolute value using carrier power and displays it.

Ref Power

When RELATIVE is selected for Result, this selects which relative value is used to display the marker read value.

REF MARKER:

Displays a relative value to Ref Marker set by Marker Edit.

MODULATION:

Displays a relative value to the measurement result of Tx power in Modulation.

Display UnitdBm/W/dB μ V

Selects the display unit.

NOTE: When RELATIVE is selected for Result, the unit is dB.

Template Couple to Power

Sets whether or not to raise or lower the template with the power set by Ref Power.

Template Limit

If the absolute value of the template is smaller than this value when Template Couple to Power is set to ON, clip the template at this value.

Judgment

Used to make the Pass/Fail judgment for the limit value set by Marker edit. The Pass/Fail judgment result is displayed under the display screen together with the marker list.

Band Conversion

This function is used to calculate the resolution bandwidth using the swept waveforms.

ON: Calculates resolution bandwidth using the measured data.

OFF: Does not calculate resolution bandwidth using the measured data.

Integral Band

Sets resolution bandwidth that conducts the bandwidth calculation.

Start Offset

Sets the starting frequency that conducts the bandwidth calculation, using the offset frequency from the center frequency.

Stop Offset

Sets the ending frequency that conducts the band calculation, using the offset frequency from the center frequency.

NOTE: Even when the Start Offset and Stop Offset values have been set beyond the frequency display range, data is calculated within the frequency display range.

Average Mode

Sets the processing when Average Times is set to ON.
POWER AVG is fixed.

POWER AVG:

Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square

Set to STD

Returns the measurement parameters to the values specified by the standard.

3.3.3.7 Outband Spurious

This is a function to search for a peak by sweeping the frequency according to the table.

3.3 Functional Description

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Table No. 1/2/3

Selects the table number.

Load Table

Loads the table.

Table Edit

Edits the table.

Copy from STD

Sets measurement parameters to the communication standard.

Table No. 1/2/3

Selects the table number.

Load Table

Loads the table.

Save Table

Saves the table.

Insert Line

Inserts a line before the selected line.

Delete Line

Deletes the selected line.

Table Init

Initializes the table.

Average Times ON/OFF

Sets the averaging count.

For the method of average processing, refer to “Average Mode” in the Config → Parameter Setup.

Config***Parameter Setup***

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

Parameter Setup			
Detector :	NORMAL	POSI	NEGA
Peak MKR Y Delta :	0.5 div		
Display Unit :	dBm	W	dB μ V
Judgment :	ON	OFF	
Preselector :	1.66	3.66	
Average Mode :	TRACE AVG	MAX HOLD	POWER AVG

Figure 3-18 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Detector

NORMAL/POSI/NEGA/SAMPLE
Sets the detector.

Peak MKR Y Delta

Sets the Y delta of a peak marker.

Display Unit	dBm/W/dB μ V Sets the display unit.
Judgment	Makes the Pass/Fail judgment using the limit values set by Table Edit.
Preselector	Sets the preselector.
<hr/> <i>NOTE: This menu is displayed on R3267 only.</i> <hr/>	
1.6G:	The preselector is activated for frequencies of 1.6 GHz or higher only. If the carrier frequency is less than 1.6 GHz, selecting this item allows you to measure harmonics of 1.6 GHZ or higher.
3.6G:	Used to set this parameter for cases other than that above.
Average Mode	Selects the processing method when Average Times is set to ON. TRACE AVG: Calculates arithmetic average of the measured data (Log data) in the mode LOG. MAX HOLD: Displays the maximum value within the average counts of the swept waveforms. POWER AVG: Converts the measured data (Log data) to the linear data to take the root mean square value.
Set to Default	Returns the set value to the default.

3.3.4 Modulation

The modulation analysis is performed.

3.3.4.1 Code Domain Power Coef (when FORWARD is set)

The code domain power coefficient of a cdma2000 Forward Link signal is measured.

Auto Level Set	Sets an internal reference level (REF LEVEL) to the optimum value in agreement with the measurement signal.
<hr/> <i>NOTE: The level of an input signal must be constant during the execution of Auto Level Set.</i> <hr/>	

Graphics	Displays a constellation or an eye diagram.
-----------------	---

3.3 Functional Description

Select Type

Sets the display format.

Constellation (Line) and Constellation (Dot) can be set at any time. Other items can be set if EVM of Meas Options is turned on.

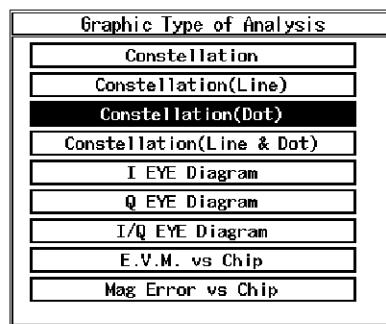


Figure 3-19 Graph Type of Analysis Dialog Box

Constellation Displays a constellation graph.

Constellation(Line)

Display the transition between chips with a line.

Constellation(Dot)

Display the transition between chips without a line.

Constellation(Line&Dot)

Displays the transition between chips with connected lines and dots.

I EYE Diagram Displays the eye pattern of the I channel.

Q EYE Diagram Displays the eye pattern of the Q channel.

I/Q EYE Diagram Displays the I channel eye pattern in the upper part of the screen and the Q channel eye pattern in the lower part of the screen.

E.V.M. vs Chip Displays EVM for 1 chip.

Mag Error vs Chip Displays the magnitude error for 1 chip.

Plot Type

Displays the result of averaging or peak extraction processing in E.V.M. vs Chip or Mag Error vs Chip mode.

AVG: Performs averaging.

P-P: Performs peak extraction.

3.3 Functional Description

Scale Setup

Switches the result display.

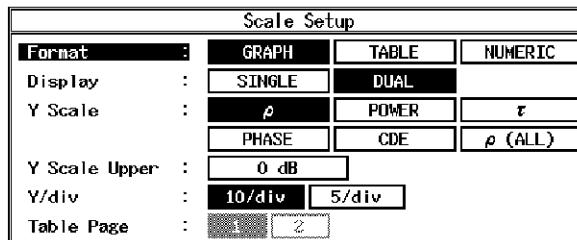


Figure 3-20 Scale Setup Dialog Box

Format

Format dialog box is displayed.

GRAPH: Displays a graph for the code domain power coefficient and the power.

When Auto Rate is set to ON, Channel Define is set to ON, or Bit Reversal Order is set to ON, a blue window is displayed for a channel with a rate that differs from the symbol rate (Walsh code length) of the inactive channel.

TABLE: Displays a list of the code domain power coefficients.

NUMERIC:

Displays the measurement result.

Display

Switches the screen mode between Screen 1 and Screen 2 if Display Format is set to GRAPH.

SINGLE: Displays data on a single screen.

$\Delta\tau$, $\Delta\theta$ and the maximum logarithmic ρ value of the inactive channel is displayed in the lower part of the screen.

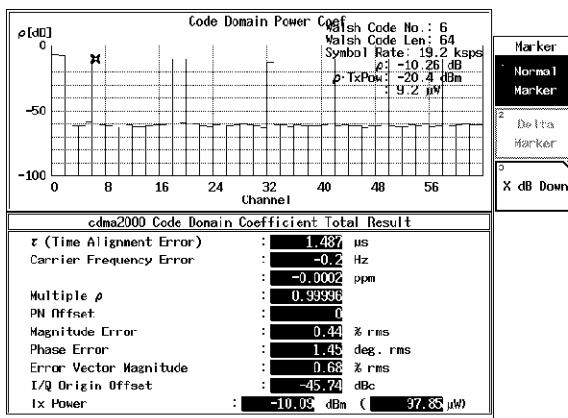


Figure 3-21 DUAL Display Example

3.3 Functional Description

DUAL: Displays data on a dual-screen; displays the graph on the upper screen and the measurement result on the lower screen.

The measurement values for the time alignment error, carrier frequency error, multiple ρ , PN offset, magnitude error, phase error, error vector magnitude, I/Q origin offset and Tx power are displayed as the measurement result.

Y Scale

Sets the Y Scale unit.

ρ , POWER and ρ (ALL) can be set at any time. τ , PHASE and CDE can be set if $\Delta\tau$, $\Delta\theta$ and Code Domain Error are turned on, respectively.

ρ : The vertical axis of the graph is in logarithmic value of the code domain power coefficient.

This display is used to measure the pilot power and code domain power.

POWER: Displays the vertical axis of the graph in units of power.

τ : Displays the vertical axis of the graph as a difference in delay.

This display is used to measure “Pilot Channel to Code Channel Time Tolerance.”

PHASE: Displays the vertical axis of the graph as a difference in phase.

This display is used to measure “Pilot Channel to Code Channel Phase Tolerance.”

CDE: Displays the graph as a measurement value of the code domain error.

ρ (ALL): The vertical axis of the graph is in logarithmic value of the code domain power coefficient.

Y Scale Upper

Specifies the maximum value on the vertical axis of the graph.

Y/div

Selects the vertical axis scale of the graph.

Table Page

Selects the page when Format is set to TABLE.

Parameter Setup

Sets the measurement parameter.

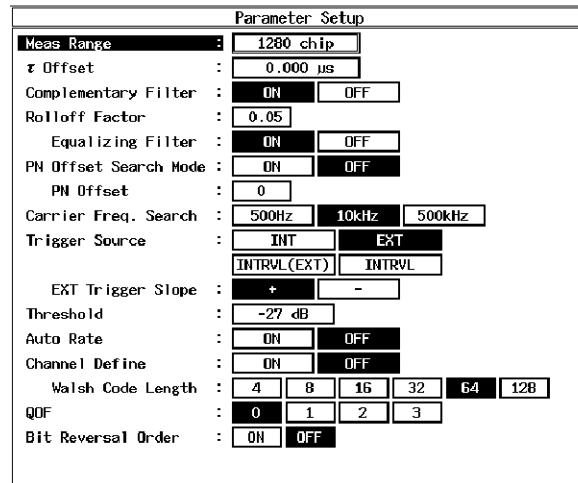


Figure 3-22 Setup Example for the Parameter Setup

Meas Range

Sets the measurement range.

A range between 128 and 36864 chips can be set.

 τ Offset

Sets the value by which the trigger position is delayed.

When the time alignment error value previously measured is entered, the value is set to zero on the next time onward.

Complementary Filter

Sets ON or OFF for the complementary filter as specified by IS-97.

Rolloff Factor

Sets the roll-off factor used to determine the complementary filter characteristics.

A range of 0.05 to 0.2 can be set.

Equalizing Filter

Sets ON or OFF for the equalizing filter.

Set to ON when the phase characteristics of the base station output are obtained after passing through the phase equalizer.

PN Offset Search Mode

Sets ON or OFF for the PN offset search.

This mode is turned on if the signal satisfies all of the following conditions:

QOFs are all zeros.

The maximum Walsh length is 64.

The PN Offset value of the base station is not known.

PN Offset

Sets the PN offset value of the base station.

Values of 0 through 511 can be set.

Carrier Freq. Search

Sets the search range of the carrier frequency.

The carrier frequency is searched using ranges of ± 500 Hz, ± 10 kHz and ± 500 kHz.

3.3 Functional Description

Trigger Source	Sets the trigger. Input the even second time reference signal to the external trigger connector. INT: Used to capture data using internal timing. EXT: Used to capture data in sync with the external trigger. INTRVL (EXT): Causes the internal counter to generate a trigger signal every 26.6 ms. The internal counter operates in sync with the external trigger signal. This mode can be used if the signal consists of QOFs of all zeros and a maximum Walsh length of 64. INTRVL: Causes the internal counter to generate a trigger signal every 26.6 ms. The internal counter does not operate in sync with the external trigger signal. This mode can be used if the signal consists of QOFs of all zeros and a maximum Walsh length of 64.
EXT Trigger Slope	Used to set the rise and fall times of the external trigger.
Threshold	Sets a threshold value which is used to judge whether or not the channel is active. An active channel judgment is made for each symbol consisting of 64 chips or greater.
<hr/>	
<i>NOTE: When a large threshold value is set, an active channel is judged as passive. As a result, p and modulation accuracy become worse than actual values, causing incorrect measurements.</i>	
Auto Rate	Turned on if a measurement is made after the rate for each channel has automatically been recognized. The automatic judgment is performed on a channel whose QOF is set to 0. This function is used together with the Channel Define function if the signal contains special control channels such as CPCCH. If Auto Rate and Channel Define are both turned on, the channels specified by Channel Def. Table have higher priority. The rates for other channels are automatically judged. If Auto Rate is turned on, QOF is set to 0, and Bit Reversal Order is turned on.
Channel Define	When measuring a channel set in Channel Def. Table, set this parameter to ON.
Walsh Code Length	Sets the Walsh Code length of the channel to be measured if Auto Rate and Channel Define are turned off.

3.3 Functional Description

QOF

When Channel Define is set to ON, the QOF of the channel to be displayed is set in the form of a graph or table.

When the channels with different QOFs are set in Channel Def. Table, only the channel with the set QOF is displayed.

When Channel Define is set to OFF, the QOF of the channel to be measured is set.

For channels other than the Pilot channel and Sync channel, only the channel with the set QOF is measured.

As a result, channels with different QOFs are regarded as noise.

Bit Reversal Order

Set Bit Reversal Order to ON to display the channels in the Bit Reversal (Paley).

When Bit Reversal Order is set to ON while Channel Define is set to ON, bar graphs are displayed at the positions of the channels corresponding with the Bit Reversal order, depending on the Walsh lengths of each channel.

When Bit Reversal Order is set to OFF, channels are displayed in the order set in Channel Def. Table.

When Channel Define is set to OFF, bar graphs are displayed at the channel positions corresponding to the set values of the Walsh code lengths.

Channel Def. Table

Set the name of the channel to be transmitted and the properties (data rate, QOF and Walsh code number) of the signal under measurement in Channel Def. Table.

This channel definition table is enabled if Channel Define in Parameter Setup is set to ON.

The figure shows a screenshot of the R3267 Series OPT65 software interface. On the left is a table titled 'Channel Define' with 9 rows. The first row is a header with columns: Total, Channel, RC, DataRate, QOF, Walsh Length, and Num. The second row contains the value '9 channel'. Subsequent rows list various channels (PDCH, SYNCH, PCH, FCH, SCH) with their respective parameters: RC (3), DataRate (19200 bps), QOF (0), Walsh Length (32 or 64), and Num (0, 32, 1, 8, 9, 17, 18, 19, 20). To the right of the table is a vertical stack of menu items:

- 1 PowerCoef
- 2 Auto Level Set
- 3 Graphics
- 4 Scale Setup
- 5 Parameter Setup
- 6 Channel Def. Table
- 7 Meas Options

Figure 3-23 Setup Example for the Channel Def. Table

Total

Set the number of channels multiplexed on the signal under measurement.

One through 128 channels can be set in the table.

3.3 Functional Description

Edit	Specify the number of the channel in Channel Def. Table you wish to edit.
Channel	<p>Set the name of the channel to be transmitted with the channel number specified by Edit.</p> <p>The channels that can be set are: PICH, SYNC, PCH, BCH, CCCH, DCCH, FCH, SCCH, SCH, QPCH, CPCCH and CACH.</p> <p>The abbreviations for the channel names are as follows:</p> <p>PICH: Pilot channel SYNC: Sync channel PCH: Paging channel BCH: Broadcast channel CCCH: Common Control channel DCCH: Dedicated Control channel FCH: Fundamental channel SCCH: Supplemental Code channel SCH: Supplemental channel QPCH: Quick Paging channel CPCCH: Common Power Control channel CACH: Common Assignment channel</p>
RC	Set the radio configuration of the channel to be transmitted specified by Channel.
Data Rate	<p>Set the data rate of the channel to be transmitted specified by Channel.</p> <p>When the data rate is changed, the Walsh length is changed according to the data rate.</p>
QOF	Set the QOF of the channel to be transmitted specified by Channel.
Walsh Number	Set the Walsh code number of the channel to be transmitted specified by Channel.
<hr/> <p>NOTE: When a Walsh code number that does not meet orthogonality between different channels is set, a measurement error will occur.</p> <hr/>	
Meas Options	Sets the optional measurement items.

Meas Options		
CDP Graph Plot Type :	AVERAGE	MAX
Power Unit :	dBm	dB
Pilot Channel Power :	0.0 dBm	
$\Delta\tau$:	ON	OFF
$\Delta\theta$:	ON	OFF
Code Domain Error :	ON	OFF
Signal Power :	ON	OFF
EVM :	ON	OFF
Fixed Symbols Level :	ON	OFF
Chip Rate Error :	ON	OFF
IQ Gain Error :	ON	OFF
Quadrature Error :	ON	OFF

Figure 3-24 Meas Options Setup Example

CDP Graph Plot Type

Sets the display format for POWER and CDE of the code domain power graph.

If Y Scale in Scale Setup is set to POWER and CDE, this function is used to display the average, minimum, maximum values after the code domain power for each symbol in a channel has been measured, the average values have been calculated, and then the maximum and minimum values have been extracted.

AVERAGE:

Averages the power of each symbol that is higher than the set threshold value and displays the averaged power as the code domain power of the channel.

MAX: Displays the maximum power for each symbol.

MIN: Displays the minimum power that is higher than the set threshold value for each symbol.

Power Unit

Sets the display format for POWER and CDE of the code domain power graph.

dBm: Displays the ratio of channel power to AVG Power at Chip measurement value in dBm for each channel.

dB: Display each channel power ratio (dB) rated against the multiplex signal power.

dBmpilot:

Displays each channel power rated against the absolute pilot channel power which is calculated from the Pilot Channel Power setting and the channel power ratio.

Pilot Channel Power

Sets the absolute power of the Pilot channel.

This is a reference power for channel powers calculated when dBm pilot is selected.

 $\Delta\tau$

Measures the delay time for each channel.

Displays the direction in which the channel lags behind the Pilot channel as a plus sign.

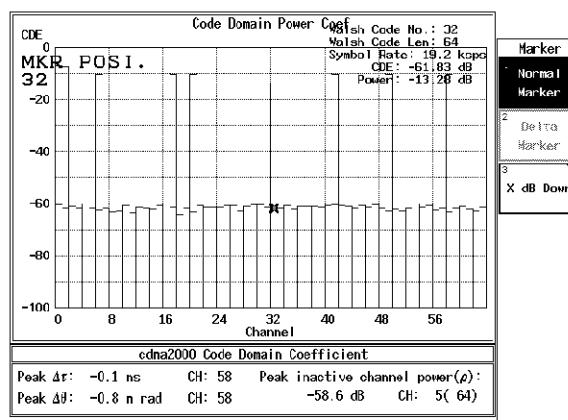
3.3 Functional Description

 $\Delta\theta$

Measures the phase difference for each channel with reference to the Pilot channel.

Code Domain Error

Measures the code domain power for an error signal that is obtained by excluding an ideal signal from the measurement signal.



**Figure 3-25 Measurement Example
for the Code Domain Error**

Signal Power

Measures the power of the signal within the setting range of Meas Range.

EVM

Measures the modulation accuracy.

When EVM is set to ON, it measures the magnitude error, phase error, error vector magnitude and I/Q origin offset.

In addition, analysis result graphs such as the EYE diagram and E.V.M. vs. Chip graph can be displayed.

Fixed Symbols Level

Measures the symbol levels by assuming that the power of each symbol in one channel is constant.

When the symbol power changes in the same way as the power control bit of the Fundamental channel, the measured value becomes worse.

Chip Rate Error

Measures chip rate error.

Error in the unit Hz relative to 1.2288 MHz.

Error ratio in the unit ppm relative to 1.2288 Mcps.

IQ Gain Error

Measures the gain difference between the I- and Q-axes.

The IQ gain error (%) is a ratio of the Q-axis gain to the I-axis gain.

Quadrature Error

Measures the orthogonality error of an orthogonal modulator.

The angle of deviation of the Q-axis in relation to the I-axis is defined as the angle between the Q-axis and the axis obtained by rotating the I-axis 90 degrees.

3.3.4.2 Code Domain Power (when REVERSE (RC 3 & 4) is set)

This section describes how to measure the power, modulation accuracy and demodulated data of each Walsh channel.

Auto Level Set

Adjusts the reference level automatically.

NOTE: *The input signal level must be constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.*

Graphics

Displays a constellation or an eye diagram.

Select Type

Selects a graph type.

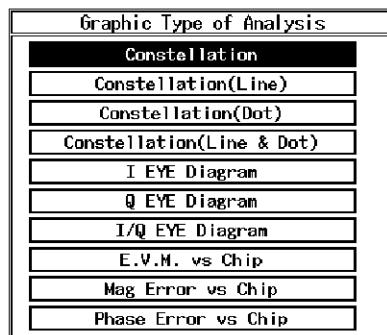


Figure 3-26 Graphic Type of Analysis Dialog Box

Constellation Displays a constellation graph.

Constellation(Line)

Uses a line to connect the transition between chips and displays it.

Constellation(Dot) Displays the transition between chips without a line.

Constellation(Line&Dot)

Displays the transition between chips with connected lines and dots.

I EYE Diagram Displays the eye pattern of the I channel.

Q EYE Diagram Displays the eye pattern of the Q channel.

I/Q EYE Diagram Displays the I channel eye pattern in the upper part of the screen and the Q channel eye pattern in the lower part of the screen.

E.V.M. vs Chip Displays EVM for each chip.

Mag Error vs Chip Displays the magnitude error for each chip.

3.3 Functional Description

Phase Error vs Chip

Displays the phase error for each chip.

Plot Type

Displays the result of averaging or peak extraction processing in E.V.M. vs Chip, Mag Error vs Chip or Phase Error vs Chip mode.

AVG: Performs averaging.

P-P: Performs peak extraction.

Y/div

Allows you to select the vertical scale of a graph.

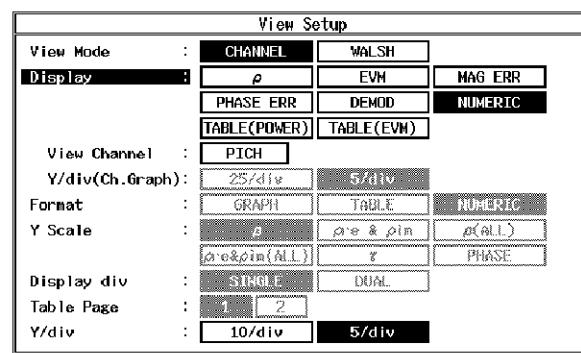
View Setup

Figure 3-27 View Setup Dialog Box

View Mode

Allows you to select a screen display mode.

CHANNEL:

Displays the test result as a graph with the horizontal axis as the channel name.

WALSH: Displays the test result as a graph with the horizontal axis as the Walsh function (for PRECISE only).

Display

Allows you to select the data to be displayed on the lower screen (if View Mode is set to CHANNEL).

ρ: Displays the code domain power coefficient.

EVM: Displays the graph of Error Vector Magnitude vs Symbol for the specified channel (for PRECISE only).

MAG ERR:

Displays the graph of Magnitude Error vs Symbol for the specified channel (for PRECISE only).

PHASE ERR:

Displays the graph of Phase Error vs Symbol for the specified channel (for PRECISE only).

DEMOD: Displays demodulated data for the specified channel (for PRECISE only).

NUMERIC:

Displays the numerical result for a multiplexed signal.

TABLE (POWER):

Displays the summary list as the numerical result of the power for each channel.

TABLE (EVM):

Displays the summary list as the numerical result of Error Vector Magnitude, Magnitude Error and Phase Error for each channel.

View Channel

The numerical result for the selected channel is displayed on the upper screen. If Display is set to EVM, MAG ERR, PHASE ERR or DEMOD, the graph and demodulated data are displayed for each symbol of the selected channel (if View Mode is set to CHANNEL).

For TCH mode, the channel listed below can be selected.

PICH: Reverse Pilot Channel

DCCH: Reverse Dedicated Control Channel

SCH2: Reverse Supplemental Channel 2

FCH: Reverse Fundamental Channel

SCH1: Reverse Supplemental Channel 1

For EACH mode, the channels listed below can be selected.

PICH: Reverse Pilot Channel

EACH: Enhanced Access Channel

For CCCH mode, the channels listed below can be selected.

PICH: Reverse Pilot Channel

CCCH: Reverse Common Control Channel

Y/div(Ch.Graph)

Select the vertical scale for the lower screen if Display is set to EVM, MAG ERR or PHASE ERR.

Format

Allows you to set a display format (if View Mode is set to WALSH).

GRAPH: Displays data (such as the code domain power coefficient) as a graph.

TABLE: Displays data (such as the code domain power coefficient) as a list.

NUMERIC: Displays the numerical result for multiplexed signals.

Y Scale

Allows you to set the unit for the vertical axis of a graph (if View Mode is set to WALSH).

ρ : Displays the vertical axis of a graph as the code domain power coefficient.

ρ_{re} & ρ_{im} : Displays the vertical axis on the upper screen as ρ_{re} (the real part of ρ), and the vertical axis on the lower screen as ρ_{im} (the imaginary part of ρ).

3.3 Functional Description

ρ (ALL): Displays the vertical axis of a graph as the code domain power coefficient. All channels can be specified using a marker.

ρ_{re} & ρ_{im} (ALL):

Displays the vertical axis on the upper screen as ρ_{re} , and the vertical axis on the lower screen as ρ_{im} . All channels can be specified using a marker.

τ : Displays the vertical axis of a graph as the delay difference.

PHASE: Displays the vertical axis of a graph as the phase difference.

NOTE: If Y Select is set to ρ_{re} & ρ_{im} or to ρ_{re} & ρ_{im} (ALL), pressing MKR, and then A displays the ρ_{re} marker; pressing MKR, and then B displays ρ_{im} marker.

Display div

Allows you to switch the screen mode between the 1- and 2-screen modes (if View Mode is set to WALSH).

Table Page

Allows you to select a page if Format is set to TABLE (if View Mode is set to WALSH).

Y/div

Allows you to select the vertical scale of a graph.

Channel Setup

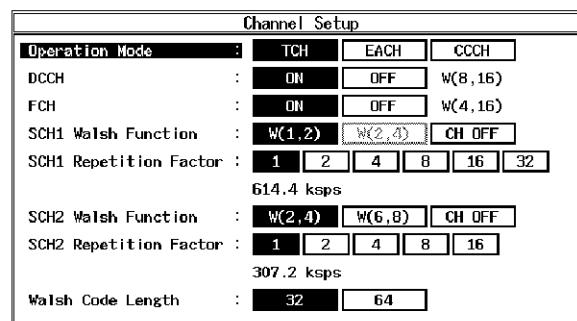


Figure 3-28 Channel Setup Dialog Box

Operation Mode

Selects one of channels listed below for Operation mode.

TCH: Traffic Channel

EACH: Enhanced Access Channel

CCCH: Common Control Channel

DCCH

Sets whether the DCCH transmission status is turned on or off when Operation Mode is set to TCH.

	ON:	Sets the conditions under which DCCH data is transmitted.
	OFF:	Sets the conditions under which DCCH data is not transmitted.
FCH		Sets whether the FCH transmission status is turned on or off when Operation Mode is set to TCH.
	ON:	Sets the conditions under which FCH data is transmitted.
	OFF:	Sets the conditions under which FCH data is not transmitted.
SCH1 Walsh Function		Selects one of the SCH1 (supplemental channel 1) Walsh functions listed below when Operation Mode is set to TCH.
	W(1, 2):	W_1^2 is set.
	W(2, 4):	W_2^4 is set.
	CH OFF:	Sets the conditions under which SCH1 data is not transmitted.
SCH1 Repetition Factor		Sets the number of times that the SCH1 (supplemental channel 1) Walsh function is repeated when Operation Mode is set to TCH.
SCH2 Walsh Function		Selects one of the SCH2 (supplemental channel 2) Walsh functions listed below when Operation Mode is set to TCH.
	W(2, 4):	W_2^4 is set.
	W(6, 8):	W_6^8 is set.
	CH OFF:	Sets the conditions under which SCH2 data is not transmitted.
<hr/>		
NOTE:	<i>Both SCH1 and SCH2 Walsh functions cannot be set to W(2, 4). For example, if the SCH2 Walsh function is set to W(2,4), the SCH1 Walsh function cannot be set to W(2,4) as shown in Figure 3-28. If this happens, first set the SCH2 Walsh function to W(6,8) or CH OFF and then set the SCH1 Walsh function to W(2,4).</i>	
<hr/>		
SCH2 Repetition Factor		Sets the number of times that the SCH2 (supplemental channel 2) Walsh function is repeated when Operation Mode is set to TCH.
Walsh Code Length		Sets the Walsh function length.
Parameter Setup		Sets measurement parameters.

3.3 Functional Description

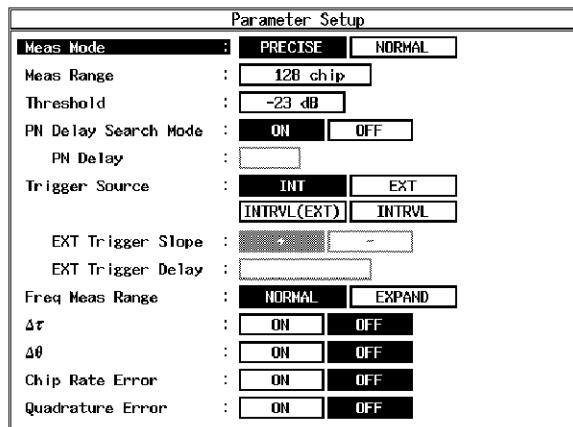


Figure 3-29 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Meas Mode

Selects a measurement mode.

PRECISE: Measures the modulation accuracy and de-modulation data in addition to the ρ and power ratio for each channel at the same time.

NORMAL: Measures the ρ and power ratio for each channel.

Meas RangeEnters the measurement range using the number ($64 \times N$) of chips.**Threshold**

Sets a threshold level to judge whether or not the channel being measured in PRECISE Mode is an active channel.

Set the threshold higher than a noise floor and lower than the signal.

In addition, this parameter is used as a reference for judging whether or not there is a signal or a noise in the Estimated ρ measurement.

NOTE: For NORMAL Mode, active channels are displayed as yellow graphs, and inactive channels are displayed as green graphs.

For PRECISE Mode:

If View Mode is set to CHANNEL, only active channels are displayed.

If View Mode is set to WALSH, and if Y Scale is set to ρ (ALL) or ρ_{re} & ρ_{im} (ALL) all channels are displayed as yellow graphs.

If View Mode is set to WALSH, and if Y Scale is set to ρ or ρ_{re} & ρ_{im} active channels are displayed as yellow graphs and inactive channels are displayed as green graphs.

PN Delay Search Mode

- ON: Searches for a PN delay from the captured signal when the relationship between the external trigger and the input signal PN delay is not clear.
- OFF: Sets the PN delay when the relationship between the external trigger and the input signal PN delay is already known.

PN Delay

Sets a value between 0 and 511 as a synchronization position for the pilot PN sequence.

Trigger Source

- INT: Captures data using the internal timing.
- EXT: Captures data in sync with the external trigger.
- INTRVL (EXT): Causes the built-in counter to generate a trigger every 26.6 milliseconds. The built-in counter operates in sync with the external trigger.
- INTRVL: Causes the built-in counter to generate a trigger every 26.6 milliseconds. The built-in counter does not operate in sync with the external trigger.

EXT Trigger Slope

Sets the rise and fall times for the external trigger.

EXT Trigger Delay

Corrects the delay time when the signal (the head of PN) lags behind the external trigger.

Freq Meas Range

Set whether or not to expand the estimated frequency range for measurement.

- NORMAL: Does not expand the measurement range for a frequency error.
- EXPAND: Expands the estimated range of a frequency error.

Δτ

Measures the delay value relative to the pilot channel for each channel.

Δθ

Measures the phase difference relative to the pilot channel for each channel.

Chip Rate Error

Measures chip rate error relative to 1.2288 Mcps.
Error ratios (ppm) relative to 1.2288 Mcps.

Quadrature Error

Measures the angle between the Q-axis and the axis obtained by rotating the I-axis 90 degrees.

Demod Data Save

Saves the demodulation data to a floppy disk (only when PRECISE is selected).

3.3 Functional Description

Average Times ON/OFF

Averaging is performed on the measured data.
This function allows you to set the averaging count.

NOTE: Peak Inactive ρ , Peak $\Delta\tau$, Peak $\Delta\theta$ in NUMERIC, and EVM PEAK, MAG PEAK, PHASE PEAK in TABLE (EVM) display the measured peak resulting from the measurement counts.

3.3.4.3 Waveform Quality (when REVERSE (RC1&2) is set)

Measures the waveform quality, frequency error and modulation accuracy of a OQPSK signal that is not “code multiplexed.”

Auto Level Set

Adjusts the reference level automatically.

NOTE: Maintain the signal level constant while Auto Level Set is being executed.

Graphics

Displays constellations and eye diagrams.

Select Type

Allows you to select a graphic display format.

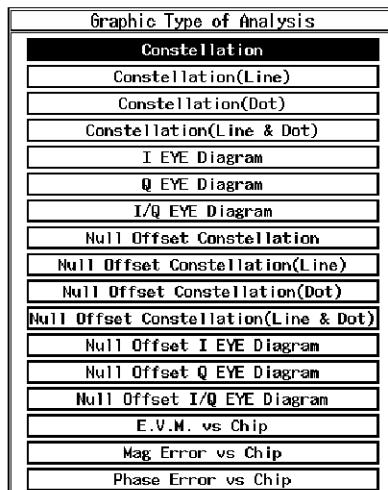


Figure 3-30 Graphic Type of Analysis Dialog Box

Constellation

Displays a graph containing constellations.

Constellation(Line)

Displays the transition between two adjacent points, 0.5 chips away, using a straight line (connecting the two points).

Constellation(Dot)

Displays the transition between two adjacent points, 0.5 chips away, using dots.

Constellation(Line&Dot)

Displays the transition between two adjacent points, 0.5 chips away, using dots and a line (connecting the two points).

I EYE Diagram Displays I channel's eye pattern.

Q EYE Diagram Displays Q channel's eye pattern.

I/Q EYE Diagram Displays I channel's eye pattern on the upper screen, and Q channel's eye pattern on the lower screen simultaneously.

Null Offset Constellation

Displays a constellation graph after I and Q offsets have been reset to zero and filtering has been performed in order to converge chips to one point.

Null Offset Constellation(Line)

Displays changes between two adjacent chips using a straight line that connects the two chips.

Null Offset Constellation(Dot)

Displays changes between two adjacent chips using dots only, without a line that connects the two chips.

Null Offset Constellation(Line&Dot)

Displays changes between two adjacent chips using dots and a line that connects the two chips.

Null Offset I EYE Diagram

Displays an eye pattern of the I channel after I and Q offsets have been reset to zero and filtering has been performed in order to converge chips to one point.

Null Offset Q EYE Diagram

Displays an eye pattern of the Q channel after I and Q offsets have been reset to zero and filtering has been performed in order to converge chips to one point.

Null Offset I/Q EYE Diagram

Null Offset I EYE Diagram is displayed on the upper screen, and Null Offset Q EYE Diagram is displayed on the lower screen simultaneously.

E.V.M. vs Chip Displays EVM every half a chip.

Mag Error vs Chip Displays the magnitude error every half a chip.

Phase Error vs Chip

Displays the phase error every half a chip.

3.3 Functional Description

Plot Type	Displays the result of averaging or peak extraction processing in E.V.M. vs Chip, Mag Error vs Chip or Phase Error vs Chip mode.
AVG:	Performs averaging.
P-P:	Performs peak extraction.

Parameter Setup	Sets the parameters used for measurements.
------------------------	--

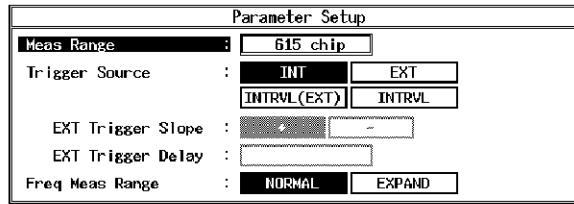


Figure 3-31 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Meas Range Enter a measurement range in chips

Trigger Source

- INT: Captures data using the internal timing of the instrument.
- EXT: Captures data in synchronization with the external trigger.
- INTRVL (EXT): The built-in counter, which is synchronized with the external trigger, generates a trigger every 26.6 ms.
- INTRVL (INT): The built-in counter, which is not synchronized with the external trigger, generates a trigger every 26.6 ms.

EXT Trigger Slope Sets the polarity (positive or negative slope) of the external trigger.

EXT Trigger Delay Compensates for the signal (head of PN) delay in relation to the external trigger.

Freq Meas Range Sets whether or not to expand the estimated frequency range for measurement.

- NORMAL: Does not expand the measurement range of a frequency error.

NOTE: Use this mode when signals exist in the adjacent channels, or when measuring a signal including a large number of noise components.

- EXPAND: Expands the estimated range of a frequency error.

Average Times ON/OFF:

Averaging is performed on the measured data.
This function allows you to set the averaging count.

3.3.4.4 Power**3.3.4.4.1 Tx Power**

Measures the power of a modulation signal.

Auto Level Set

Sets an internal reference level (REF LEVEL) to the optimum value in agreement with the measurement signal.

NOTE: The level of an input signal must be constant during the execution of Auto Level Set.

Parameter Setup

Sets measurement conditions and so on.

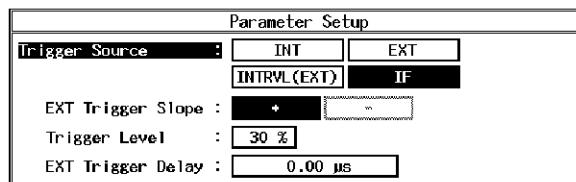


Figure 3-32 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Source

Selects a trigger signal.

INT: Sweeps in synchronization with an internal trigger signal.

EXT: Sweeps in synchronization with an external trigger signal, which is input from the Ext Trigger connector on the rear panel.

INTRVL (EXT):

The built-in counter generates triggers every 26.6 milliseconds. The built-in counter is in sync with the external trigger.

IF: Captures data in synchronization with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT Trigger Slope

Changes the polarity of the trigger slope.

+: Starts sweeping at the leading edge of the trigger.

-: Starts sweeping at the trailing edge of the trigger.

Trigger Level

Sets the trigger level.

EXT Trigger Delay

Corrects the delay time when the signal (the head of PN) lags behind the external trigger.

3.3 Functional Description

NOTE: When a negative value is set, a signal before the trigger can be observed.

Average Times ON/OFF

Selects an averaging process.

- ON: Activates the number of times of averaging and performs averaging the specified number of times.
 OFF: Does not perform an averaging process.

NOTE: Peak Factor obtained as a result of a power measurement calculates the peak power and average power within the measurement counts.

3.3.4.4.2 CCDF

The CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function), average power and peak factor of the signal under measurement can be measured.

Auto Level Set

Automatically adjusts the reference level.

Scale Setup

Switches between measurement results.

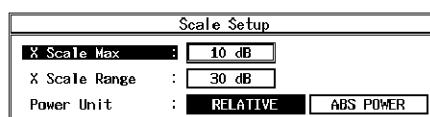


Figure 3-33 Scale Setup Dialog Box

X Scale Max

Sets the maximum value along the horizontal axis between -20 dB(m) and 70 dB(m) in steps of 10 dB.

X Scale Range

Sets the display range along the horizontal axis between 10 dB(m) and 50 dB(m) in steps of 10 dB.

Power Unit

Sets the unit to be displayed.

RELATIVE:

Displays the power relative to the average power.

ABS POWER:

Displays the power in absolute value.

Parameter Setup

Sets the parameters used for measurements.

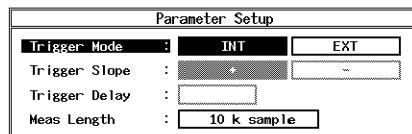


Figure 3-34 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Mode

Selects the timing for retrieving data.

- INT: Captures data using the internal trigger.
 EXT: Captures data using the external trigger.

Trigger Slope

Toggles the external trigger slope between + and -.

- +: Captures data at the rising edge.
 -: Captures data at the falling edge.

Trigger Delay

Delays the external trigger timing.

Can be set between -250 µs and 250µs in steps of 1µs.

Meas Length

The number of measurement samples is set.

Can be set between 10k sample and 100M sample in steps of 10k sample.

Trace Write ON/OFF

Sets whether or not the waveform is held.

- ON: Holds the waveform.
 OFF: Does not hold the waveform.

3.3.4.5 Time & FFT

Displays a time-domain IF signal or FFT trace to confirm the input signal.

Auto Level Set

Sets the internal reference level to an optimum value in accordance with the measurement signal. The reference level is automatically adjusted when this key is pressed.

NOTE: The signal level must stay constant while Auto Level Set is being carried out.

Select Type

Selects the graph to be displayed.

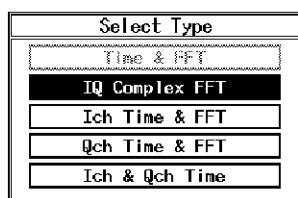


Figure 3-35 Select Type Dialog Box

3.3 Functional Description

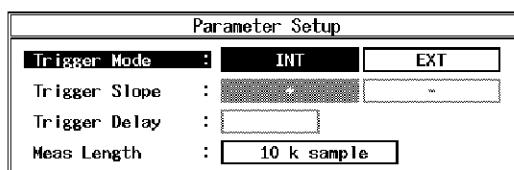
Parameter Setup

Figure 3-36 Parameter Setup Dialog Box

Trigger Source

Sets the trigger signal.

FREE RUN:

Captures data using the internal measurement timing.

IF: Captures the signal in sync with the IF signal (the leading edge of the burst).

EXT: Captures the signal in sync with the external trigger signal.

NOTE: The external trigger signal is input to the EXT TRIG connector on the rear panel.

Trigger Slope

Selects the polarity (leading or trailing edge) of a trigger signal.

Trigger Level

Sets the trigger level.

Trigger Delay

Sets a time period between the trigger and the data being captured.

Average Times ON/OFF

Sets the averaging count.

3.3.4.6 STD

Sets parameters used for measurement and relationship between the channel number and frequency.

DC CAL

Compensates for direct current components inside the circuit.

Channel Setting

Sets the relationship between the channel number and frequency.

Copy from STD

Sets the relationship between the channel number and frequency specified by the communication standard.

Reverse: If Link is set to Reverse, the channel number of the mobile station (MS).

Forward: If Link is set to Forward, the channel number of the base station (BS).

Edit Table 1 2 3

Displays tables 1 through 3.

Edit Table 4 5 6

Displays tables 4 through 6.

Edit Table 7 8 9

Displays tables 7 through 9.

3.3 Functional Description

STD Setup

Sets the parameters for measurement.

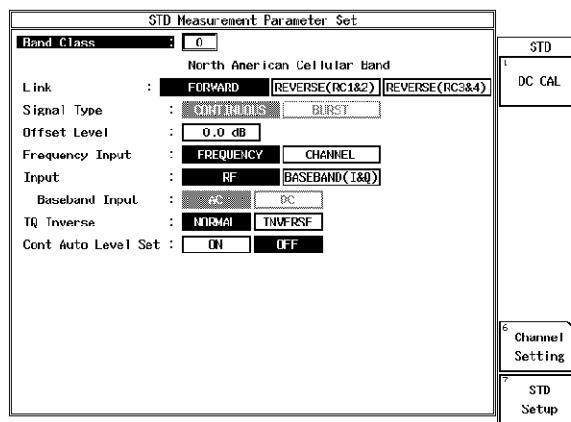


Figure 3-37 STD Measurement parameter Setup Dialog Box

Band Class

Selects a measurement frequency band, which is used to calculate a frequency from the channel number.

Link

Sets the signal direction.

FORWARD: Measures the signal transferred from the base station.

REVERSE (RC1&2):

Measures RC1 and RC2 signals on the mobile station.

REVERSE (RC3&RC4):

Measures RC3 and RC4 signals on the mobile station.

Signal Type

Sets whether or not the signal to be measured is a burst signal if Link is REVERSE (RC1&2).

CONTINUOUS: Selected when the signal to be measured is a continuous signal.

BURST:

Selected when the signal to be measured is a burst signal.

To measure F-Domain power, the gated sweep is enabled.

Tx Power is measured by searching for a burst wave.

Offset Level

Sets reference level's offset value within a range of -100 dB to +100 dB.

Frequency Input

Sets the method of entering the center frequency to the instrument.

FREQUENCY: Enters a frequency.

3.3 Functional Description

CHANNEL: Enters a channel number.

Input

Sets the input signal route.

RF: Selects the RF input route

BASEBAND (I&Q):

Sets the IQ input path.

The input signal magnitude range is from
0.25 V to 0.9 Vp-p (± 0.47 V or less).

NOTE: When the baseband is input, Tx Power is displayed in relative power.

Baseband Input

AC: Allows you to select AC coupling.

DC: Allows you to select DC coupling.

IQ Inverse

Sets whether or not the phase of the IQ signal is inverted.

NORMAL: The sign of the Q signal is not inverted.

INVERSE: The sign of the Q signal is inverted.

Cont Auto Level Set

Sets whether to carry out the auto ranging.

ON: The auto ranging is carried out on a measurement basis.

OFF: The auto ranging is not carried out.

NOTE: When RF is selected for Input, Cont Auto Level Set takes effect only for Code Domain Power Coef, Code Domain Power, Tx Power and CCDF.

Use the soft key Auto Level Set when adjusting the reference level.

4 REMOTE CONTROL

4.1 GPIB Command Index

This GPIB command index can be used as the index for Chapter 4.

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4.2 GPIB Command Codes

The following table list the GPIB commands by function.

Table 4-1 Operating Mode

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Operating mode	Spectrum analyzer mode TRANSIENT mode	SETFUNC CW SETFUNC TRAN	SETFUNC?	0:Spectrum analyzer 1:TRANSIENT	
Communication system	cdma2000 mode	COMMSYS CDMA2000	COMMSYS?	12:cdma2000	*1

*1: Listener code is available only when the analyzer is set to the CW mode. The codes within the talker request are available for both the CW and TRANSIENT modes.

Table 4-2 ATT Key (Attenuator)

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Attenuator	AT	AT *	AT?	Level	
	ATT AUTO	AA	AA?	0: Manual 1: AUTO	
	Min. ATT	ATMIN *	ATMIN?	Level	
	Min. ATT ON OFF	ATMIN ON [*] ATMIN OFF	ATMINON?	0: OFF 1: ON	

Table 4-3 COPY Key (Hard copy)

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Printer output File output	Execution of the command	HCOPY	-	-	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-4 COUPLE Key (Couple function)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Couple function	RBW	RB *	RB?	Frequency
	RBW AUTO	BΛ	BΛ?	0:Manual 1:AUTO
	VBW	VB *	VB?	Frequency
	VBW AUTO	VA	VA?	0:Manual 1:AUTO
	Sweep Time	SW * ST *	SW? ST?	Time
	Sweep Time Auto	AS	AS?	0:Manual 1:AUTO

Table 4-5 FREQ Key (Frequency)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Frequency	Center frequency	CF *	CF?	Frequency
	Start frequency	FA *	FA?	Frequency
	Stop frequency	FB *	FB?	Frequency

Table 4-6 LEVEL Key (Reference Level)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Reference level	RL *	RL?	Level	

Table 4-7 MKR Key (Marker)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Marker	ΔMarker ON	MKD [*]	-	Frequency(Time)
	OFF	MKOFF MO	-	-
	Reading marker frequency (time)	-	MF?	Frequency(Time)
	Reading marker level	-	ML?	Level
	Reading marker frequency (time) and marker level	-	MFL?	Frequency(Time), Level
	Normal marker	MK [*] MKN [*]	-	Frequency(Time)
	Peak search	PS	-	-
	X-dB Down			
	X-dB Down width	MKBW *	MKBW?	Level
	X-dB Down	XDB	-	-
	X-dB Down Left	XDL	-	-
	X-dB Down Right	XDR	-	-
Display mode REL. ABS.L. ABS.R.	DC0	DC?	0: Relative mode	
	DC1		1: Absolute mode (Left side)	
	DC2		2: Absolute mode (Right side)	

Table 4-8 PRESET Key (Initialization)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Preset	Instrument preset	IP	-	-

Table 4-9 RCL Key (Recall)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Recall	RC REG_nn RC file name	-	nn: 01 to 10 File name: Max.8 character	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-10 SAVE Key (Save)

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Save	Save	SV REG_nn SV file name	-	nn: 01 to 10 File name: Max.8 character	
	Deletion	DEL REG_nn DEL file name	-	nn: 01 to 10 File name: Max.8 character	

Table 4-11 SPAN Key (Frequency span)

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Frequency span		SP *	SP?	Frequency	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
STD Setup	Band Class				
	0 (North American Cellular)	BNDCLS 0	BNDCLS?	0: North American Cellular	
	1 (North American PCS)	BNDCLS 1		1: North American PCS	
	2 (TACS)	BNDCLS 2		2: TACS	
	3 (JTACS)	BNDCLS 3		3: JTACS	
	4 (Korean PCS)	BNDCLS 4		4: Korean PCS	
	5 (NMT-450)	BNDCLS 5		5: NMT-450	
	6 (IMT-2000)	BNDCLS 6		6: IMT-2000	
	7 (North American 700MHz Cellular)	BNDCLS 7		7: North American 700MHz Cellular	
	8 (1800MHz)	BNDCLS 8		8: 1800MHz	
	9 (900MHz)	BNDCLS 9		9: 900MHz	
	Link				
	FORWARD	LINK FWD	LINK?	0:FORWARD	
	REVERSE(RC3&4)	LINK REV34		1:REVERSE(RC3&4)	
	REVERSE(RC1&2)	LINK REV12		2:REVERSE(RC1&2)	
	Signal Type				
	CONTINUOUS	SIGTYP CONT	SIGTYP?	0:CONTINUOUS	
	BURST	SIGTYP BURST		1:BURST	
	Offset Level	RO *	RO?	Level	
	Frequency setting mode				
	Frequency input mode	FINPMD FREQ	FINPMD?	0: Frequency input	
	Channel input mode	FINPMD CHL		1: Channel input	
	Channel setting	CH *	CH?	Integer (Channel number)	
	Channel edition				
	Input #1 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR1 *,*,*,*	CHEDFR1?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #2 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR2 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #3 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR3 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #4 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR4 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #5 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR5 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #6 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR6 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #7 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR7 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #8 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR8 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #9 (FORWARD)	CHEDFR9 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #1 (REVERSE)	CEDDRV1 *,*,*,*	CEDDRV1?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #2 (REVERSE)	CEDDRV2 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #3 (REVERSE)	CEDDRV3 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #4 (REVERSE)	CEDDRV4 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #5 (REVERSE)	CEDDRV5 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	
	Input #6 (REVERSE)	CEDDRV6 *,*,*,*		ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
STD Setup	Input #7 (REVERSE) Input #8 (REVERSE) Input #9 (REVERSE)	CHEDRV7 *,*,*,* CHEDRV8 *,*,*,* CHEDRV9 *,*,*,*	CHEDRV7? CHEDRV8? CHEDRV9?	ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof ch1,ch2,f1,f2,chof ch1: Start channel no. ch2: Stop channel no. f1: Base frequency(Hz) f2: Channel spacce(Hz) chof: Channel Offset
Channel table ENABLE/DISABLE selection	#1 ENABLE DISABLE #2 ENABLE DISABLE #3 ENABLE DISABLE #4 ENABLE DISABLE #5 ENABLE DISABLE #6 ENABLE DISABLE #7 ENABLE DISABLE #8 ENABLE DISABLE #9 ENABLE DISABLE	CHtbl1 ENBL CHtbl1 DSBL CHtbl2 ENBL CHtbl2 DSBL CHtbl3 ENBL CHtbl3 DSBL CHtbl4 ENBL CHtbl4 DSBL CHtbl5 ENBL CHtbl5 DSBL CHtbl6 ENBL CHtbl6 DSBL CHtbl7 ENBL CHtbl7 DSBL CHtbl8 ENBL CHtbl8 DSBL CHtbl9 ENBL CHtbl9 DSBL	CHtbl1? CHtbl2? CHtbl3? CHtbl4? CHtbl5? CHtbl6? CHtbl7? CHtbl8? CHtbl9?	0: Disable 1: Enable 0: Disable 1: Enable
Channel Copy from STD	CHSETSTD	-	-	
Input RF BASEBAND(I&Q)	INPUT RF INPUT IQ	INPUT?	0: RF 1: Baseband(I&Q)	
Baseband Input AC DC	BBINPUT AC BBINPUT DC	BBINPUT?	0: AC 1: DC	
IQ Inverse NORMAL INVERSE	IQMD NORM IQMD INV	IQMD?	0:NORMAL 1:INVERSE	
Auto Level setting Auto Level OFF Auto Level ON	ALS OFF ALS ON	ALS?	0: OFF 1: ON	
DC CAL	CLDC	-	-	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Power	Auto Level Set	AUTOWFL TDPAUTOLVL	-	-	
	Trigger Setup				
	Trigger Source				
	FREERUN	TRGSRC FREE TDPTRGSRC FREE	TRGSRC? TDPTRGSRC?	0:FREERUN 1:VIDEO 2:IF 3:EXT	
	VIDEO	TRGSRC VIDEO TDPTRGSRC VIDEO			
	IF	TRGSRC IF TDPTRGSRC IF			
	EXT	TRGSRC EXT TDPTRGSRC EXT			
	Trigger Slope				
	+	TRGSLP RISE TDPTRGSLP RISE	TRGSLP? TDPTRGSLP?	0:- 1:+	
	-	TRGSLP FALL TDPTRGSLP FALL			
	Trigger Level	TRGLVL * TDPTRGLVL *	TRGLVL? TDPTRGLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Trigger Position	TRGPOS * TDPTRGPOS *	TRGPOS? TDPTRGPOS?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Delay Time	TRGDT * TDPTRGDT *	TRGDT? TDPTRGDT?	Time	
	Window Setup				
Window	ON	TDPWDO ON TWDO ON	TDPWDO? TWDO?	0:OFF 1:ON	
	OFF	TDPWDO OFF TWDO OFF			
Window Position		TDPWPOS * TWLX *	TDPWPOS? TWLX?	Time	
Y Scale	Window Width	TDPWWID * Twdx *	TDPWWID? Twdx?	Time	
	10dB/div	TDPDIV P10DB	TDPDIV?	0:10dB/div	
	5dB/div	TDPDIV P5DB		1: 5dB/div	
	2dB/div	TDPDIV P2DB		2: 2dB/div	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Power	Average Times	TDPAVGCNT *	TDPAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	*1
		TDPAVG *	TDPAVG?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	
		CAVGAT *	CAVGAT?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	*1
	Average Mode				
	TRACE AVG	TDPAVGMD TRACE	TDPAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
	MAX HOLD	TDPAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
	POWER AVG	TDPAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
	NUMERIC	TDPAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric	
	Template				
	Template ON	TDPTMPL ON	TDPTMPL?	0:OFF	
Template Shift	OFF	TLMT ON	TLMT?	1:ON	
		TDPTMPL OFF			
		TLMT OFF			
	Shift X	TDPTMPLSX *	TDPTMPLSX?	Time	
		TLMSFT *	TLMSFT?	Time	
	Shift Y	TDPTMPLSY *	TDPTMPLSY?	Level	
		TLMASFT *	TLMASFT?	Level	
	Template Edit				
	Template UP/LOW select	TDPTMPLSEL UP	TDPTMPLSEL?	0:UP	
	Copy from STD	TDPTMPLSEL LOW		1:LOW	
Parameter Setup	Data entry	TDPTMPLCP	-	-	
		LMCPSL STD			
		TDPTMPLED *,*		t1,l1	
		TLMIN **		t1:Time	
	Init Table			l1:Level (dBm/W/dBμV)	
		TDPTMPLCLR	-	-	
		TLMDEL			
	Detector				
	Normal	TDPDET NRM	TDPDET?	0:Normal	
	Posi	TDPDET POS		1:Posi	
	Nega	TDPDET NEG		2:Nega	
	Sample	TDPDET SMP		3:Sample	

*1: Average Mode is set to POWER AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Power	Display Unit dBm W dB μ V	TDPUNIT DBM TDPUNIT W TDPUNIT DBUV	TDPUNIT? 	0:dBm 1:W 2:dB μ V
	Template Couple to Power ON OFF	TDPTMPLPW ON TDPTMPLPW OFF	TDPTMPLPW?	0:OFF 1:ON
	Template Limit	TDPTMPLBTM *	TDPTMPLBTM?	Level (dBm/W/dB μ V)
	Judgment ON OFF	TDPJDG ON TDPJDG OFF	TDPJDG?	0:OFF 1:ON
	Upper Limit	TDPJDGUP *	TDPJDGUP?	Level
	Lower Limit	TDPJDGLOW *	TDPJDGLOW?	Level
	Set to STD	TDPSETSTD	-	-
	Starts measurement T-Domain Power	GATEPOW TDPMEAS	-	-
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-
	Measurement results T-Domain Power	-	TDPMEAS? GATEPOW?	l1,j1 l1:Level (dBm/W/dBmV) j1:Integer (0:FAIL,1:PASS, -1:Judgment OFF) l1:Level (dBm)

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
ON/OFF Ratio	Auto Level Set	OORAUTOLVL	-	-	
	Trigger Setup				
	Trigger Source				
	FREERUN	OORTGSR FREE	OORTGSR?	0:FREERUN	
	VIDEO	OORTGSR VIDEO		1:VIDEO	
	IF	OORTGSR IF		2:IF	
	EXT	OORTGSR EXT		3:EXT	
	Trigger Slope				
	+	OORTGSLP RISE	OORTGSLP?	0:-	
	-	OORTGSLP FALL		1:+	
	Trigger Level	OORTGLVL *	OORTGLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Trigger Position	OORTRGPOS *	OORTRGPOS?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Delay Time	OORTRGDT *	OORTRGDT?	Time	
	Window Setup				
	Window				
	ON	OORWDO ON	OORWDO?	0:OFF	
	OFF	OORWDO OFF		1:ON	
	ON Position	OORWONPOS *	OORWONPOS?	Time	
	ON Width	OORWONWID *	OORWONWID?	Time	
	OFF Position	OORWOFPOS *	OORWOFPOS?	Time	
	OFF Width	OORWOFWID *	OORWOFWID?	Time	
	Y Scale				
	10dB/div	OORDIV P10DB	OORDIV?	0:10dB/div	
	5dB/div	OORDIV P5DB		1:5dB/div	
	2dB/div	OORDIV P2DB		2:2dB/div	
	Average Times	OORAVGCNT *	OORAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	*1
		OORAVG *	OORAVG?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	
		CAVGRAT *	CAVGRAT?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	
	Average Mode				
	TRACE AVG	OORAVGMD TRACE	OORAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
	MAX HOLD	OORAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
	POWER AVG	OORAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
	NUMERIC	OORAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric	

*1: Average Mode is set to NUMERIC.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
ON/OFF Ratio	Parameter Setup				
	Detector				
	Normal	OORDET NRM	OORDET?	0:Normal	
	Posi	OORDET POS		1:Posi	
	Nega	OORDET NEG		2:Nega	
	Sample	OORDET SMP		3:Sample	
	Display Unit				
	dBm	OORUNIT DBM	OORUNIT?	0:dBm	
	W	OORUNIT W		1:W	
	dBμV	OORUNIT DBUV		2:dBμV	
Judgment	ON	OORJDG ON	OORJDG?	0:OFF	
	OFF	OORJDG OFF		1:ON	
	Upper Limit	OORJDGUP *	OORJDGUP?	Level	
	Set to STD	OORSETSTD		-	
	Starts measurement				
	ON/OFF Ratio	OORMEAS RATIO	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	
	Measurement results				
	ON/OFF Ratio	-	OORMEAS? RATIO?	l1,l2,d1,j1 l1:ON Level (dBm/W/dBμV) l2:OFF Level (dBm/W/dBμV) d1:ON/OFF Ratio (dB) j1:Integer (0:FAIL,1:PASS, -1:Judgment OFF) d1,l1 d1:ON/OFF Ratio (dB) l1:Gated Power (dBm)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Spurious	Auto Level Set	TDSAUTOLVL	-	-	
	Trigger Setup				
	Trigger Source				
	FREERUN	TDSTRGSRC FREE	TDSTRGSRC?	0:FREERUN	
	IF	TRSPMD FREE	TRSPMD?	2:IF	
	EXT	TDSTRGSRC IF		3:EXT	
		TRSPMD IF			
		TDSTRGSRC EXT			
		TRSPMD EXT			
	Trigger Slope				
	+	TDSTRGSLP RISE	TDSTRGSLP?	0:-	
	-	TRSPSLP RISE		1:+	
		TDSTRGSLP FALL	TRSPSLP?		
		TRSPSLP FALL			
	Trigger Level	TDSTRGLVL *	TDSTRGLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Trigger Position	TDSTRGPOS *	TDSTRGPOS?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Delay Time	TDSTRGDT *	TDSTRGDT?	Time	
Table	Table No. 1/2/3	TDSTBL *	TDSTBL?	Integer (1 to 3)	
	Table Edit	TDSTBLED *,*	-	f1,l1 f1:Frequency l1:Limit Level	
	Load Table	TDSL	-	-	
	Load Table 1/2/3	RCLTBL *	-	Integer (1 to 3)	
	Save Table	TDSSV	-	-	
	Save Table 1/2/3	SVSTBL *	-	Integer (1 to 3)	
	Init Table	TDSCLR DELSTBL	-	-	
	Table Freq. Input				
	ABS	TDSTBLF ABS	TDSTBLF?	0:ABS	
	REL	TDSTBLF REL		1:REL	
Average Times	Average Times	TDSAVGCNT *	TDSAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	*1
		TDSAVG *	TDSAVG?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)	

*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Spurious	Average Mode			
	TRACE AVG	TDSAVGMD TRACE	TDSAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg
	MAX HOLD	TDSAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold
	POWER AVG	TDSAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg
	NUMERIC	TDSAVGMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric
	Parameter Setup			
	Detector			
	Normal	TDSDET NRM	TDSDET?	0:Normal
	Posi	TDSDET POS		1:Posi
	Nega	TDSDET NEG		2:Nega
	Sample	TDSDET SMP		3:Sample
	Display Unit			
	dBm	TDSUNIT DBM	TDSUNIT?	-
	W	TDSUNIT W		
	dBμV	TDSUNIT DBUV		
	Judgment			
	ON	TDSJDG ON	TDSJDG?	0:OFF
	OFF	TDSJDG OFF		1:ON
	Result			
	Peak	TDSRES PK	TDSRES?	0:Peak
	RMS	TDSRES RMS		1:RMS
	Multiplicator	TDSMULTI *	TDSMULTI?	Real number
	Peak Marker Y-Delta	TDSPKMKY *	TDSPKMKY?	Real number
	Preselector 1.6G	TDSPRE 16G	TDSPRE?	0:1.6G
	3.6G	TDSPRE 36G		1:3.6G
	Set to Default	TDSSETSTD	-	-
	Starts measurement			
	Spurious	TDSMEAS SPUR	-	-
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-
	Measurement results			
	Spurious	-	TDSMEAS?	n<CR+LF> +f1,l1,j1<CR+LF> +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n:Amount (Integer) fn:Frequency ln:Level (dBm/W/dBμV)

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
T-Domain Spurious		SPULVL?	jn:Integer (0:FAIL,1:PASs, -1:Judgment OFF) n<CR+LF> +f1,l1<CR+LF> +fn,ln<CR+LF> n:Amount (Integer) fn:Frequency ln:Level (dBm)	
F-Domain Power	Auto Level Set	FDPAUTOLVL	-	-
	Gate Setup			
	ON	TGTSETUP ON	TGTSETUP?	0:OFF
	OFF	TGTSETUP OFF		1:ON
	Trigger Source			
	FREERUN	TGTTRG FREE	TGTTRG?	0:FREERUN
	VIDEO	TGTTRG VIDEO		1:VIDEO
	IF	TGTTRG IF		2:IF
	EXT	TGTTRG EXT		3:EXT
	Trigger Slope			
	-	TGTTRGSLP FALL	TGTTRGSLP?	0:-
	+	TGTTRGSLP RISE		1:+
	Trigger Level	TGTTRGLVL *	TGTTRGLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)
	Trigger Position	TGTTRGPOS *	TGTTRGPOS?	Integer (0 to 100)
	Delay Time	TGTTRGD T *	TGTTRGD T?	Time
	Gate Source			
	Trigger	TGTSRC TRG	TGTSRC?	0:Trigger
	Ext Gate	TGTSRC EXT		1:EXT
	Gate Position	TGTPOS *	TGTPOS?	Time
	Gate Width	TGTWID *	TGTWID?	Time
	Detector			
	Normal	TGTDET NRM	TGTDET?	0:Normal
	Posi	TGTDET POS		1:Posi
	Nega	TGTDET NEG		2:Nega
	Sample	TGTDET SMP		3:Sample
	Gated Sweep ON/OFF			
	ON	TGTSWP ON	TGTSWP?	0:OFF
	OFF	TGTSWP OFF		1:ON

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks	
			Code	Output Format		
F-Domain Power	Window Setup	Window	FDPWDO ON	FDPWDO?	*1	
			FDPWDO OFF	0:OFF 1:ON		
		Window Position	FDPWPOS * CPWLX *	FDPWPOS? CPWLX?		
	Window Width	Window Width	FDPWWID *	FDPWWID?		
			CPwdx *	CPwdx?		
		Y Scale	10dB/div 5dB/div 2dB/div	FDPDIV P10DB CPWDIV P10DB FDPDIV P5DB CPWDIV P5DB FDPDIV P2DB CPWDIV P2DB		
		10dB/div		FDPDIV?		
		5dB/div		CPWDIV?		
		2dB/div		0:10dB/div 1:5dB/div 2:2dB/div		
	Average Times	Average Times	FDPAVGCNT *	FDPAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999) *1	
			FDPAVG *	FDPAVG?		
			CAVGCHP *	CAVGCHP?		
	Average Mode	Average Mode	FDPAVGMD TRACE	FDPAVGMD?	*1	
			FDPAVGMD MAX	0: Trace Avg		
			FDPAVGMD POWER	1: Max Hold		
			FDPAVGMD NUMERIC	2: Power Avg 3: Numeric		
Parameter Setup	Detector	Detector	FDPDET NRM FDPDET POS FDPDET NEG FDPDET SMP	FDPDET?	0:Normal 1:Posi 2:Nega 3:Sample	
	Display Unit	Display Unit	FDPUNIT DBM FDPUNIT W FDPUNIT DBUV	FDPUNIT?	0:dBm 1:W 2:dB μ V	
	Judgment	Judgment	FDPJDG ON FDPJDG OFF	FDPJDG?	0:OFF 1:ON	

*1: Average Mode is set to POWER AVG.

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
F-Domain Power	Upper Limit	FDPJDGUP *	FDPJDGUP?	Level (dBm/W/dBµV)
	Lower Limit	FDPJDGLOW *	FDPJDGLOW?	Level (dBm/W/dBµV)
	Set to STD	FDPSETSTD	-	-
	Starts measurement F-Domain Power	FDPMEAS CCHPOW	-	-
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-
	Measurement results F-Domain Power	-	FDPMEAS? CCHPOW?	l1,j1 l1:Level (dBm/W/dBmV) j1:Integer (0:FAIL,1:PASS, -1:Judgment OFF) l1,l2 l1:Level (dBm) l2:Level (dBm/Hz)
OBW	Auto Level Set	OBWAUTOLVL	-	-
	OBW%	OBWPER *	OBWPER?	Real number (0.5 to 99.5)
		COBWPER *	COBWPER?	
	Average Times	OBWAVGCNT *	OBWAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)
		OBWAVG *	OBWAVG?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999)
		CAVGOBW *	CAVGOBW?	Integer (1:OFF,2 to 999) *1
Average Mode	TRACE AVG	OBWAVGMMD TRACE	OBWAVGMMD?	0: Trace Avg
	MAX HOLD	OBWAVGMMD MAX		1: Max Hold
	POWER AVG	OBWAVGMMD POWER		2: Power Avg
	NUMERIC	OBWAVGMMD NUMERIC		3: Numeric

*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
OBW	Parameter Setup				
	Detector				
	Normal	OBWDET NRM COBWDET NRM	OBWDET? COBWDET?	0:Normal 1:Posi 2:Nega 3:Sample	
	Posi	OBWDET POS COBWDET POS			
	Nega	OBWDET NEG COBWDET NEG			
	Sample	OBWDET SMP COBWDET SMP			
	Judgment				
	ON	OBWJDG ON	OBWJDG?	0:OFF	
	OFF	OBWJDG OFF		1:ON	
	Upper Limit	OBWJDGUP *	OBWJDGUP?	Frequency	
	Lower Limit	OBWJDGLOW *	OBWJDGLOW?	Frequency	
	Set to STD	OBWSETSTD	-	-	
	Starts measurement				
	OBW	OBWMEAS COBW	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	
OBW	Measurement results				
	OBW	-	OBWMEAS? COBW?	f1,f2,f3,j1 f1:OBW Frequency f2:Lower side frequency f3:Higher side frequency j1: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF) f1,f2,f3 f1:OBW Frequency f2:Lower side frequency f3:Higher side frequency	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Due to Transient	Auto Level Set	DTSAUTOLVL	-	-	
	Template				
	Template				
	ON	DTSTMPL ON	DTSTMPL?	0: OFF	
	OFF	DTSTMPL OFF		1: ON	
	Template Shift				
	Shift X	DTSTMPLSX *	DTSTMPLSX?	Frequency	
	Shift Y	DTSTMPLSY *	DTSTMPLSY?	Level	
	Margin delta X	DTSTMPLDX *	DTSTMPLDX?	Frequency (0:OFF)	
	Copy from STD	DTSTMPLCP	-	-	
Marker Edit	Data entry	DTSTMPLLED *,*	-	f1,l1 f1: Frequency l1: Level (dBm/W/dBμV)	Set the reference bandwidth to f2, after initializing the table.
	Init Table	DTSTMPLCLR	-	-	
	Marker Edit				
	Copy from STD	DTSMKRCP	-	-	
	Data entry	DTSMKRED *,*,*,*	-	d1,f1,f2,l1 d1: (0:Normal 1: Integral 2: √Nyquist) f1: Offset Frequency f2: Band width l1: Limit level	
Average Times	Init Table	DTSMKRCLR	-	-	*1
	Average Times	DTSAVGCNT *	DTSAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
		DTSAVG *	DTSAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
	Average Mode				
TRACE AVG	TRACE AVG	DTSAVGM TRACE	DTSAVGM?	0: Trace Avg	
	MAX HOLD	DTSAVGM MAX		1: Max Hold	
	POWER AVG	DTSAVGM POWER		2: Power Avg	
	NUMERIC	DTSAVGM NUMERIC		3: Numeric	

*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Due to Transient	Parameter Setup				
	Detector				
	Normal	DTSDET NRM	DTSDET?	0: Normal	
	Posi	DTSDET POS		1: Posi	
	Nega	DTSDET NEG		2: Nega	
	Sample	DTSDET SMP		3: Sample	
	Display Unit				
	dBm	DTSUNIT DBM	DTSUNIT?	0: dBm	
	W	DTSUNIT W		1: W	
	dB μ V	DTSUNIT DBUV		2: dB μ V	
	Template Couple to Power				
	ON	DTSTMPLPW ON	DTSTMPLPW?	0: OFF	
	OFF	DTSTMPLPW OFF		1: ON	
	Template Limit	DTSTMPLBTM *	DTSTMPL-BTM?	Level (dBm/W/dB μ V)	
Judgment					
	ON	DTSJDG ON	DTSJDG?	0: OFF	
	OFF	DTSJDG OFF		1: ON	
	Freq. Setting				
	CFSP	DTSFRMD CFSP	DTSFRMD?	0: Center/Span mode	
	STSP	DTSFRMD STSP		1: Start/Stop mode	
	Result				
	ABS	DTSRES ABS	DTSRES?	0: Absolute	
	REL	DTSRES REL		1: Relative	
	MKR	DTSRES MKR		2: Marker	
	Ref Power				
	MKR	DTSREF MKR	DTSREF?	0: Reference Marker	
	MOD	DTSREF MOD		1: Modulation	
	Symbol Rate 1/T	DTSSYMRT *	DTSSYMRT?	Frequency	
Starts measurement	Rolloff Factor	DTSRFACT *	DTSRFACT?	Real number	
	Set to STD	DTSSETSTD	-	-	
	Due to Transient	DTSMEAS	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Due to Transient	Measurement results Due to Transient	-	DTSMEAS?	n<CR+LF> +d1,j1<CR+LF> +dn,jn<CR+LF> n:Amount (Integer) dn: Power jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	
			COBWCP?	l1,l2,d1,d2,d3,d4 l1: Level (dBm: Reference power) l2: Level (W: Reference power) d1: -1st ACP(dBc) d2: +1st ACP(dBc) d3: -2nd ACP(dBc) d4: +2nd ACP(dBc)	
Due to Modulation	Ref. Power	-	DTSREFPWR?	Level	
	Auto Level Set	DTMAUTOLVL	-	-	
	Gate Setup				
	ON	TGTSETUP ON	TGTSETUP?	0: OFF	
	OFF	TGTSETUP OFF		1: ON	
	Trigger Source				
	FREERUN	TGTTRG FREE	TGTTRG?	0: FREERUN	
	VIDEO	TGTTRG VIDEO		1: VIDEO	
	IF	TGTTRG IF		2: IF	
	EXT	TGTTRG EXT		3: EXT	
	Trigger Slope				
	-	TGTTRGSLP FALL	TGTTRGSLP?	0: -	
	+	TGTTRGSLP RISE		1: +	
	Trigger Level	TGTTRGLVL *	TGTTRGLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Trigger Position	TGTTRGPOS *	TGTTRGPOS?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	Delay Time	TGTTRGDST *	TGTTRGDST?	Time	
	Gate Source				
	Trigger	TGTSRC TRG	TGTSRC?	0: Trigger	
	Ext Gate	TGTSRC EXT		1: EXT	
	Gate Position	TGTPOS *	TGTPOS?	Time	
	Gate Width	TGTWID *	TGTWID?	Time	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Due to Modulation	Detector				Set the reference bandwidth to f2, after initializing the table.
	Normal	TGTDET NRM	TGTDET?	0: Normal	
	Posi	TGTDET POS		1: Posi	
	Nega	TGTDET NEG		2: Nega	
	Sample	TGTDET SMP		3: Sample	
	Gated Sweep ON/OFF				
	ON	TGTSWP ON	TGTSWP?	0: OFF	
	OFF	TGTSWP OFF		1: ON	
	Template				
	Template ON	DTMTMPL ON	DTMTMPL?	0: OFF	
	OFF	DTMTMPL OFF		1: ON	
	Template Shift				
	Shift X	DTMTMPLSX *	DTMTMPLSX?	Frequency	
	Shift Y	DTMTMPLSY *	DTMTMPLSY?	Level	
	Margin delta X	DTMTMPLDX *	DTMTMPLDX?	Frequency (0:OFF)	
	Copy from STD	DTMTMPLCP	-	-	
	Data entry	DTMTMPLED *,*	-	f1,l1 f1: frequency l1: Level (dBm/W/dBμV)	
	Init Table	DTMTMPLCLR	-	-	
	Marker Edit				
	Copy from STD	DTMMKRCP	-	-	
	Data entry	DTMMKRED **,*,*	-	d1,f1,f2,l1 d1: (0:Normal 1: Integral 2: √Nyquist) f1: Offset Frequency f2: Bandwidth l1: Limit Level	
	Init Table	DTMMKRCLR	-	-	
Average Times	Average Times	DTMAVGCNT *	DTMAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	*1
		DTMAVG *	DTMAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	

*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Due to Modulation	Average Mode			
	TRACE AVG	DTMAVGMD TRACE	DTMAVGMD?	
	MAX HOLD	DTMAVGMD MAX		
	POWER AVG	DTMAVGMD POWER		
	NUMERIC	DTMAVGMD NUMERIC		
	Parameter Setup			
	Detector			
	Normal	DTMDET NRM	DTMDET?	
	Posi	DTMDET POS		
	Nega	DTMDET NEG		
	Sample	DTMDET SMP		
	Display Unit			
	dBm	DTMUNIT DBM	DTMUNIT?	
	W	DTMUNIT W		
	dB μ V	DTMUNIT DBUV		
	Template Couple to Power			
	ON	DTMTMPLPW ON	DTMTMPLPW?	
	OFF	DTMTMPLPW OFF		
	Template Limit	DTMTMPLBTM *	DTMTMPLBTM?	
	Judgment			
	ON	DTMJDG ON	DTMJDG?	
	OFF	DTMJDG OFF		
	Freq. Setting			
	CFSP	DTMFRMD CFSP	DTMFRMD?	
	STSP	DTMFRMD STSP		
	Result			
	ABS	DTMRES ABS	DTMRES?	
	REL	DTMRES REL		
	MKR	DTMRES MKR		

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Due to Modulation	Ref Power				
	MKR	DTMREF MKR	DTMREF MKR?	0: Reference Marker	
	MOD	DTMREF MOD		1: Modulation	
	Symbol Rate 1/T	DTMSYMRT *	DTMSYMRT?	Frequency	
	Rolloff Factor	DTMRFACT *	DTMRFACT?	Real number	
	Set to STD	DTMSETSTD	-	-	
	Starts measurement Due to Modulation	DTMMEAS	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	
	Measurement results Due to Modulation	-	DTMMEAS?	n<CR+LF>+d1, j1<CR+LF>+dn,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) dn: Power jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	
	Ref. Power	-	DTMREFPWR?	Level	
Inband Spurious (1)	Auto Level Set	SPRAUTOLVL	-	-	
	Template				
	Template ON	SPRTMPL ON	SPRTMPL?	0: OFF	
	OFF	SPRTMPL OFF		1: ON	
	Template Shift				
	Shift X	SPRTMPLSX *	SPRTMPLSX?	Frequency	
	Shift Y	SPRTMPLSY *	SPRTMPLSY?	Level	
	Margin delta X	SPRTMPLDX *	SPRTMPLDX?	Frequency (0:OFF)	
	Copy from STD	SPRTMPLCP	-	-	
	Data entry	SPRTMPLED *,*	-	f1,l1 f1: Frequency l1: Level (dBm/W/dBμV)	
	Init Table	SPRTMPLCLR	-	-	
	Marker Edit				Set the reference bandwidth to f2, after initializing the table.
	Copy from STD	SPRMKRCP	-	-	
	Data entry	SPRMKRED *,*,*,*	-	d1,f1,f2,l1 d1:(0:Peak, 1:Integral) f1: Start Frequency f2: Stop Frequency l1: Limit Level	
	Init Table	SPRMKRCLR	-	-	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Inband Spurious (1)	Average Times	SPRAVGCNT *	SPRAVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	*1
		SPRAVG *	SPRAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
		CAVGSPR *	CAVGSPR?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
	Average Mode				
	TRACE AVG	SPRAVGMD TRACE	SPRAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
	MAX HOLD	SPRAVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
	POWER AVG	SPRAVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
	Parameter Setup				
	Detector				
	Normal	SPRDET NRM	SPRDET?	0: Normal	
	Posi	SPRDET POS		1: Posi	
	Nega	SPRDET NEG		2: Nega	
	Sample	SPRDET SMP		3: Sample	
	Display Unit				
	dBm	SPRUNIT DBM	SPRUNIT?	0: dBm	
	W	SPRUNIT W		1: W	
	dB μ V	SPRUNIT DBUV		2: dB μ V	
	Template Couple to Power				
	ON	SPRTMPLPW ON	SPRTMPLPW?	0: OFF	
	OFF	SPRTMPLPW OFF		1: ON	
	Template Limit	SPRTMPLBTM *	SPRTMPLBTM?	Level (dBm/W/dB μ V)	
	Judgment				
	ON	SPRJDG ON	SPRJDG?	0: OFF	
	OFF	SPRJDG OFF		1: ON	
	Freq. Setting				
	CFSP	SPRFRMD CFSP	SPRFRMD?	0: Center/Span mode	
	STSP	SPRFRMD STSP		1: Start/Stop mode	

*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Inband Spurious (1)	Result ABS	SPRRES ABS SPRMOD ABS	SPRRES? SPRMOD?	0: Absolute 1: Relative 2: Marker	
	REL	SPRRES REL SPRMOD REL			
	MKR	SPRRES MKR SPRMOD MKR			
	Ref Power MKR	SPRREF MKR SPRREF SWP	SPRREF?	0: Reference Marker 1: Modulation	
	MOD	SPRREF MOD SPRREF DSP			
	Peak Marker Y-Delta	SPRPKMKY *	SPRPKMKY?	Real number	
	Set to STD	SPRSETSTD	-	-	
	Starts measurement				
	Inband Spurious	SPRMEAS CINBSPR	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	
Measurement results	Inband Spurious	-	SPRMEAS?	n<CR+LF> +f1,l1,j1<CR+LF> +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n:Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm/W/dBµV) jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	
	max.value output on the each period	-	CINBMAX?	n1,f1,l1....n4,f4,l4 (4set output) nn: 0;Disable (Without data) 1; Enable (With data) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm)	
	Ref. Power	-	SPRREFPWR?	Level	
Inband Spurious (2)	Auto Level Sct	SPR2AUTOLVL	-	-	
	Template Template ON OFF	SPR2TMPL ON SPR2TMPL OFF	SPR2TMPL?	0: OFF 1: ON	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Inband Spurious (2)	Template Shift				Set the reference bandwidth to f2, after initializing the table.
	Shift X	SPR2TMPLSX *	SPR2TMPLSX?	Frequency	
	Shift Y	SPR2TMPLSY *	SPR2TMPLSY?	Level	
	Margin delta X	SPR2TMPLDX *	SPR2TMPLDX?	Frequency (0:OFF)	
	Copy from STD	SPR2TMPLCP	-	-	
	Data entry	SPR2TMPLED *;*	-	f1,l1 f1: Frequency l1: Level (dBm/W/dBμV)	
	Init Table	SPR2TMPLCLR	-	-	
	Marker Edit				
	Copy from STD	SPR2MKRCP	-	-	
	Data entry	SPR2MKRED *;*,*,*	-	d1,f1,f2,l1 d1:(0:Peak, 1:Integral) f1: Start Frequency f2: Stop Frequency l1: Limit Level	
Parameter Setup	Init Table	SPR2MKRCLR	-	-	
	Average Times	SPR2AVGCNT *	SPR2AVGCNT?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
		SPR2AVG *	SPR2AVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
	Average Mode				
	POWER AVG	SPR2AVGMD POWER	SPR2AVGMD?	2: Power Avg	
	Detector				
	Normal	SPR2DET NRM	SPR2DET?	0: Normal	
	Posi	SPR2DET POS		1: Posi	
	Nega	SPR2DET NEG		2: Nega	
	Sample	SPR2DET SMP		3: Sample	
Display Unit	dBm	SPR2UNIT DBM	SPR2UNIT?	0: dBm	
	W	SPR2UNIT W		1: W	
	dBμV	SPR2UNIT DBUV		2: dBμV	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Inband Spurious (2)	Template Couple to Power ON OFF	SPR2TMPLPW ON SPR2TMPLPW OFF	SPR2TMPLPW? 0: OFF 1: ON	
	Template Limit	SPR2TMPLBTM *	SPR2TMPLBTM?	Level (dBm/W/dBµV)
	Judgment ON OFF	SPR2JDG ON SPR2JDG OFF	SPR2JDG? 0: OFF 1: ON	
	Freq. Setting CFSP STSP	SPR2FRMD CFSP SPR2FRMD STSP	SPR2FRMD? 0: Center/Span mode 1: Start/Stop mode	
	Result ABS REL MKR	SPR2RES ABS SPR2RES REL SPR2RES MKR	SPR2RES? 0: Absolute 1: Relative 2: Marker	
	Ref Power MKR MOD	SPR2REF MKR SPR2REF MOD	SPR2REF? 0: Reference Marker 1: Modulation	
	Peak MKR Y-Delta	SPR2PKMKY *	SPR2PKMKY?	Real number
	Band Conversion ON OFF	SPR2CONV ON SPR2CONV OFF	SPR2CONV? 0: OFF 1: ON	
	Integral Band	SPR2INTE *	SPR2INTE?	Frequency
	Start Offset	SPR2OFSST *	SPR2OFSST?	Frequency
	Stop Offset	SPR2OFSSP *	SPR2OFSSP?	Frequency
	Set to STD	SPR2SETSTD	-	-
	Starts measurement Inband Spurious	SPR2MEAS	-	-
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-
	Measurement results Inband Spurious	-	SPR2MEAS? n<CR+LF> +f1,l1,j1<CR+LF> +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm/W/dBµV) jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)	n<CR+LF> +f1,l1,j1<CR+LF> +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n: Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm/W/dBµV) jn: Integer (0: FAIL, 1: PASS, -1: Judgment OFF)
	Ref. Power	-	SPR2REFPWR?	Level

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Outband Spurious	Auto Level Set	FDSAUTOLVL	-	*1
	Table	FDSCP	-	
	Copy from STD	FDSTBL *	FDSTBL?	
	Table No.1/2/3	FDSTBL?	Integer (1 to 3)	
	Table Edit	FDSTBLED *,*,*,*,*	-	
			f1,f2,f3,f4,d1,l1 f1: Start frequency f2: Stop frequency f3: RBW f4: VBW d1: Sweep time l1: Limit Level	
	Load Table	FDSLD	-	
	Save Table	FDSSV	-	
	Init Table	FDSCLR	-	
	Average Times	FDSAVGCNT *	FDSAVGCNT?	
		FDSAVG *	FDSAVG?	
			Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999) Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 999)	
	Average Mode			
TRACE AVG	FDSCVGMD TRACE	FDSAVGMD?	0: Trace Avg	
	FDSCVGMD MAX		1: Max Hold	
	FDSCVGMD POWER		2: Power Avg	
Parameter Setup	Detector			
	Normal	FDSDET NRM	FDSDET?	
	Posi	FDSDET POS		
	Nega	FDSDET NEG		
	Sample	FDSDET SMP		
Display Unit				
	dBm	FDSUNIT DBM	FDSUNIT?	
	W	FDSUNIT W		
	dB μ V	FDSUNIT DBUV		
Judgment				
	ON	FDSJDG ON	FDSJDG?	
	OFF	FDSJDG OFF		
Peak Marker Y-Delta	FDSPKMKY *	FDSPKMKY?	Real number	

*1: When Detector is set to Positive, Average Mode is set to MAX HOLD. When Detector is set to something other than Positive, Average Mode is set to TRACE AVG.

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Outband Spurious	Preselector 1.6G 3.6G	FDSPRE 16G FDSPRE 36G	FDSPRE?	0: 1.6G 1: 3.6G	
	Set to Default	FDSSETSTD	-	-	
	Starts measurement Outband Spurious	FDSMEAS	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	
	Measurement results Outband Spurious	-	FDSMEAS?	n<CR+LF> +f1,l1,j1<CR+LF> +fn,ln,jn<CR+LF> n:Amount (Integer) fn: Frequency ln: Level (dBm/W/dBmV) jn: Integer(0: FAIL, 1: PASS,-1: Judgment OFF)	
	Auto Level Set	AUTOLVL	-	-	
	Graphics Select Type Constellation Constellation(Line) Constellation(Dot) Constellation (Line&Dot) I EYE Diagram Q EYE Diagram I/Q EYE Diagram E.V.M. vs Chip Mag Error vs Chip	C2PCGTYP CON C2PCGTYP CONLIN C2PCGTYP CONDOT C2PCGTYP CONLINDOT C2PCGTYP ICHEY C2PCGTYP QCHEY C2PCGTYP IQCHEY C2PCGTYP EVM C2PCGTYP MAGERR	C2PCGTYP?	0: Constellation 1: Constellation(Line) 2: Constellation(Dot) 3: Constellation (Line&Dot) 4: I EYE Diagram 5: Q EYE Diagram 6: I/Q EYE Diagram 7: E.V.M. vs Chip 8: Mag Error vs Chip	
	Plot Type AVG P-P	C2PCGPLOT AVG C2PCGPLOT PP	C2PCGPLOT?	0:AVG 1:P-P	
	Scale Setup Format GRAPH TABLE NUMERIC	C2PCFMT GRP C2PCFMT TBL C2PCFMT NUM	C2PCFMT?	0:GRAPH 1:TABLE 2:NUMERIC	
	Display SINGLE DUAL	C2PCDISP SNGL C2PCDISP DUAL	C2PCDISP?	0:SINGLE 1:DUAL	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power Coef with FOR- WARD Link selected	Y Scale ρ	C2PCYSCL RHO	C2PCYSCL?	
	POWER	C2PCYSCL POW	0: ρ 1:POWER	
	τ	C2PCYSCL TAU	2: τ	
	PHASE	C2PCYSCL PHA	3:PHASE	
	CDE	C2PCYSCL CDE	4:CDE	
	ρ(ALL)	C2PCYSCL RHOALL	5:ρ(ALL)	
	Y Scale Upper	C2YUPR *	C2YUPR?	
	Y/div 10/div 5/div	C2PDIV P10 C2PDIV P5	C2PDIV?	
	Table Page 1 2	C2PCPAGE 1 C2PCPAGE 2	C2PCPAGE?	
	Parameter Setup Meas Range	C2PCM RNG *	C2PCM RNG?	
	τ Offset	C2TOFS *	C2TOFS?	
	Complementary Filter ON OFF	C2CMPFLT ON C2CMPFLT OFF	C2CMPFLT?	
	Rolloff Factor	C2RFACT *	C2RFACT?	
	Equalizing Filter ON OFF	C2EQFLT ON C2EQFLT OFF	C2EQFLT?	
	PN Offset Search Mode ON OFF	C2PNMOD ON C2PNMOD OFF	C2PNMOD?	
	PN Offset	C2PNOFS *	C2PNOFS?	
	Carrier Freq. Search 500Hz 10kHz 500kHz	C2FSRCH 500HZ C2FSRCH 10KHZ C2FSRCH 500KHZ	C2FSRCH?	
	Trigger Source INT EXT INTRVL(EXT) INTRVL	C2TRG INT C2TRG EXT C2TRG INTRVL1 C2TRG INTRVL2	C2TRG?	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power Coef with FORWARD Link selected	EXT Trigger Slope + -	C2TRGSLP RISE C2TRGSLP FALL	C2TRGSLP?	0:- 1:+	
	Threshold	C2THRSH *	C2THRSH?	Level (-50 to 0 dB)	
	Auto Rate ON OFF	C2AUTORATE ON C2AUTORATE OFF	C2AUTORATE?	0:OFF 1:ON	
	Channel Define ON OFF	C2CHDEF ON C2CHDEF OFF	C2CHDEF?	0:OFF 1:ON	
	Walsh Code Length	C2WLEN *	C2WLEN?	Integer (4/8/16/32/64/128)	
	QOF	C2QOF *	C2QOF?	Integer (0/1/2/3)	
	Bit Reversal Order ON OFF	C2BITREV ON C2BITREV OFF	C2BITREV?	0:OFF 1:ON	
	Channel Def. Table Total	C2CHTOTAL *	C2CHTOTAL?	Integer (1 to 128)	
	Edit Channel	C2CHEDIT *	C2CHEDIT?	Integer (0 to 127)	
	Channel Name PICH SYNCH PCH BCH CCCH DCCH FCH SCCH SCH QPCH CPCCH CACH	C2CHNAME PICH C2CHNAME SYNCH C2CHNAME PCH C2CHNAME BCH C2CHNAME CCCH C2CHNAME DCCH C2CHNAME FCH C2CHNAME SCCH C2CHNAME SCH C2CHNAME QPCH C2CHNAME CPCCH C2CHNAME CACH	C2CHNAME?	0:PICH 1:SYNCH 2:PCH 3:BCH 4:CCCH 5:DCCH 6:FCH 7:SCCH 8:SCH 9:QPCH 10:CPCCH 11:CACH	
	RC (Radio Configuration)	C2CHRC *	C2CHRC?	Integer (1/2/3/4/5)	
	Data Rate	C2CHRATE *	C2CHRATE?	Integer (1200/1350/1500/1800 2400/2700/3600/4800 7200/9600/14400/19200 28800/38400/57600 76800/115200/153600 230400/307200) bps	
	QOF	C2CHQOF *	C2CHQOF?	Integer (0/1/2/3)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power Coef with FORWARD Link selected	Walsh Code Number	C2CHWNUM *	C2CHWNUM?	Integer (0 to 127)	
	Meas Options				
	CDP Graph Plot Type				
	AVERAGE	C2CDPLOT AVG	C2CDPLOT?	0:AVERAGE	
	MAX	C2CDPLOT MAX		1:MAX	
	MIN	C2CDPLOT MIN		2:MIN	
	Power Unit				
	dBm	C2PWRUNIT DBM	C2PWRUNIT?	0:dBm	
	dB	C2PWRUNIT DB		1:dB	
	dBmPilot	C2PWRUNIT DBMPI		2:dBmPilot	
	Pilot Channel Power	C2PIPWR *	C2PIPWR?	Level (-50 to 50 dBm)	
	$\Delta\tau$				
	ON	C2TAU ON	C2TAU?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2TAU OFF		1:ON	
	$\Delta\theta$				
	ON	C2THETA ON	C2THETA?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2THETA OFF		1:ON	
	Code Domain Error				
	ON	C2CDE ON	C2CDE?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2CDE OFF		1:ON	
	Signal Power				
	ON	C2SIGPOW ON	C2SIGPOW?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2SIGPOW OFF		1:ON	
	EVM				
	ON	C2EVM ON	C2EVM?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2EVM OFF		1:ON	
	Fixed Symbols Level				
	ON	C2FIXSYM ON	C2FIXSYM?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2FIXSYM OFF		1:ON	
	Chip Rate Error				
	ON	C2CHIPERR ON	C2CHIPERR?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2CHIPERR OFF		1:ON	
	IQ Gain Error				
	ON	C2IQQGAIN ON	C2IQQGAIN?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2IQQGAIN OFF		1:ON	
	Quadrature Error				
	ON	C2QUAD ON	C2QUAD?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2QUAD OFF		1:ON	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power Coef with FORWARD Link selected	Starts measurement	C2PC	-	-	
Code Domain Power Coef	C2PC		-	-	
Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	-	
Measurement results	τ (Time Alignment Error) Carrier Frequency Error Multiple ρ PN Offset Magnitude Error Phase Error Error Vector Magnitude I/Q Origin Offset Error Signal Power Ratio Tx Power Tx Power(W) AVG Power at Chip Peak Code Domain Error Chip Rate Error I/Q Gain Error Quadrature Error Peak $\Delta\tau$ Peak $\Delta\theta$ Peak inactive channel power (ρ)	C2PCTAU? C2PCCFER? C2PCRHO? C2PCPNOFS? C2PCMAG? C2PCPHE? C2PCEVM? C2PCIQOFS? C2PCERPOW? C2PCTXPOW? C2PCTXPOWW? C2PCAVGPOW? C2PCPKCDE? C2PCCHIPERR? C2PCIQGAIN? C2PCQUAD? C2PKTAU? C2PKTHETA? C2INACTRHO?	Time (sec) d1,d2 d1: Frequency(Hz) d2: Real number(ppm) Real number Integer Real number (%rms) Real number (deg.rms) Real number (%rms) Real number (dBc) Real number (dB) Real number (dBm) Real number (W) Real number (dBm) Real number (dB) d1,d2 d1:(Hz) d2:(ppm) Real number (%) Real number (degree) d1, d2 d1: (sec) d2: (Channel number) d1, d2 d1: (rad.) d2: (Channel number) d1,d2 d1: (dB) d2: (Channel number) d1,d2,d3 d1: (dB) d2: (Channel number) d3: (Walsh Length)		
τ (Time Alignment Error)					
Carrier Frequency Error					
Multiple ρ					
PN Offset					
Magnitude Error					
Phase Error					
Error Vector Magnitude					
I/Q Origin Offset					
Error Signal Power Ratio					
Tx Power					
Tx Power(W)					
AVG Power at Chip					
Peak Code Domain Error					
Chip Rate Error					
I/Q Gain Error					
Quadrature Error					
Peak $\Delta\tau$					
Peak $\Delta\theta$					
Peak inactive channel power (ρ)					

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power Coef with FORWARD Link selected	Marker Position	C2PCM * *	C2PCM?	Integer (0 to 127)
	Walsh Code Length		C2PCMKWLEN?	Integer
	Walsh Code Number		C2PCMKWNUM?	Integer
	ρ		C2PCMKRHO?	Real number
	Power		C2PCMKPOW?	(dBm/dB/dBmpilot)
	$\Delta\tau$		C2PCMKTAU?	(sec)
	$\Delta\theta$		C2PCMCKPHA?	(rad.)
	CDE		C2PCMKCDE?	(dBm/dB/dBmpilot)
	ρ (dB)		C2PCMKRHOLOG?	(dB)
	Symbol Rate		C2PCMKSYMRT?	Real number(ksp)
Reads all Marker Data	$\rho \cdot TxPow$		C2PCMKA BSPOW?	d1, d2 d1: Level(dBm) d2: Level(W)
	Walsh Code Length		C2PCGPHWLEN?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+... +dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Walsh Code Length (integer)
	Walsh Code Number		C2PCGPHWNUM?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+... +dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Walsh Code Number (integer)
ρ			C2PCGPHRHO?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+... +dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: ρ (real number)

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power Coef with FORWARD Link selected	Power	C2PCGPHPOW?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Power (dBm/dB/dBmpilot)	
		C2PCGPHTAU?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Δτ (sec)	
		C2PCGPHPHA?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Δθ (rad.)	
		C2PCGPHCDE?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: CDE(dBm/dB/dBmpilot)	
		C2PCGPHRHOLLOG?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: p(dB)	
		C2PCGPHSYMRT?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Symbol Rate(ksps)	
		C2PCGPHABSPOW?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Levcl(dBm)	
		C2PCGPHABSPOWW?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Level(W)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power Coef with FORWARD Link selected	Graphics Marker				
	Constellation				
	Constellation(Line)				
	Constellation(Dot)				
	Constella- tion(Line&Dot)				
	I EYE Diagram				
	Q EYE Diagram				
	I/Q EYE Diagram				
	Chip number		C2MKCHIP *	C2MKCHIP?	Integer
	I-Phase data			C2MKI?	Phase
	Q-Phase data			C2MKQ?	Phase
	E.V.M. vs Chip				
	Mag Error vs Chip				
	Marker Position				
Code Domain Power with REVERSE (RC3&4) Link selected	Chip number				
	Auto Level Set	AUTOLVL	-	-	-
	Graphics Select Type				
	Constellation				
	Constellation (Line)				
	Constellation (Dot)				
	Constellation (Line&Dot)				
	I EYE Diagram				
	Q EYE Diagram				
	I/Q EYE Diagram				
	E.V.M. vs Chip				
	Mag Error vs Chip				
	Phase Error vs Chip				
	Plot Type				
	AVG		C2CDGPLOT AVG	C2CDGPLOT?	0:AVG
	P-P		C2CDGPLOT PP		1:P-P
	Y/div				
	25		C2CDGYDIV P25	C2CDGYDIV?	0:25/div
	5		C2CDGYDIV P5		1:5/div

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power with REVERSE (RC3&4) Link selected	View Setup				
	View Mode				
	CHANNEL	C2VWMODE CHL	C2VWMODE?	0:CHANNEL	
	WALSH	C2VWMODE WALSH		1:WALSH	
	Display				
	ρ	C2DISP RHO	C2DISP?	0:ρ	
	EVM	C2DISP EVM		1:EVM	
	DEMOD	C2DISP DEMOD		2:DEMOD	
	NUMERIC	C2DISP NUM		3:NUMERIC	
	TABLE(POWER)	C2DISP TBL		4:TABLE(POWER)	
	MAG ERR	C2DISP MAGERR		5:MAG ERR	
	PHASE ERR	C2DISP PHAERR		6:PHASE ERR	
	TABLE(EVM)	C2DISP TBLEVM		7:TABLE(EVM)	
	View Channel				
	PICH	C2VWCH PICH	C2VWCH?	0:PICH	
	DCCH	C2VWCH DCCH		1:DCCH	
	SCH2	C2VWCH SCH2		2:SCH2	
	FCH	C2VWCH FCH		3:FCH	
	SCH1	C2VWCH SCH1		4:SCH1	
	EACH	C2VWCH EACH		5:EACH	
	CCCH	C2VWCH CCCH		6:CCCH	
	Y/div(Ch. Graph)				
	25/div	C2CHGYDIV P25	C2CHGYDIV?	0:25/div	
	5/div	C2CHGYDIV P5		1: 5/div	
	Format				
	GRAPH	C2CDFMT GRP	C2CDFMT?	0:GRAPH	
	TABLE	C2CDFMT TBL		1:TABLE	
	NUMERIC	C2CDFMT NUM		2:NUMERIC	
	Y Scale				
	ρ	C2CDYSCL RHO	C2CDYSCL?	0:ρ	
	ρre & ρim	C2CDYSCL RHORHO		1:pre & pim	
	ρ(ALL)	C2CDYSCL RHOALL		2:ρ(ALL)	
	ρre & ρim(ALL)	C2CDYSCL RHORHOALL		3:pre & pim(ALL)	
	τ	C2CDYSCL TAU		4:τ	
	PHASE	C2CDYSCL PHA		5:PHASE	
	Display div				
	SINGLE	C2CDDISP SNGL	C2CDDISP?	0:SINGLE	
	DUAL	C2CDDISP DUAL		1:DUAL	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power with REVERSE (RC3&4) Link selected	Table Page 1 2	C2CDPAGE 1 C2CDPAGE 2	C2CDPAGE?	1:1/2 2:2/2	
	CDP Y/div 10/div 5/div	C2PDIV P10 C2PDIV P5	C2PDIV?	0:10/div 1: 5/div	
	Channel Setup Operation Mode TCH EACH CCCH	C2OP TCH C2OP EACH C2OP CCCH	C2OP?	0:TCH 1:EACH 2:CCCH	
	DCCH ON OFF	C2DCCH ON C2DCCH OFF	C2DCCH?	0:OFF 1:ON	
	FCH ON OFF	C2FCH ON C2FCH OFF	C2FCH?	0:OFF 1:ON	
	SCH1 Walsh Function W(1,2) W(2,4) CH OFF	C2SCH1WALSH W12 C2SCH1WALSH W24 C2SCH1WALSH OFF	C2SCH1WALSH?	0:W(1,2) 1:W(2,4) 2:CH OFF	
	SCH1 Repetition Factor	C2SCH1REP *	C2SCH1REP?	Integer (1/2/4/8/16/32)	
	SCH2 Walsh Function W(2,4) W(6,8) CH OFF	C2SCH2WALSH W24 C2SCH2WALSH W68 C2SCH2WALSH OFF	C2SCH2WALSH?	0:W(2,4) 1:W(6,8) 2:CH OFF	
	SCH2 Repetition Factor	C2SCH2REP *	C2SCH2REP?	Integer (1/2/4/8/16)	
	Walsh Code Length 32 64	C2WLSLEN W32 C2WLSLEN W64	C2WLSLEN?	0:32 1:64	
	Parameter Setup Meas Mode PRECISE NORMAL	C2CDMMOD PREC C2CDMMOD NORM	C2CDMMOD?	0:PRECISE 1:NORMAL	
	Meas Range	C2MRNG *	C2MRNG?	Integer (128 to 1536 chip)	
	Threshold	C2THRSH *	C2THRSH?	Level (-50 to 0 dBm)	
	PN Delay Search Mode ON OFF	C2PNMOD ON C2PNMOD OFF	C2PNMOD?	0:OFF 1:ON	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power with REVERSE (RC3&4) Link selected	PN Delay	C2PNDLY *	C2PNDLY?	Integer (0 to 511)	
	Trigger Source				
	INT	C2TRG INT	C2TRG?	0:INT	
	EXT	C2TRG EXT		1:EXT	
	INTRVL(EXT)	C2TRG INTRVL1		2:INTRVL(EXT)	
	INTRVL	C2TRG INTRVL2		3:INTRVL	
	EXT Trigger Slope				
	+	C2TRGSLP RISE	C2TRGSLP?	0:-	
	-	C2TRGSLP FALL		1:+	
	EXT Trigger Delay	C2TRGDLY *	C2TRGDLY?	Time (-5000.000 to 6250.000 μsec)	
	Freq Meas Range				
	NORMAL	C2FRRNG NORM	C2FRRNG?	0:NORMAL	
	EXPAND	C2FRRNG EXP		1:EXPAND	
	Δτ				
	ON	C2DLTTAU ON	C2DLTTAU?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2DLTTAU OFF		1:ON	
	Δθ				
	ON	C2DLTTHE ON	C2DLTTHE?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2DLTTHE OFF		1:ON	
	Chip Rate Error				
	ON	C2CHIPERR ON	C2CHIPERR?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2CHIPERR OFF		1:ON	
	Quadrature Error				
	ON	C2QUAD ON	C2QUAD?	0:OFF	
	OFF	C2QUAD OFF		:ON	
	Demod Data Save	C2DEMODSV	-	-	
	Average Times	C2CDAVG *	C2CDAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 32)	
	Starts measurement				
	Code Domain Power	C2CDP	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	
	Measurement results				
	When View Mode is set to CHANNEL	-			
	Code Domain Power Marker				
	Code Power		C2CDMKPOW?	Level (dB)	
	ρ		C2CDMKRHO?	Real number	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power with REVERSE (RC3&4) Link selected	Power		C2CDMKPWR?	d1, d2 d1: Level(dBm) d2: Level(W)	
	EVM		C2CDMKEVM?	Real number (%rms)	
	EVM Graph Marker	C2EVMMKSYM *	C2EVMMKSYM?	Integer (Symbol)	
	Marker Position		C2EVMMKEVM?	Real number (%)	
	EVM	C2MAGMKSYS *	C2MAGMKSYS?	Integer (Symbol)	
	MAG ERROR Graph Marker		C2MAGMKGAM?	Real number (%)	
	Marker Position	C2PHAMKSYM *	C2PHAMKSYM?	Integer (Symbol)	
	MAG ERROR		C2PHAMKPHA?	Real number (degree)	
	PHASE ERROR Graph Marker	C2ACTTRC A C2ACTTRC B C2CDMK *	C2ACTTRC?	0:Upper 1:Lower	
	Marker Position		C2CDMK?	Integer (0 to 63)	
Switching Marker display when View Mode is set to WALSH	Walsh Code Length	C2CDMKWLEN?	C2CDMKWLEN?	Integer	
	Walsh Code Number		C2CDMKWNUM?	Integer	
	ρ (dB)	C2CDMKWRHOLOG?	C2CDMKWRHOLOG?	(dB)	
	ρ		C2CDMKWRHO?	Real number	
	$\Delta\tau$	C2CDMKWTAU?	C2CDMKWTAU?	(sec)	
	$\Delta\theta$		C2CDMKWPHA?	(rad.)	
	Reads all Marker Data	C2CDGPHWLEN?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF>	n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Walsh Code Length (integer)	
	Walsh Code Length		n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF>		
	Walsh Code Number	C2CDGPHWNUM?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF>	n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Walsh Code Number (integer)	

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power with REVERSE (RC3&4) Link selected	p (dB)		C2CDGPHWRHOLOG?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: p (dB)	
	p		C2CDGPHWRHO?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: p (real number)	
	Δτ		C2CDGPHWTAU?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Δτ (sec)	
	Δθ		C2CDGPHWPHA?	n<CR+LF>+d1<CR+LF>+...+dn<CR+CF> n: The number of output data (integer) dn: Δθ (rad.)	
	Total Result		-	C2CDRHO?	d1
	Multiple p / Estimated p			C2CDTAU?	d2:(sec)
	τ (Time Alignment Error)			C2CDCFER?	d3:(Hz)
	Carrier Frequency Error			C2CDMAG?	d4:(%rms)
	Magnitude Error			C2CDPHE?	d5:(deg.rms)
	Phase Error			C2CDEVM?	d6:(%rms)
	Error Vector Magnitude			C2CDIQOFS?	d7:(dBc)
	I/Q Origin Offset			C2CDPNLY?	d8
	PN Delay			C2CDTOTAL?	d1,d2,d3,d4,d5,d6,d7,d8
	Entire result output			C2CDCHTPERR?	Real number (ppm)
	Chip Rate Error			C2CDQUAD?	Real number (degree)
	Quadrature Error			C2CDTXPOW?	Real number (dBm)

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Code Domain Power with REVERSE (RC3&4) Link selected	Peak Inactive ρ	-	C2INACTRHO?	d1, d2, d3, d4 d1: (dB) d2: (Channel number) d3: (Walsh Length) d4: (Phase) 0: re, 1: im
	Peak Δτ		C2PKTAU?	d1, d2, d3 d1: (sec) d2: (Channel number) d3: (Walsh Length)
	Peak Δθ		C2PKTHETA?	d1, d2, d3 d1: (rad.) d2: (Channel number) d3: (Walsh Length)
	Graphics Marker Constellation Constellation(Line) Constellation(Dot) Constellation(Line&Dot) I EYE Diagram Q EYE Diagram I/Q EYE Diagram Chip number I-Phase data Q-Phase data	C2MKCHIP *		
			C2MKCHIP?	Integer
			C2MKI?	Phase
			C2MKQ?	Phase
	E.V.M. vs Chip Mag Error vs Chip Marker Position Chip number	C2GMK *		
			C2GMK?	Integer
			C2MKCHIP? C2MKERR?	Integer %
	Phase Error vs Chip Marker Position Chip number	C2GMK *		
			C2GMK?	Integer
			C2MKCHIP? C2MKDEG?	Integer degree

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Waveform Quality with REVERSE (RC1&2) Link selected	Auto Level Set	AUTOLVL			
	Graphics				
	Select Type				
	Constellation	WFGTYP CON	WFGTYP?	0: Constellation	
	Constellation(Line)	WFGTYP CONLIN		1: Constellation(Line)	
	Constellation(Dot)	WFGTYP CONDOT		2: Constellation(Dot)	
	Constellation (Line&Dot)	WFGTYP CONLINDOT		3: Constellation (Line&Dot)	
	I EYE Diagram	WFGTYP ICHEY		4: I EYE Diagram	
	Q EYE Diagram	WFGTYP QCHEY		5: Q EYE Diagram	
	I/Q EYE Diagram	WFGTYP IQCHEY		6: I/Q EYE Diagram	
	E.V.M. vs Chip	WFGTYP EVM		7: E.V.M. vs Chip	
	Mag Error vs Chip	WFGTYP MAGERR		8: Mag Error vs Chip	
	Phase Error vs Chip	WFGTYP PHAERR		9: Phase Error vs Chip	
	Null Offset Constellation	WFGTYP NCON		10: Null Offset Constellation	
	Null Offset Constellation(Line)	WFGTYP NCONLIN		11: Null Offset Constellation (Line)	
	Null Offset Constellation(Dot)	WFGTYP NCONDOT		12: Null Offset Constellation (Dot)	
	Null Offset Constellation (Line&Dot)	WFGTYP NCONLINDOT		13: Null Offset Constellation (Line&Dot)	
	Null Offset I EYE Diagram	WFGTYP NICHEY		14: Null Offset I EYE Diagram	
	Null Offset Q EYE Diagram	WFGTYP NQCHEY		15: Null Offset Q EYE Diagram	
	Null Offset I/Q EYE Diagram	WFGTYP NIQCHEY		16: Null Offset I/Q EYE Diagram	
	Plot Type				
	AVG	WFGPLOT AVG	WFGPLOT?	0:AVG	
	P-P	WFGPLOT PP		1:P-P	
	Parameter Setup				
	Meas Range	WMRNG *	WMRNG?	Integer (615 to 800chip)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Waveform Quality with REVERSE (RC1&2) Link selected	Trigger Source				
	INT	WTRGSRC INT	WTRGSRC?	0:INT	
	EXT	WTRGSRC EXT		1:EXT	
	INTRVL(EXT)	WTRGSRC INTRVL1		2:INTRVL(EXT)	
	INTRVL	WTRGSRC INTRVL2		3:INTRVL	
	EXT Trigger Slope				
	+	WTRGSLP RISE	WTRGSLP?	0:-	
	-	WTRGSLP FALL		1:+	
	EXT Trigger Delay	WTRGDLY *	WTRGDLY?	Time (-5000.000 to 6250.000 μsec)	
	Freq Meas Range				
	NORMAL	WFRRNG NORM	WFRRNG?	0:NORMAL	
	EXPAND	WFRRNG EXP		1:EXPAND	
	Average Times	CAVGWF *	CAVGWF?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 32)	
Measurement results	Starts measurement				
	Waveform Quality	WFQUA			
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI			
	Total Result				
	ρ		WFRHO?	Real number	
	Carrier Frequency Error		WFCFER?	Hz	
	I/Q Origin Offset		WFIQOFS?	dBc	
	Magnitude Error		WFMAG?	% rms	
	Phase Error		WFPHE?	deg. rms	
	Error Vector Magnitude		WFEVM?	% rms	
	Graphics Marker				
	Constellation				
	Constellation(Line)				
	Constellation(Dot)				
	Constellation(Line&Dot)				
	I EYE Diagram				
	Q EYE Diagram				
	I/Q EYE Diagram				
	Null Offset Constellation				
	Null Offset Constellation (Line)				
	Null Offset Constellation (Dot)				

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function		Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
			Code	Output Format	
Waveform Quality with REVERSE (RC1&2) Link selected	Null Offset Constellation (Line&Dot)	GMKCHIP *			
	Null Offset I EYE Diagram		GMKCHIP?		
	Null Offset Q EYE Diagram		GMKI?	Phase	
	Null Offset I/Q EYE Diagram		GMKQ?	Phase	
	Chip number				
	I-Phase data	GMK *			
	Q-Phase data		GMK?	Integer	
	E.V.M. vs Chip		GMK?	Real number	
	Mag Error vs Chip		GMKCHIPNO?	%	
	Marker Position		GMKERR?		
Tx Power	Chip number				
	Phase Error vs Chip	GMK *			
	Marker Position		GMK?	Integer	
	Chip number		GMKCHIPNO?	Real number	
			GMKDEG?	degree	
	Auto Level Set	AUTOLVL	-	-	
	Parameter Setup				
	Trigger Source				
	INT	TXTRG INT	TXTRG?	0:INT	
	EXT	TXTRG EXT		1:EXT	
	INTRVL(EXT)	TXTRG INTRVL1		2:INTRVL(EXT)	
	IF	TXTRG IF		3:IF	
	EXT Trigger Slope				
	+	TXTRGSLP RISE	TXTRGSLP?	0:-	
	-	TXTRGSLP FALL		1:+	
	Trigger Level	TXTRLVL *	TXTRLVL?	Integer (0 to 100)	
	EXT Trigger Delay	TXTRGDLY *	TXTRGDLY?	Time	
	Average Times	TXAVG *	TXAVG?	Integer (1:OFF, 2 to 32)	
	Starts measurement				
	Tx Power	TXPWR	-	-	
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-	
	Measurement results				
	Tx Power	-	TXPWR?	d1,d2,d3 d1: Tx Power(dBm/dB) d2: Tx Power(W) d3: Peak Factor(dB)	

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-12 TRANSIENT Key

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
CCDF	Auto Level Set	AUTOLVL	-	
	Scale Setup			
	X Scale Max	C2CCDFXMAX *	C2CCDFXMAX?	
	X Scale Range	C2CCDFXRNG *	C2CCDFXRNG?	
	Power Unit			
	RELATIVE	C2CCDFUNIT REL	C2CCDFUNIT?	
	ABS POWER	C2CCDFUNIT ABS	0:ABS POWER 1:RELATIVE	
	Parameter Setup			
	Trigger Mode			
	INT	C2CCDFTRG INT	C2CCDFTRG?	
	EXT	C2CCDFTRG EXT	0:INT 1:EXT	
	Trigger Slope			
	+	C2CCDFTRGSLP RISE	C2CCDFTRGSLP?	
	-	C2CCDFTRGSLP FALL	0:- 1:+	
	Trigger Delay	C2CCDFTRGDLY *	C2CCDFTRGDLY?	Time
	Meas Length	C2CCDFMLEN *	C2CCDFMLEN?	Integer (10000 to 10000000)
	Trace Write			
	ON	C2CCDFTRC ON	C2CCDFTRC?	0:OFF 1:ON
	OFF	C2CCDFTRC OFF		
	Starts measurement			
	CCDF	C2CCDF	-	-
	Starts measurement in the same mode	SI	-	-
	Measurement results			
	CCDF	-	C2CCDF?	d1,d2,d3,d4,d5,d6,d7,d8 d1:Peak Factor d2:Average Power d3:10% d4:1% d5:0.1% d6:0.01% d7:0.001% d8:0.0001%
	Marker Position	C2CCDFMK *	-	Level
	Distribution/Power	-	C2CCDFMK?	d1,d2 d1:Distribution d2:Power

Table 4-13 Numeric Keys/Step Keys/Data Knob/Unit Keys (Entering Data)

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Entering data	0 to 9	0 to 9	-	-
	. (Decimal point)	.	-	-
	GHz	GZ	-	-
	MHz	MZ	-	-
	kHz	KZ	-	-
	Hz	HZ	-	-
	mV	MV	-	-
	mW	MW	-	-
	dB	DB	-	-
	mA	MA	-	-
	sec	SC	-	-
	ms	MS	-	-
	µs	US	-	-
	ENTER	ENT	-	-

4.2 GPIB Command Codes

Table 4-14 Miscellaneous

Function	Listener Code	Talker Request		Remarks
		Code	Output Format	
Miscellaneous	Judgment result reading	-	OPF?	0: PASS 1: FAIL(Upper) 2: FAIL(Lower) 3: FAIL(Upper&Lower) 4: Error
	Outputting error number	-	ERRNO?	Integer
	Local	LC	-	-
	Reading GPIB address	-	AD?	Integer (0 to 30)
	Specification of the delimiter CR LF <EOI>	DL0	-	-
	LF	DL1	-	-
	<EOI>	DL2	-	-
	CR LF	DL3	-	-
	LF <EOI>	DL4	-	-
	Service request interruption ON	S0	-	-
	OFF	S1	-	-
	Status clear	S2	-	-
	Service request mask	RQS *	RQS?	Decimal number corresponding to the SRQ bit
	Outputting ID of the instrument	-	*IDN?	Manufacturer name (character string), instrument type (character string), 0 and revision (character string)
	Initializing the instrument	*RST	-	-
	Clearing the queues related to the status byte	*CLS	-	-
	Accessing the standard event enable register	*ESE *	*ESE?	Decimal number corresponding to the register bits
	Reading or clearing the standard event enable register	-	*ESR?	Decimal number corresponding to the register bits
	Accessing the service request enable register	*SRE *	*SRE?	Decimal number corresponding to the register bits
	Reading the status byte and MSS bit	-	*STB?	Decimal number corresponding to the status byte
	Accessing the operation status enable register	OPR *	OPR?	Decimal number corresponding to the register bits
	Reading or clearing the operation status register	-	OPREV?	Decimal number corresponding to the register bits

5 TECHNICAL INFORMATION

5.1 Template Edit Function

In TRANSIENT mode, the user can change template. It is necessary to pay attention when entering template, because the data can be interpreted as a relative or absolute value, depending on the setting of Template Couple to Power ON/OFF in the Config menu.

The PASS/FAIL judgment is performed and then the result is displayed on the screen, when Template ON/OFF in the Template menu is set to ON.

5.1.1 Template Setting in the T-Domain Measuring Mode

When Template Couple to Power is set to OFF, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as an absolute value. As a result, the template consists of the data you entered.

Use the Shift X/Y keys to adjust the template position over the measured value.

When Template Couple to Power is set to ON, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as a relative value to the average power.

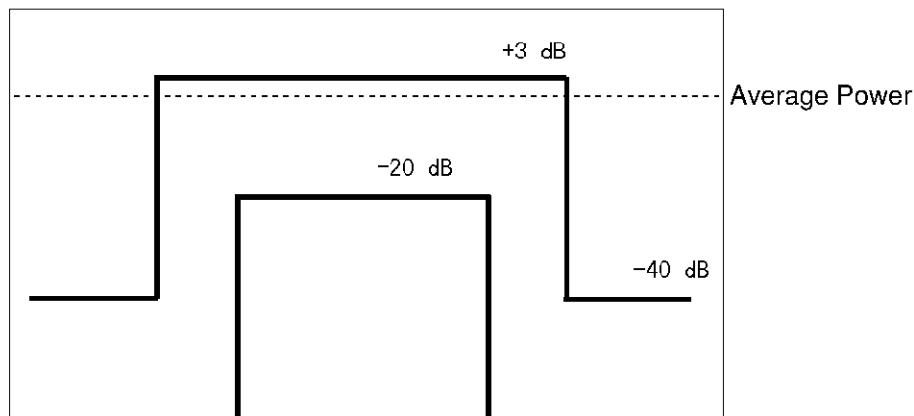


Figure 5-1 Template to Be Set

For example, the upper template defines the power of the signal during the burst period as +3 dB and -40 dB. To set this power to the template, use the settings shown in Figure 5-2.

Set the template using the relative values with reference to the average power.

5.1 Template Edit Function

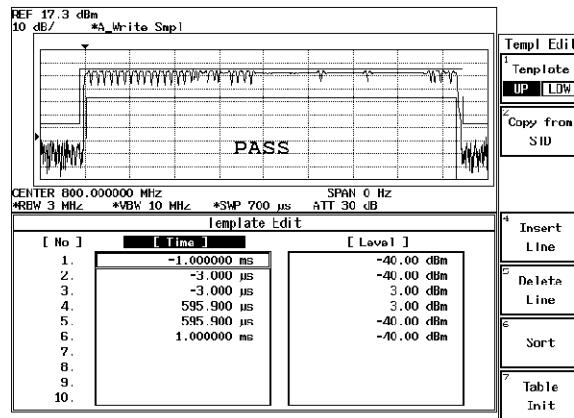


Figure 5-2 Template Settings

When you shift the template to the direction of Y axis using Shift X/Y function while the Template Couple to Power is set to ON, the relative value to the average power is: Relative value (set on the template) + Shifted data on Y axis.

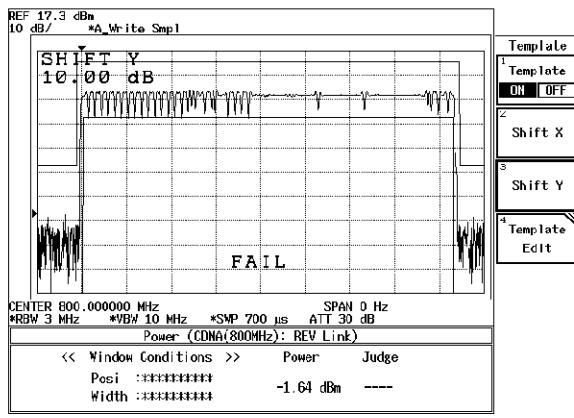


Figure 5-3 Template Shifted Using the Shift Y Function

5.1 Template Edit Function

5.1.2 Template Setting in the F-Domain Measuring Mode

In F-Domain measurement mode, the carrier frequencies depend on the channel numbers. As a result, use the offset frequency from the carrier frequency for template's X axis data.

Set the carrier frequency on the template to 0 Hz so that you can use plus or minus values for the offset frequencies.

The analyzer sets the template by adding the center frequency currently used to X value in the Shift X menu.

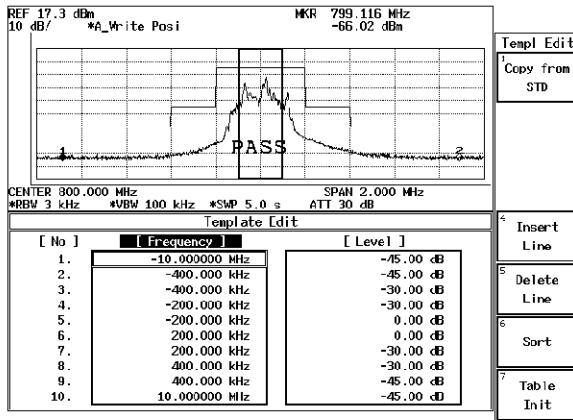


Figure 5-4 Template with the Set Values

Soft menu Margin delta X expands the template frequency by ($X/2$ to both sides toward plus and minus frequency directions) from the 0 Hz on the template.

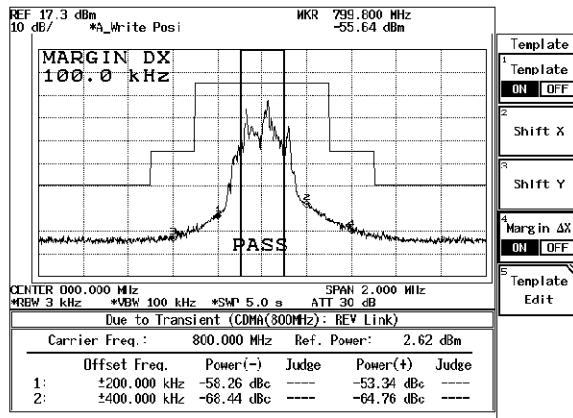


Figure 5-5 Template with Margin Delta X

When Template Couple to Power is set to OFF, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as an absolute value. As a result, the template is made up of the data you entered.

Use the Shift X/Y keys to adjust the template position over the measured value.

When Template Couple to Power is set to ON, template (Y axis data) is interpreted as a relative value to the average power.

When the template is shifted on Y axis using the Shift X/Y function, the relative value to the average power is: Relative value (set on the template) + Shifted data on Y axis.

5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

In TRANSIENT mode, any parameters are compliant with the communication standard when you specify the communication standard. You can also change the measuring frequency and the secondary processing of the measured results.

For the method of changing these, refer to the following

5.2.1 Marker Edit Function

Measurement frequency can be set using Marker Edit in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation or Inband Spurious function (these three functions are found within the Transient mode). In addition, each limit level can be set using Marker Edit.

(1) Marker Edit used in the Due to Transient and Due to Modulation

The measuring frequency is set using the offset frequency from a carrier frequency. If you set the offset frequency to 200 kHz, the offset frequencies (+200 kHz and -200 kHz) can be measured. The Normal marker, Integral marker and Root Nyquist marker are available.

Normal marker is used to read the level of the frequency previously set, and the Integral marker is used to calculate the power of the bandwidth whose center frequency is specified by Marker Edit.

When Root Nyquist is selected, calculates the power of the bandwidth to which the Root Nyquist filter is applied. Set the Root Nyquist filter at Config in Parameter Setup.

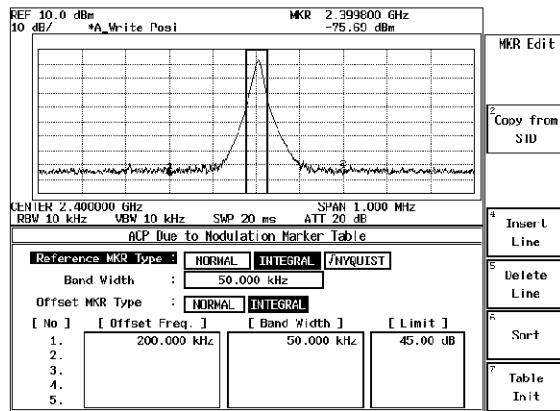


Figure 5-6 Example of Marker Edit Setting (1)

(2) Marker Edit used in the Inband Spurious

Measuring frequency range is set using the offset frequency form the carrier frequency. If you set 3 MHz and 10 MHz, the peak search is performed for two ranges: one of the two offset frequency range is between -3 MHz and -10 MHz; another range is between +3 MHz and +10 MHz.

5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

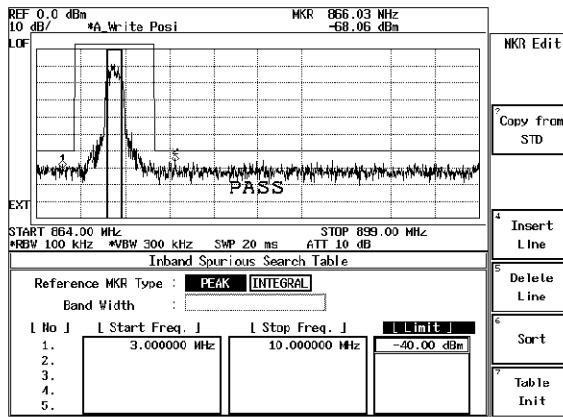


Figure 5-7 Example of Marker Edit Setting (2)

Peak marker is set using the Peak Marker Y Delta soft key in the Config menu.

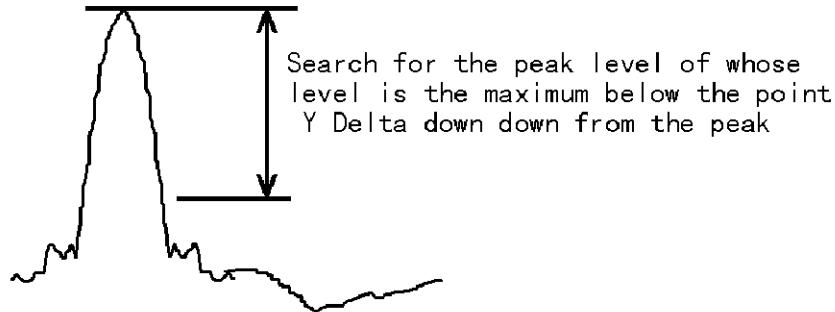


Figure 5-8 Example of Peak Marker Y Delta

5.2.2 Measurement results Using Due to Modulation, Due to Transient and Inband Spurious Modes

In spectrum measurements, there are three methods for displaying results of adjacent or alternate adjacent channel leakage power measurements.

- (1) The measured value displays the absolute level of the marker, which is located at an offset frequency from the carrier frequency.
- (2) The ratio of the absolute level of the marker to the absolute level of the carrier is displayed. The marker point is located at an offset frequency from the carrier frequency.
- (3) The value obtained in (2) is multiplied by the level by the power meter. The calculated value is then displayed.

This method is used when the absolute value of the adjacent channel power cannot be measured. The ratio of the adjacent channel power to the carrier power can be measured only when Detector is set to Posi. However, the absolute level cannot be measured.

5.2 Measurement Parameter Settings in Due to Transient, Due to Modulation and Inband Spurious

To display a measured value in (1), select MARKER on the Result: MARKER/RELATIVE/ABS POWER menu in the Parameter Setup dialog box.

To display the measured value in (2), select RELATIVE.

To display a measured value in (3), select ABS POWER. In addition, use the Marker Edit menu to set up measurement conditions for the carrier power. Set the MKR Type to NORMAL, INTEGRAL or $\sqrt{\text{NYQUIST}}$ in the Reference Marker in order to measure the carrier power.

To measure the power of the bandwidth by integration, Reference MKR Type must be set to INTEGRAL.

To measure a point level (marker reading), Reference MKR Type must be set to NORMAL.

To measure adjacent channel power, set Offset MKR Type to NORMAL, INTEGRAL or $\sqrt{\text{NYQUIST}}$. To measure the carrier power in (2) or (3), there are two methods: one is by setting the Marker Edit to the Reference MKR type (set the Ref Power to REF MARKER. Ref Power is in the Parameter Setup dialog box on the config menu); another is to measure power using the DSP (set the Ref Power to MODULATION. Ref Power is in the Parameter Setup dialog box on the config menu).

When REF MARKER is selected, the carrier power is measured by setting Reference MKR Type in the Marker Edit menu.

When MODULATION is selected, the carrier power is measured by Tx Power (Modulation, Tx Power).

When ABS POWER of the Result is selected from the Parameter Setup dialog box in the Config Menu, the ratio of Offset MKR to Reference MKR is calculated, the measurement value from Tx Power is multiplied by this ratio. Then, the result will be displayed.

5.2.3 Measurement Result of Inband Spurious

In Spurious measurements, there are two methods:

- (1) After searching for the peak on the trace, the frequency and level at the marker are displayed.
- (2) After searching for the peak on the trace, the ratio of the marker level to the carrier level is displayed.
- (3) The calculated level, which is calculated using the result obtained in (2) and the level on the power meter is displayed.

To display the measured value in (1), select MARKER on the Result: MARKER/RELATIVE/ABS POWER menu in the Parameter Setup dialog box. And also, to display the measured value in (2), select RELATIVE; for the (3), select ABS POWER. The measurement conditions for the carrier power is set up using the Marker Edit menu. To measure the carrier power, set Reference MKR Type to PEAK or NORMAL.

To measure the carrier power at the specified frequency, NORMAL is set; and to measure the carrier power at the peak on the trace, PEAK is set.

To measure the carrier power in (2) or (3), there are two methods: one is by setting the instrument to the Reference MKR type in the Marker Edit menu; another is by the DSP.

When Ref Power is set to REF MARKER, the carrier power is measured by Reference MKR Type in the Marker Edit menu.

When Ref Power is set to MODULATION, the carrier power is measured by the Tx Power (Modulation, Tx Power).

5.3 Estimated ρ in the Code Domain Power Measurement

This instrument sums up the ρ of the channels greater than the threshold level set in Parameter Setup and displays the sum as Estimated ρ .

5.4 Peak Factor of Tx Power

The calculation of a peak factor is made using the following equation:

Peak Factor = Peak power/Average power.

The peak power and average power are obtained from the envelope after down-converting the input signal into the base band.

Make sure the RF status of the input signal is not the peak power of IF.

5.5 Trigger Source INTRVL (EXT) and INTRVL

5.5 Trigger Source INTRVL (EXT) and INTRVL

The instrument has the internal trigger generated every 26.6 milliseconds (PN Sequence repetition rate). For this internal trigger, there are two modes: one sets the trigger to Free Run state and the other makes the signal synchronize with the external trigger.

In the code domain power measurement, the even second signal produced every two seconds is normally used as an external trigger.

Even when there is no external trigger, the measurement is made possible by measuring the PN delay using the INTRVL trigger and setting this delay value. In this case, however, the drift of the PN delay occurs due to the frequency reference error due to a measurement for a long time. Applying the 10 MHz reference signal in synch with the DUT signal to the instrument allows you to prevent this drift from occurring.

5.6 About Bit Reversal (Paley) Order

The order of the Walsh code numbers used in cdma 2000 is referred to as the Hadamard order.

There is another order, which is different from the Hadamard order. This order is known as the Bit Reversal (Paley) order.

Listing the Walsh codes in the Bit Reversal order allows you to display Walsh codes with different lengths hierarchically in a tree-structured chart.

As a practical example, a comparison between the Hadamard and Bit Reversal orders for the Walsh code length of 8 is made.

	8 x 8 matrix	Walsh code number
cdma 2000 Walsh code Hadamard Order	00000000 01010101 00110011 01100110 00001111 01011010 00111100 01101001	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Bit Reversal (Paley) Order	00000000 00001111 00110011 00111100 01010101 01011010 01100110 01101001	0 4 2 6 1 5 3 7

5.6 About Bit Reversal (Paley) Order

Next, a list showing how Walsh code numbers for Walsh code lengths of 4, 8, 16, 32, 64 and 128 are arranged in the Bit Reversal (Paley) order is presented.

W4	W8	W16	W32	W64	W128
0	0	0	0	0	0 64
				32	32 96
			16	16	16 80
				48	48 112
	8	8	8	8	8 72
				40	40 104
		24	24	24	24 88
				56	56 120
4	4	4	4	4	4 68
				36	36 100
		20	20	20	20 84
				52	52 116
	12	12	12	12	12 76
				44	44 108
		28	28	28	28 92
				60	60 124

5.6 About Bit Reversal (Paley) Order

W4	W8	W16	W32	W64	W128
2	2	2	2	2	2
					66
				34	34
					98
			18	18	18
					82
				50	50
					114
	10	10	10	10	10
					74
				42	42
					106
	26	26	26	26	26
					90
			58	58	58
					122
6	6	6	6	6	6
					70
			38	38	38
					102
	22	22	22	22	22
					86
			54	54	54
					118
14	14	14	14	14	14
					78
			46	46	46
					110
	30	30	30	30	30
					94
			62	62	62
					126

5.6 About Bit Reversal (Paley) Order

W4	W8	W16	W32	W64	W128
1	1	1	1	1	1
					65
				33	33
					97
			17	17	17
					81
				49	49
					113
	9	9	9	9	9
					73
				41	41
					105
	25	25	25	25	25
					89
				57	57
					121
5	5	5	5	5	5
					69
				37	37
					101
	21	21	21	21	21
					85
				53	53
					117
13	13	13	13	13	13
					77
				45	45
					109
	29	29	29	29	29
					93
				61	61
					125

5.6 About Bit Reversal (Paley) Order

W4	W8	W16	W32	W64	W128
3	3	3	3	3	3 67
				35	35 99
			19	19	19 83
				51	51 115
		11	11	11	11 75
				43	43 107
			27	27	27 91
				59	59 123
	7	7	7	7	7 71
				39	39 103
			23	23	23 87
				55	55 119
		15	15	15	15 79
				47	47 111
			31	31	31 95
				63	63 127

References

“Walsh Analysis” written by Yasushi Endo and published by Tokyo Electric University Press.

“Hadamard Matrix and Its Application” written by Zenichi Kiyasu and published by Institute of Electronics and Communication Engineers of Japan.

5.7 About Complementary Filter

5.7 About Complementary Filter

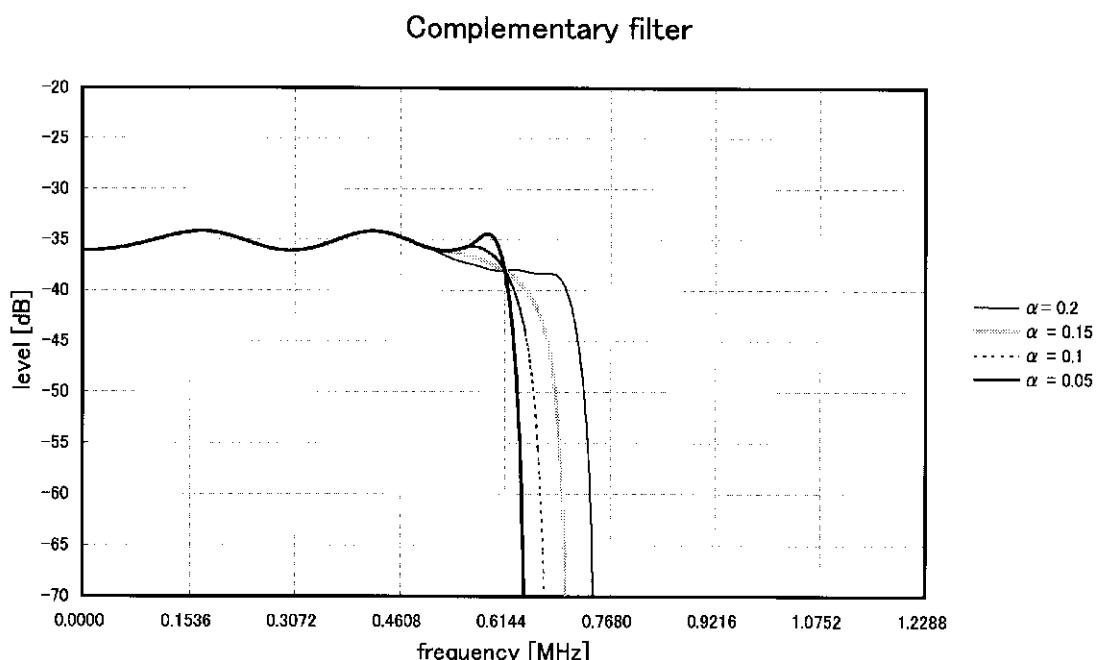
The complementary filter is used to measure the waveform quality and code domain power specified by the IS-97(Waveform Quality Measurement Equipment) standard.

This complementary filter is used to generate a signal which is equivalent to the signal that passed through the Nyquist filter.

Since IS-97 does not specify the roll-off coefficient of the Nyquist filter, a coefficient range of 0.05 to 0.2 can be set on this instrument.

When the roll-off coefficient is changed, the bandwidth of the complementary filter is changed accordingly.

The following graph shows an example of the complementary filter bandwidth when the roll-off coefficient is changed.



5.8 About Equalizing Filter

For the IS-97 Phase Characteristics, it is specified that the base station shall equalize the phase of a signal to be transmitted through the path. The equalizing filter is defined by the following expression.

$$H(W) = k \frac{W^2 + j \alpha WW_0 - W_0^2}{W^2 - j \alpha WW_0 - W_0^2}$$

k	: Arbitrary gain
j	$\sqrt{-1}$
α	1.36
W_0	$2\pi \times 3.15 \times 10^5$
W	Radian frequency

When a signal sent from the base station passes through the Equalizing Filter, the R3267 Series can analyze the waveform using a filter with the inverted characteristics of the Equalizing Filter.

To do this, set the Equalizing Filter setting in the Parameter Setup soft menu to ON.

To analyze a signal which is not passing through the Equalizing Filter, set the Filter to OFF.

5.9 Null Offset Graph

5.9 Null Offset Graph

When Reverse (RC1&2) is set, the graph display function used with Waveform Quality measurements is enabled to display a graph such as Null Offset Constellation and Null Offset I(Q) Eye.

In this mode, Constellation does not converge to a point, because Offset QPSK modulation method is used.

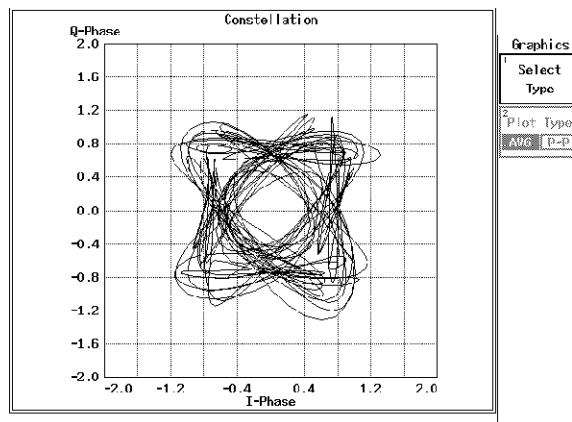


Figure 5-9 Reverse Link Constellation

After the offset value of Offset QPSK signal has been shifted (returned to the original value) and the signal has been filtered with a reverse baseband filter specified by IS-2000, QPSK Constellation is obtained as shown in Figure 5-10 (Null Offset Constellation) in which each of symbol points converged to a point.

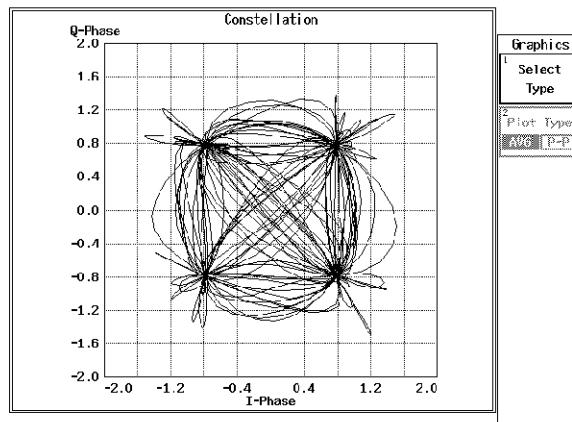


Figure 5-10 Null Offset Constellation

NOTE: Because of the interference between symbols due to baseband filter specified by IS-2000, the constellation does not converge to a point, even if the offset value is shifted using the Offset QPSK function.

5.10 Block Diagram

This section shows the block diagram for the modulation analysis hardware.

The Figure 5-11 shows the modulation analysis part. Therefore the spectrum analyzer part is simplified. The area inside the double lines is the block diagram for the spectrum analyzer, and the part outside that area represents the modulation analysis hardware.

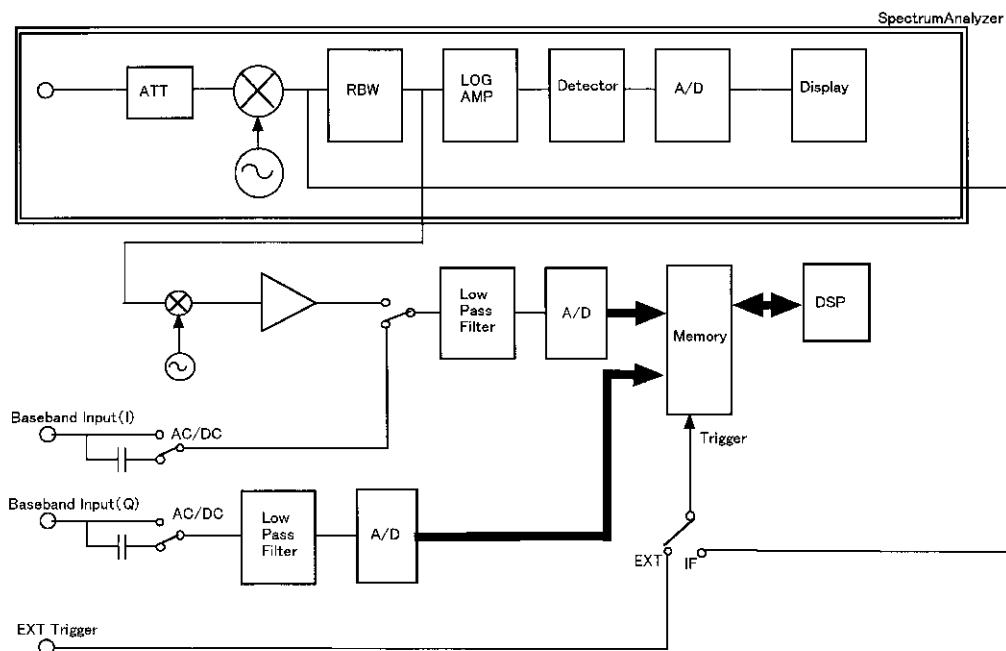


Figure 5-11 Block Diagram

6 PERFORMANCE VERIFICATION TEST

6.1 General

6.1.1 Introduction

This chapter provides R3267 Series OPT65 performance verification test procedures, item by item as listed in Table 6-1

Performance verification test will be carried out under following condition.

Temperature range: 20 °C to 30 °C

Relative Humidity: 85 % or less

Table 6-1 Performance Verification Items

No.	Items
1	Code Domain Power Accuracy (FORWARD Link)
2	Code Domain Power Accuracy (REVERSE Link)

6.1.2 Test Equipment

The Table 6-2 lists recommended test equipment.

The equipment needed to perform all of the performance test.

Equipment lists for individual tests are provided in each performance verification test.

NOTE:

1. *The R3267 Series with OPT65 to be tested should be warm up for at least 30 minutes before starting test.*
 2. *Make sure that the test equipment used meets its own published specifications.*
 3. *Any equipment that meets the critical specifications given in the table can be substituted for recommended models.*
 4. *When SMIQ03 is used as IQ modulation signal generator, set SMIQ03 controls as follows;*
VECTOR MOD: STATE ON
IQ SWAP: ON
-

6.1 General

Table 6-2 Equipment List

No.	Description	Critical Specification	Recommended Model	Manufacturer	Usage	Notes
1	Arbitrary Signal Generator	Output Channels: 3 channel required Capable to assign the output signal I-CH signal at CH1 Q-CH signal at CH2 Trigger signal (TTL) at CH3	AWG2021	Tektronix	PV	SG1
2	I/Q Modulation Signal Generator	Comply with IS-95, IS-97, IS-98 Standard: Base Station Test Model, Nominal Frequency Range: 30 MHz to 3 GHz IQ Modulation Bandwidth: > 5 MHz $\rho: < 0.999$	SMIQ03	Rohde&Schwarz	PV	SG2
3	RF Cable	BNC(m)-BNC(m), 50Ω	A01036-1500	Advantest	PV	-
4	Adapter	Type N(m)-BNC(f)	JUG-201-U	Advantest	PV	-

6.1.3 Specifications Required for Test Signals

Table 6-3 provides the specifications required for performance verification test signals based on the requirements.

Table 6-3 Specifications Required for Test Signals

No.	Name of test Signal	Specification Required		Usage
1	Base Station	Comply with the IS-97 Standard: Base Station Test Model, Nominal		Code Domain Power Accuracy (FORWARD Link)
		Channel No.	Amplitude	
		0 (Pilot)	-6.99 dB	
		1 (Paging)	-7.25 dB	
		6 (Traffic)	-10.26 dB	
		17 (Traffic)	-10.26 dB	
		20 (Traffic)	-10.26 dB	
		32 (Sync)	-13.27 dB	
		41 (Traffic)	-10.26 dB	
		49 (Traffic)	-10.26 dB	
2	Mobile Station	Based on IS-98 Long Code Mask: ALL 0 Reverse Traffic Channel		Code Domain Power Accuracy (if REVERSE(RC3&4) is set)
		Channel	Walsh Function	
		PICH	W_0^{32}	
		DCCH	W_8^{16}	
		SCH2	W_6^8 (M=2)	
		FCH	W_4^{16}	
		SCH1	W_2^4 (M=4)	
M: Walsh Function Repetition Factor				

6.1 General

Figure 6-1 shows the timing chart of the trigger signal and No.1 Base Station and No.2 Mobile Station signals listed in Table 6-3.

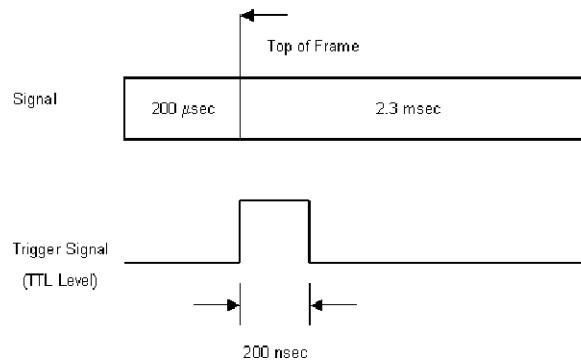


Figure 6-1 Timing Chart of Trigger signal and Mobile Station Signal (Not Scaled)

6.1.4 Calibration Cycle

The performance verifications test should be used to check the spectrum analyzer against its specifications once a year recommended.

6.1.5 Performance Verification Test Record Sheet

The performance verification test record sheet and performance check record sheet is provided at the end of this chapter.

The test record lists test specification and acceptable limits.

Recommend that make a copy of this table, record the complete test results on the copy, and keep the copy for calibration test record.

This record could prove invaluable in tracking gradual changes in test result over long periods of the time.

6.1.6 Performance Verification Procedure

Typeface conventions used in this manual.

*Panel keys and soft keys are printed in a contrasting typestyle to make them stand out form the text as follows:

Panel keys: Boldface type Example: **FREQ**, **FORMAT**

Soft keys: Boldface and Italic Example: **Center**, **Trace Detector**

*When a series of key operations are described using a comma between two keys.

*There are various soft menus used to switch between two states such as ON/OFF and AUTO/MNL.

For example, when turning off the **Display ON/OFF** function, the annotation
“**Display ON/OFF (OFF)**” is used.

When switching the RBW AUTO/MNL function to MNL, the annotation
“**RBW AUTO/MNL (MNL)**” is used.

6.2 Performance Verification Test Procedure

6.2.1 Code Domain Power Accuracy (FORWARD Link)

(1) Description

Test a carrier frequency accuracy and code domain power accuracy in FORWARD Link measurement mode of base station.

(2) Specification

Carrier Frequency Accuracy : ± 10 Hz

Code Domain Power Accuracy : ± 0.1 dB

(3) Equipment used

Arbitrary Waveform Generator : SG1

IQ Modulation Signal Generator : SG2

RF Cable : BNC (m)-BNC (m)

Adapter : Type N (m)-BNC (f)

(4) Setup

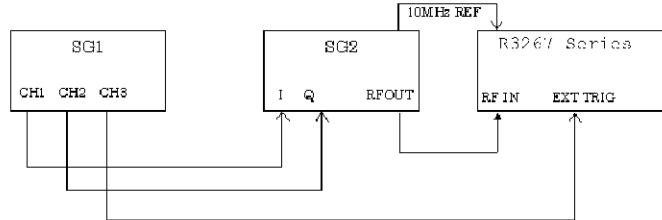


Figure 6-2 Setup of Code Domain Power Accuracy Measurement (FORWARD Link)

(5) Procedure

1. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 6-2.

2. On the SG1, set controls to generate the signal complied with No.1 (Base Station) signal listed in Table 3 at CH1 and CH2.

3. On the SG1, set controls to generate trigger signal at CH3.

4. On the SG2, set controls as follows;

Modulation	:External IQ Modulation
Frequency	:870.03 MHz
Output Level	:0 dBm

5. On the R3267 Series, set controls as follows;

Center Frequency	:870.03 MHz
Input	:RF
Link	:FORWARD

6.2 Performance Verification Test Procedure

6. On the R3267 Series, set the measurement parameters as shown in Figure 6-3.

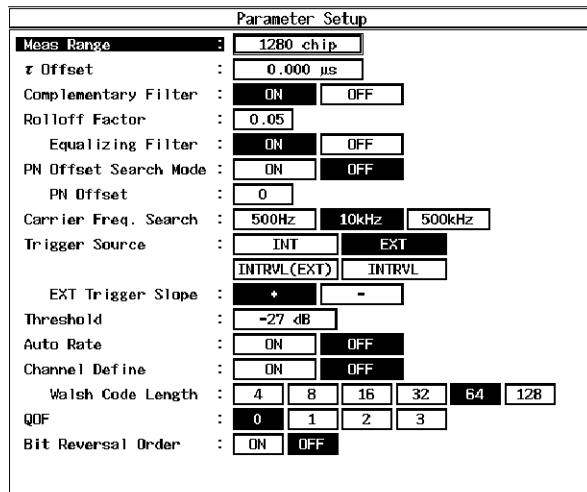


Figure 6-3 Setting of Measurement Parameters for Code Domain Power (FORWARD Link)

7. On the R3267 Series, set measurement options as shown in Figure 6-4.

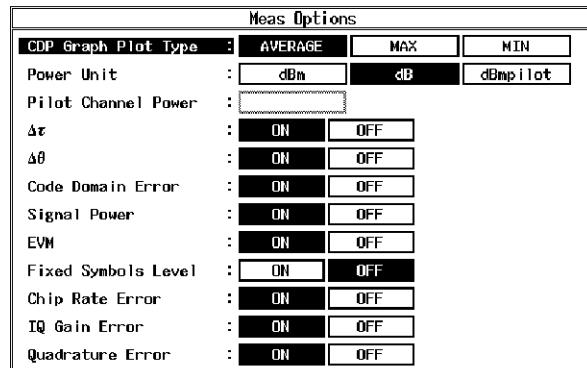


Figure 6-4 Setting of Measurement Options for Code Domain Power (FORWARD Link)

8. On the R3267 Series, press **DC CAL** and **AUTO LEVEL** to perform dc calibration and auto level.
9. On the R3267 Series, press **SINGLE** for a single sweep.
10. After single sweep has completed, record the measurement result in the performance verification test record sheet.

6.2.2 Code Domain Power Accuracy (if REVERSE(RC3&4) is set)

(1) Description

Test a carrier frequency accuracy and code domain power accuracy in REVERSE Link measurement mode of mobile station.

(2) Specification

Carrier Frequency Accuracy : ± 10 Hz

Code Domain Power Accuracy : ± 0.1 dB

(3) Equipment used

Arbitrary Waveform Generator : SG1

IQ Modulation Signal Generator : SG2

RF Cable : BNC (m)-BNC (m)

Adapter : Type N (m)-BNC (f)

(4) Setup

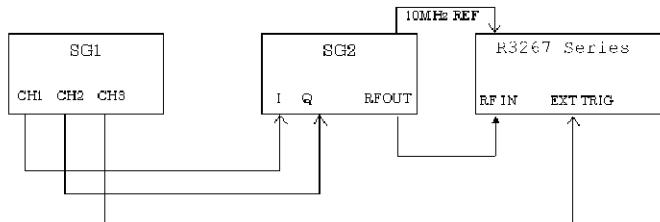


Figure 6-5 Setup of Code Domain Power Accuracy Measurement (REVERSE Link)

(5) Procedure

1. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 6-5.
2. On the SG1, set controls to generate the signal complied with No.2 (Mobile Station) signal listed in Table 3 at CH1 and CH2.
3. On the SG1, set controls to generate trigger signal at CH3.
4. On the SG2, set controls as follows;

Modulation	: External IQ Modulation
Frequency	: 825.03 MHz
Output Level	: 0 dBm
5. On the R3267 Series, set controls as follows;

Center Frequency	: 825.03 MHz
Input	: RF
Link	: REVERSE (RC3&4)

6.2 Performance Verification Test Procedure

6. On the R3267 Series, set the measurement parameters as shown in Figure 6-6 and Figure 6-7.

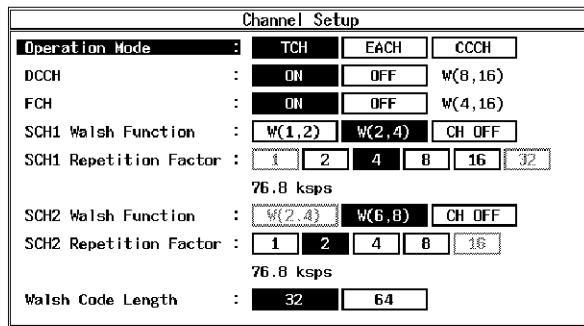


Figure 6-6 Displaying the Channel Setup for Code Domain Power (REVERSE Link)

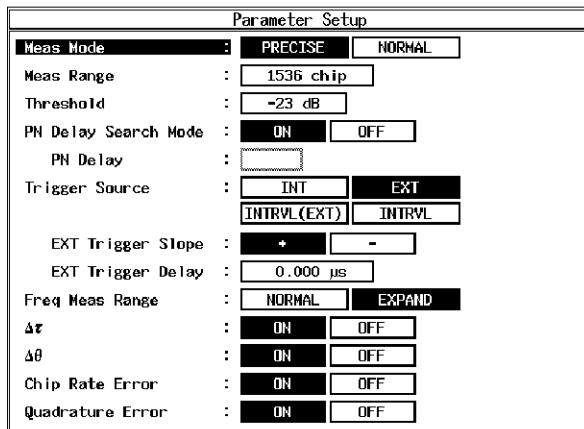


Figure 6-7 Setting of Measurement Parameters for Code Domain Power (REVERSE Link)

7. On the R3267 Series, press **DC CAL** and **AUTO LEVEL** to perform dc calibration and auto level.
8. On the R3267 Series, press **SINGLE** for a single sweep.
9. After single sweep has completed, record the measurement result in the performance verification test record sheet.

6.3 Performance Verification Test Record Sheet

Model: OPT3264/67/73+65

S/N:

(1) FORWARD Link

Items	Specification			Result
	Min.	Measured Value	Max.	
Carrier Frequency Accuracy	-10 Hz		+10 Hz	
Code Domain Power	CH No.			
	0	-7.09 dB		-6.89 dB
	1	-7.35 dB		-7.15 dB
	6	-10.36 dB		-10.16 dB
	17	-10.36 dB		-10.16 dB
	20	-10.36 dB		-10.16 dB
	32	-13.37 dB		-13.17 dB
	41	-10.36 dB		-10.16 dB
	49	-10.36 dB		-10.16 dB
	58	-10.36 dB		-10.16 dB

(2) REVERSE Link (if REVERSE(RC3&4) is set)

Items	Specification			Result
	Min.	Measured Value	Max.	
Carrier Frequency Accuracy	-10 Hz		+10 Hz	
Code Domain Power	Channel			
	PICH	-7.09 dB		-6.89 dB
	DCCH	-7.09 dB		-6.89 dB
	SCH2	-7.09 dB		-6.89 dB
	FCH	-7.09 dB		-6.89 dB
	SCH1	-7.09 dB		-6.89 dB

7 SPECIFICATIONS

RF input

- Code Domain Power (FORWARD Link)

Characteristics	Specification
Measurement frequency range	30 MHz to 3.0 GHz
Input level range	-30dBm to +30 dBm (Total power at ATT:AUTO)
POWER i Carrier frequency Error	measure at 1280chip Measurement accuracy : $<\pm 0.1$ dB(at $\Delta\tau_i=0$, $\Delta\theta_i=0$) $<\pm$ (Reference frequency accuracy \times Carrier frequency + 10 Hz) (Carrier frequency is within a range of ± 4 kHz at Carrier Freq. Search 10 kHz.)
$\Delta\tau_i$ $\Delta\theta_i$	Measurement accuracy : $<\pm 10$ nsec Measurement accuracy : $<\pm 10$ mrad

Note: The measurement signal is specified by IS-97 "Base Station Test Model".

- Code Domain Power (if REVERSE(RC3&4) is set)

Characteristics	Specification
Measurement frequency range	30 MHz to 3.0 GHz
Input level range	-30dBm to +30 dBm (Total power at ATT:AUTO)
Precise Mode POWER i Code Domain Power Carrier frequency Error	measure at 1536chip Measurement accuracy : $<\pm 0.1$ dB (at $\Delta\tau_i=0$, $\Delta\theta_i=0$) $<\pm$ (Reference frequency accuracy \times Carrier frequency + 10 Hz) (Carrier frequency is within a range of ± 4 kHz at Expand mode.)

Note: The measurement signal is the mobile station signal No.2 listed in Table 6-1.

APPENDIX

A.1 Messages

In this section, the messages that are displayed while the analyzer is being used are described.

Code	Messages	Remarks
700	System Error. Cannot allocate the required memory.	Fatal Error occurred. Data area for the calculation is insufficient on the memory. Contact a sales representative.
701	System Error. Clock is not operational.	Fatal Error occurred. System clock is not in operation. Contact a sales representative.
702	Modulation Gain CAL error. Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
703	Modulation DC CAL error. Remove input signals and try again.	-
704	Time Out! No Trigger Detected.	Time out error on the trigger signal occurred. Check the trigger settings.
705	Input Level is out of Range. Check the Ref. level.	-
706	No graph data. Execute measurement.	-
707	Input level is too low. Adjust the Ref. level.	-
708	System Error. Contact qualified engineer.	-
710	Auto Level completed !	-
711	Auto Level Set can not be succeed. Signal level is not stable.	-
712	Cannot execute measurement. Because ρ is too low.	-
715	Frequency Error is out of Meas. Range.	-
719	Burst signal is not detected. Check Burst length or Ref. level.	-

A.1 Messages

Code	Messages	Remarks
721	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#100) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
722	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#200) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
723	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#300) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
724	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#110) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
725	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#120) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
726	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#210) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
727	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#220) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
728	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#310) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
729	Modulation Gain CAL error!(#320) Check 30 MHz CAL signal for connection.	-
750	Handshake error occurred to DSP. Contact qualified engineer.	-
751	Cannot Detect Mod. DSP board. Contact qualified engineer.	-

A.1 Messages

Code	Messages	Remarks
780	Cannot execute measurement. Check the QOF and Data Rate of the Channel Def. Table.	Cannot execute the measurement because multiple channels with different QOFs and high-speed data rates exist. Check the settings and adjust accordingly.
781	Incorrect Channel Def. Table settings. Check the Channel Def. Table.	The combination of the Channel Def. Table settings used is not suitable for the measurement. Check the parameters displayed in red on the Channel Def. Table display and adjust accordingly.
782	Cannot synchronize to PICH. Adjust Threshold.	Cannot be synchronized with the pilot channel signal. Change the threshold setting.
783	Cannot synchronize to PICH. Adjust PN Delay.	Cannot be synchronized with the pilot channel signal. Change the PN delay setting.

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[X]

X Scale	3-17, 3-20, 3-56, 3-65
Y Scale [dB/div] 10/5/2	3-7, 3-8, 3-10, 3-27, 3-29, 3-35

[Y]

Y Scale Upper	3-17, 3-56
Y/div	3-17, 3-20, 3-56, 3-64, 3-66
Y/div(Ch.Graph)	3-20, 3-65

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PLEASE READ CAREFULLY: This is an important notice for the software defined herein. Computer programs including any additions, modifications and updates thereof, operation manuals, and related materials provided by Advantest (hereafter referred to as "SOFTWARE"), included in or used with hardware produced by Advantest (hereafter referred to as "PRODUCTS").

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In order to maintain safe and trouble-free operation of the Product and to prevent the incurrence of unnecessary costs and expenses, Advantest recommends a regular preventive maintenance program under its maintenance agreement.

Advantest's maintenance agreement provides the Purchaser on-site and off-site maintenance, parts, maintenance machinery, regular inspections, and telephone support and will last a maximum of ten years from the date the delivery of the Product. For specific details of the services provided under the maintenance agreement, please contact the nearest Advantest office listed at the end of this Operation Manual or Advantest's sales representatives.

Some of the components and parts of this Product have a limited operating life (such as, electrical and mechanical parts, fan motors, unit power supply, etc.). Accordingly, these components and parts will have to be replaced on a periodic basis. If the operating life of a component or part has expired and such component or part has not been replaced, there is a possibility that the Product will not perform properly. Additionally, if the operating life of a component or part has expired and continued use of such component or part damages the Product, the Product may not be repairable. Please contact the nearest Advantest office listed at the end of this Operation Manual or Advantest's sales representatives to determine the operating life of a specific component or part, as the operating life may vary depending on various factors such as operating condition and usage environment.

SALES & SUPPORT OFFICES

Advantest Korea Co., Ltd.

22BF, Kyobo KangNam Tower,
1303-22, Seocho-Dong, Seocho-Ku, Seoul #137-070, Korea
Phone: +82-2-532-7071
Fax: +82-2-532-7132

Advantest (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Shanghai Branch Office:
Bldg. 6D, NO.1188 Gumei Road, Shanghai, China 201102 P.R.C.
Phone: +86-21-6485-2725
Fax: +86-21-6485-2726

Shanghai Branch Office:

406/F, Ying Building, Quantum Plaza, No. 23 Zhi Chun Road,
Hai Dian District, Beijing,
China 100083
Phone: +86-10-8235-3377
Fax: +86-10-8235-6717

Advantest (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.

438A Alexandra Road, #08-03/06
Alexandra Technopark Singapore 119967
Phone: +65-6274-3100
Fax: +65-6274-4055

Advantest America, Inc.

3201 Scott Boulevard, Suite, Santa Clara, CA 95054, U.S.A
Phone: +1-408-988-7700
Fax: +1-408-987-0691

ROHDE & SCHWARZ Europe GmbH

Mühldorfstraße 15 D-81671 München, Germany
(P.O.B. 80 14 60 D-81614 München, Germany)
Phone: +49-89-4129-13711
Fax: +49-89-4129-13723

ADVANTEST®

<http://www.advantest.co.jp>

ADVANTEST CORPORATION

Shin-Marunouchi Center Building, 1-6-2 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0005, Japan
Phone: +81-3-3214-7500